EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

No. 4.

Hong Kong.

ORDINANCE No. 38 of 1932. (PRISONS).

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Prisons Ordinance, 1932, the Governor in Council rescinds rule 335 of the Prison Rules, which rule is set forth on page 246 of the Regulations of Hong Kong, 1844-1925, and substitutes the following rule therefor:—

335. The name of every prisoner, irrespective of his age, sentenced to imprisonment for a term exceeding six years, shall be submitted for the consideration of the Governor after he has served four, seven, ten and twelve years, and thereafter at the completion of further periods of two years.

The Medical Officer shall report in each case the condition of the prisoner, mental and physical, and whether imprisonment appears to have had, or in his opinion may be likely to have, an injurious effect on the prisoner's condition. The Superintendent will furnish a report on the prisoner's conduct and industry in prison and on any matter which may come to his notice which might affect the consideration of the case.

D. W. TRATMAN,

Clerk of Councils

Council. Chamber, 3rd January, 1933.

No. 5.

Hong Kong.

ORDINANCE No. 38 of 1932. (PRISONS).

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Prisons Ordinance, 1932, the Governor in Council further amends the Prison Rules set forth on pages 181 to 246 of the Regulations of Hong Kong, 1844-1925, as follows:—

AMENDMENTS.

- 1. Rule 10 is rescinded.
- 2. Rule 118 is rescinded and the following rule is substituted therefor,—
- 118.—(1) European subordinate officers may be granted leave on alternate Saturday afternoons and Sundays, also on Good Friday and Christmas Day or on days in lieu, also on Government Holidays as convenient, and in accordance with the General Orders of the Hong Kong Government at such other times as they can be spared.

- (2) Indian subordinate officers may be granted leave on alternate Saturday afternoons and Sundays, also on Good Friday and Christmas Day or days in lieu, also on Government Holidays as convenient, and on other special occasions as the Superintendent may approve.
- 3. Rule 119, amended as appears in Government Notification No. 497 of 1931, is rescinded and the following rule is substituted therefor,—
- 119.—(1) In all cases when a subordinate officer is absent from duty on account of any injury or sickness received as a result of the performance of his duty, he shall be entitled to free medical treatment in hospital and no stoppages of any kind shall be made from his pay or allowances other than those granted to compensate for expenses incurred while on duty, so long as he is certified by a Government Medical Officer to be unfit for duty on account of the injury or sickness so received or incurred.
- (2) When the sickness of a subordinate officer is caused by intemperance, or is certified by the Prison Medical Officer to be due to venereal disease which has become aggravated by concealment, or to sickness or injury which is purposely self inflicted, or is the result of negligence or disobedience of orders, he shall be provided with medical attendance, medical comforts, diet and accommodation in hospital, free, but his pay shall be stopped for so long as he is absent from duty.
- (3) When any subordinate officer received into hospital for observation is subsequently certified to be malingering, he will receive no pay for the period during which he is under observation, and all hospital expenses and charges incidental to such observation shall be paid by such officer.
- (4) In cases of sickness other than as stated in paragraph (2) of this rule, all subordinate officers may receive sick leave in accordance with the General Orders of the Hong Kong Government.
- (5) All subordinate officers shall go into hospital when ordered to do so by the Prison Medical Officer, and remain in hospital so long as the Medical Officer in charge of the Hospital shall direct, and they shall obey the hospital regulations
- (6) All subordinate officers may obtain free medical attendance for themselves, their wives and children in their homes when the Superintendent is satisfied that they are unable to go to hospital for medical advice and treatment.
- (7) All subordinate officers and their wives, and their children under eighteen years of age, while patients in a Government Hospital are entitled to free treatment but, except as provided for in paragraph (2) of this rule, will be charged maintenance in accordance with the scale laid down in the General Orders of the Hong Kong Government in force at the time.

D. W. TRATMAN, Clerk of Councils.

Council Chamber, 4th January, 1933.