PROCLAMATIONS.

No. 28.

[L.S.] Francis Henry May, Governor.

By His Excellency Sir Francis Henry May Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same:

Whereas by the second section of the Military Stores (Exportation) Ordinance 1862 as amended by the Military Stores (Exportation) Ordinance 1914 it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor by and with the advice of the Executive Council by proclamation to prohibit for such period as may be therein mentioned to be exported from the Colony of Hongkong arms ammunition and gunpowder military and naval stores and any articles which the Governor may judge capable of being converted into or made useful in increasing the quantity of military or naval stores provisions or any sort of victual which may be used as food by man or any or either of such arms ammunition gunpowder stores goods or articles respectively:

And whereas by the third section of the Military Stores (Exportation) Ordinance 1862 as enacted by the Military Stores (Exportation) Ordinance 1914 it is provided that it shall be lawful for the Governor by and with the advice of the Executive Council by proclamation to prohibit for such period as may be therein mentioned the exportation of all or any of the following articles namely arms ammunition military and naval stores and any articles which the Governor shall judge capable of being converted into or made useful in increasing the quantity of arms ammunition or military or naval stores to any country or place therein named whenever the Governor by and with the advice aforesaid shall judge such prohibition to be expedient in order to prevent such arms ammunition or military or naval stores being used against His Majesty's subjects or forces or against any forces engaged or which may be engaged in military or naval operations in co-operation with His Majesty's forces:

And whereas by the fourth section of the Military Stores (Exportation) Ordinance 1862 as renumbered by the Military Stores (Exportation) Ordinance 1914 it is enacted that the Governor may whilst any such proclamation is in force permit to be exported or to be water-borne to be so exported any particular articles or class of articles the export of which is prohibited by such proclamation to such persons and on such terms and subject to such conditions and regulations if any as to the Governor may seem fit and may at any time revoke or vary the terms of any such permission:

And whereas by sub-clause (9) of clause III of the order of Her late Majesty Queen Victoria-in-Council made on the 26th day of October 1896 as amended by the order of His Majesty-in-Council made on the 28th day of August 1914 it is enacted that the Governor may prohibit the export from the Colony of any article:

And whereas certain proclamations dated respectively the 1st April 21st April 14th May 4th June 11th June 23rd July and 20th August 1915 prohibiting the exportation of certain articles therein referred to from the Colony to all destinations have been issued in pursuance of the aforesaid powers or some of them:

And whereas it is expedient that the said proclamations should be consolidated with amendments and additions and that the said proclamations should be revoked:

And whereas the articles other than arms ammunition or military or naval stores hereinafter enumerated are articles which I with the advice aforesaid judge capable of being converted into or made useful in increasing the quantity of arms ammunition or military or naval stores:

And whereas in order to prevent such arms ammunition or military or naval stores being used against His Majesty's subjects or forces or against any forces engaged or which may be engaged in military or naval operations in co-operation with His Majesty's forces I with the advice aforesaid have deemed it expedient to prohibit the exportation of the articles hereinafter enumerated:

Now therefore I Sir Francis Henry May Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same by and with the advice of the Executive Council of this Colony do by this Proclamation declare and it is hereby declared that the above-mentioned proclamations be and the same are hereby revoked:

And I do further by and with the advice aforesaid and in virtue and in exercise of the powers aforesaid by this proclamation declare and it is hereby declared as follows:—

(A.) That the exportation of the following goods be prohibited to all destinations for a period of one year from the date hereof:—

Chinese copper coins.

(B.) That the exportation of the following goods be prohibited to all destinations other than the United Kingdom and British Possessions and Protectorates, for a period of one year from the date hereof:—

Accoutrements, namely, web equipment, leather belts, leather bandoliers, leather pouches, other leather articles of personal equipment suitable for military

purposes;

Aircraft of all kinds, including aeroplanes, airships, and balloons, and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft, including:—non-inflammable "celluloid" sheet (or similar transparent material non-soluble in lubricating oil, petrol or water); aeroplane dope; high tensile steel tubes; aeroplane instruments (aneroids, barographs, revolution indicators); aeroplane turnbuckles; steel stampings; aeroplane engines and parts;

Alunite;

Animals, pack, saddle and draught, suitable for use in war;

Blankets, coloured, exceeding 3½ lbs. in weight, containing wool;

Bone ash;

Boots, heavy, for men;

Camp equipment, articles of, including tents and their component parts, wooden huts, ovens, camp kettles, buckets, lanterns, and horse rugs;

Cannon and other ordnance and machine guns, and parts thereof;

Capsicum and oleo-resin of capsicum;

Carbons, suitable for searchlights;

Carriages and mountings for cannon and other ordnance, and for machine guns and parts thereof;

Cartridges, charges of all kinds, and their component parts;

Carts, two-wheeled, capable of carrying 15 cwt. or over, and their component parts;

Celluloid;

Chemicals, drugs, dyes and dye stuffs, medicinal and pharmaceutical preparations, and tanning extracts, namely:—

Aceto-celluloses;

Acetone;

Acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin);

Alcohol, methylic;

Ammonium nitrate, perchlorate and sulphocyanide;

·Amyl acetate;

Anthracene oil and green oil;

Antipyrine (phenazone);

Anti-tetanus serum;

Belladonna, its alkaloids and preparations, including belladonna plaster;

Benzol;

Caffeine and its salts;

Calcium acetate and all other metallic acetates;

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Cantharides and its preparations;
           Carbolic acid;
            Carbon disulphide;
            Chloral and its preparations, including chloramid;
            Chlorates, perchlorates, and nitrates, all metallic;
            Coal tar distillation products, being the fractions of the distillation
                products of coal tar between benzol and cresol;
           Coal tar products for use in dye manufacture, including aniline oil
                and aniline salt;
            Collodion;
            Cresol, and all preparations of cresol (including cresylic acid) and
                nitrocresol (except saponified cresol);
           Cvanamide:
            Diethylbarbituric acid (veronal) and veronal sodium:
            Dimethylaniline ;
            Dyes and dyestuffs manufactured from coal tar products;
            Emetin and its salts;
            Ergot of rye, not including liquid extract or other medicinal pre-
                parations of ergot;
            Eucaine hydrochlor;
            Fusel oil (amyl alcohol);
           Gentian and its preparations;
           Glycerine, crude and refined;
           Henbane and its preparations;
           Hydroquinone;
           Indigo, natural;
           Ipecacuanha root;
           Manganese, peroxide of;
           Methylaniline;
            Neo-salvarsan ;
            Nitrie acid;
            {
m Nitrotoluol} ;
           Novocain;
           Opium and its preparations and alkaloids;
           Paraffin, liquid medicinal;
            Paraformaldehyde and trioxymethylene;
            Paraldehyde;
            "Peptone Witte";
            Phenacetin;
            Picric acid and its components;
            Potash, caustic;
           Potassium cyanide;
           Potassium permanganate;
           Protargol, not including silver proteinate;
           Pyridine;
           Saccharin (including "saxin");
           Salicylic acid, methyl salicylate, sodium salicylate, and theobromine-
                sodium salicylate;
           Salol;
           Salvarsan;
           Santonin and its preparations;
           Sulphonal;
           Sulphur, and spent oxide of sulphur;
           Sulphur dioxide, liquefied;
           Sulphuric acid;
            Thorium, oxide and salts of;
           Thymol and its preparations;
           Toluol and mixtures containing toluol;
           Trephenyl phosphate;
           Trional;
            Valonia;
Chemicals, drugs, medicinal and pharmaceutical preparations, namely:—
           Acetanilide:
           Aconite and its preparations and alkaloids;
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Ammonia and its salts, whether simple or compound, other than
                ammonium nitrate, perchlorate and sulphocyanide;
            Ammonia, liquefied;
            Ammonia liquor;
            Antimony, sulphides and oxides of;
            Benzoic acid (synthetic) and benzoates;
            Bromine and alkaline bromides;
            Calcium carbide;
            Carbon tetrachloride;
            Chloride of tin;
           Chlorine (including liquefied chlorine);
            Coca and its preparations and alkaloids;
            Copper iodide;
           Copper, suboxide of;
           Copper sulphate;
           Cresol (saponified);
            Formic aldehyde;
           Hexamethylene tetramin (urotropin) and its preparations:
           Hydrobromic acid;
           Hydrochlorie acid;
           Magnesium chloride and sulphate;
           Mercury, salts and preparations of (other than nitrate of mercury);
           Oxalic acid;
           Oxides and salts (other than chlorates, perchlorates, and nitrates) of
                the following metals:
                       Aluminum ;
                       Cobalt;
                       Nickel;
                       Tungsten;
           Phosphorus and its compounds;
           Potash salts (except potassium chlorate, cyanide, nitrate (saltpetre),
                perchlorate, and permanganate);
           Prussiate of soda;
           Sodium hyposulphite (thiosulphate);
           Tartaric acid, cream of tartar, and alkaline tartrates;
           Urea and its compounds;
           Zinc chloride and sulphate;
Coal (including anthracite and steam, gas, household and all other kinds of
      coal) and coke;
Coal sacks;
Coal tar, crude;
Compasses, other than ships' compasses;
Cotton fabric, suitable for aircraft;
Cotton waste of all descriptions;
Deer skins, dressed and undressed;
Diamonds, rough, suitable for industrial purposes;
Draw plates, jewelled, for drawing steel wire, and diamonds prepared for use
       therein;
Electros for printing purposes, composed of lead, antimony, and copper;
Explosives of all kinds;
Ferro alloys, including:
           Ferro-chrome;
           Ferro-manganese;
           Ferro-molybdenum;
           Ferro-nickel;
           Ferro-titanium;
           Ferro-tungsten;
           Ferro-vanadium;
           Spiegeleisen;
Ferro-silicon;
Field glasses and telescopes;
Firearms, rifled, of all kinds, and their component parts;
Flax fabric, suitable for aircraft;
Flax, raw;
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Forges, portable;

Glass for optical instruments;

Goat skins, dressed and undressed;

Gold beaters' skin;

Graphite, including foundry (moulding) plumbago and plumbago for lubricating;

Grindery, the following articles of, used in the making of boots and shoes:-

Brass rivets, for use by hand or machine; Cutlan studs, for use by hand or machine;

Heel attaching pins, for use by hand or machine;

Heel tip nails;

Heel tips;

Hobnails of all descriptions;

Lasting tacks or rivets, including iron shoe rivets, for use by hand or machine;

Protector studs; Screwing wire;

Steel bills, for use by hand or machine;

Guanos;

Harness and saddlery which can be used for military purposes, including metal fittings for such harness or saddlery;

Heliographs;

Hemp, other than Manila hemp;

Hemp, the following manufactures of: -

Cloth:

Cordage and twine, not including cordage or twine of Manila hemp or reaper or binder twine;

Hides of cattle, buffaloes and horses, and calfskins;

Horse shoes

Hosiery needles;

Iron pyrites;

Jute piece goods, and bags and sacks made of jute;

Jute, raw and carded;

Jute yarns;

Khaki woollen cloth;

Leather, undressed or dressed, suitable for saddlery, harness, military boots or military clothing;

Lubricants;

Magnetos;

Maps and plans of any place within the territory of any belligerent, or within the area of military operations, on a scale of four miles to one inch or on any larger scale, and reproductions on any scale by photography or otherwise of such maps or plans;

Metals and ores, namely:—

Aluminium, manufactures of aluminium, and alloys of aluminium; Antimony and alloys of antimony, including anti-friction metal; Bauxite;

Chrome ore;

Cobalt;

Copper unwrought and part wrought, all kinds, including alloys of copper (such as brass, gun metal, naval brass and delta metal, phosphor copper, phosphor bronze, and solder containing copper), copper and brass circles, slabs, bars, ingots, scrap, rods, and plates, and also wrought copper of the following descriptions:—Copper and brass pipes, sheets, solid drawn tubes, condenser plates, copper wire, brass wire, bronze wire, perforated brass sheets, perforated brass linings, and copper foil;

Lead, pig, sheet or pipe (including solder containing lead);

Lead ore;

Manganese and manganese ore;

Mercury;

Molybdenum and molybdenite;

Nickel and nickel ore;

Scheelite;

Selenium; Steel containing tungsten or molybdenum or both, and any tools or other articles made from such steel; Tin and tin ore; Tungsten; Vanadium; Wolframite; Wulfenite; Zinc ore; Mica (including mica splittings) and micanite; Mineral jellies; Mines and parts thereof; Oil, blast furnace (except creosote and creosote oil); Oil fuel, shale; Oils and fats, all animal and vegetable, including fatty acids, but not including essential oils; Oil, whale (train, blubber, sperm), seal oil, shark oil, fish oil generally, and mixtures or compounds of any of the foregoing; Paraffin wax, wax candles, and waxed paper; Petroleum, fuel oil (including turpentine substitute and paraffin oil); Petroleum, gas oil; Petroleum spirit and motor spirit (including Shell spirit); Phosphate rock, viz.:-Apatites ; Phosphates of lime and alumina; Phosphates of metals, manufactured; Phosphides: Phosphoric acids and oxides; Phosphorus; Pigskins, dressed or undressed; Projectiles of all kinds and their component parts; Range finders and parts thereof; Rope (steel wire) and hawsers; Rubber (including raw, waste and reclaimed rubber, solutions containing rubber, jellies containing rubber, or any other preparations containing rubber, and also including balata, gutta-percha, and the following varieties of rubber, viz.: Borneo, Guayule, Jelutong, Palembang, Pontianae, and all other substances containing caoutchouc) and goods made wholly or partly of rubber; including tyres for motor vehicles and for cycles, together with articles or materials especially adapted for use in the manufacture or repair of tyres; Search-lights; Sheepgut; Sheepskins, tanned; Sheepskins, whether woolled or not; Signalling lamps of all kinds capable of being used for signalling Morse or other code, and component parts of such lamps; Silk cloth, silk braid, silk thread, suitable for cartridges; Silk noils; Silk, Shantung, in the piece; Spirits, methylated; Spirits of a strength of not less than 43 degrees above proof; Submarine sound signalling apparatus; Surgical bandages and dressings (including buttercloth); Swords, bayonets and other arms (not being firearms) and parts thereof; Tanning substances of all kinds (including extracts for use in tanning); Tarpaulins and waggon covers; Telephone sets and parts thereof, field service telegraph and telephone cable; Torpedo nets;

Torpedo tubes;
Torpedoes and parts thereof;
Tungsten filaments for electric lamps;
Turpentine (oil and spirit);
Uniform clothing and military equipment;

Vessels, boats and craft of all kinds; floating docks and their component parts; Waggons, four-wheeled, capable of carrying one ton and over and their component parts;

Wax, mineral and vegetable, except Carnauba wax;

Wire, barbed, and galvanised wire, and implements for fixing and cutting the same (but not including galvanised wire netting);

Wire, steel, of all kinds;

Wood, namely:

Ash:

Ash three-ply wood:

Spruce;

Walnut wood;

Wood tar, and wood tar oil;

Wool, raw (sheep's and lambs');

Wool noils;

Wool tops;

Wool waste;

Woollen and worsted cloth suitable for uniform clothing, not including women's dress stuffs or cloth with pattern;

Woollen and worsted yarns;

Woollen jerseys, cardigan jackets, woollen gloves, woollen socks, and men's woollen underwear of all kinds.

Woollen rags, applicable to other uses than manure, pulled or not;

Zinc (including zinc ashes, zinc rods, zinc sheets, spelter, and spelter dross).

(C.) That the exportation of the following goods be prohibited to all foreign ports in Europe and on the Mediterranean and Black Seas, other than those of France, Russia (except through Baltic ports), Italy, Spain and Portugal, for a period of one year from the date hereof:—

Anchors and chain cables;

Armour plates, armour quality castings, and similar protective material;

Asbestos

Bags and sacks of all kinds (except bags and sacks made of jute and paper bags);

Bicycles, and their component parts;

Binder twine;

Bladders, casings, and sausage skins;

Camphor;

Carnauba wax;

Charcoal and peat;

Chemicals, drugs, &c.:—

Arsenic and its compounds;

Bichromate of soda;

Bismuth and its salts (except bismuth nitrate);

Todine and its preparations and compounds;

Nux Vomica and its alkaloids and preparations;

Tin, compounds of, other than chloride of tin and tin ore;

('hronometers and all kinds of nautical instruments;

Compasses for ships, and parts thereof, including fittings such as binnacles;

Cotton, raw;

Cotton yarn and thread;

Firearms, unrifled, for sporting purposes;

Flaxen canvas, namely:

Hammock canvas;

Kitbag canvas;

Merchant Navy canvas;

Royal Navy canvas;

Tent canvas;

Forage and food which may be used for animals, namely:-

Beans, including haricot beans, Burma and Rangoon beans;

Brewers' and distillers' grains;

Brewers' dried yeast;

Buckwheat;

Cakes and meals, the following, namely:—

Biscuit meal; Calf meal; Coconut and poonac cake; Compound cakes and meal; Cottonseed cake, decorticated and undecorticated, and cottonseed meal; Fish meal and concentrated fish; Gluten meal or gluten feed; Ground nut or earth nut cake and meal; Hempseed cake and meal; Husk meal; Linseed cake and meal; Locust bean meal; Maize germ meal; Maize meal and flour; Meat meal; Palmnut cake and meal; Poppyseed cake and meal; Rapeseed or colzaseed cake and meal; Sesame seed cake and meal; Soya bean cake and meal; Sunflower seed cake and meal; Chick peas, pigeon peas, gram or dhol; Green forage; Hay; Lentils; Lupin seeds: Maize; Malt dust, malt flour, culms, sprouts or combings; Molasses for cattle feeding; Offals of corn and grain, including: Bran and pollard; Mill dust and screenings of all kinds; Rice meal (or bran) and dust; Sharps and middlings; Patent and proprietary cattle foods of all kinds; Straw; Grindstones, carborundum wheels, and emery wheels; Gums, resins, balsams, and resinous substances of all kinds, except such as contain caoutchouc; Hair, animal, of all kinds; and tops, noils and yarns of animal hair; Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war, for the manufacture or repair of arms or of war material for use on land or sea, namely, plant for cordite and ammunition factories, viz.: Cordite presses; Dies for cartridge cases; Gauges for shells or cartridges; Incorporators; Lapping machines; Rifling machines; Wire-winding machines; Intrenching tools and intrenching implements, namely, pick-axes and grubbers, whether of combination pattern or otherwise; spades and shovels of all descriptions; helves and handles for pick-axes, grubbers, spades and shovels; and machinery for trenching and ditching; Lacs of all kinds, including shellac, gum lac, seed lac, stick lac, and other forms of lac, but not including lac dye; Lignum vitæ; Linen close canvas;

Linen duck cloth;

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Machinery, metal working;
Mahogany:
Meat, namely, beef and mutton, fresh or refrigerated;
Mess tins, and water bottles for military use;
Metals and ores, namely:
            Copper ore;
            Iron, haematite pig;
            Iron ore;
Monazite sand;
Motor vehicles of all kinds, including motor bicycles and their component parts
       and accessories;
Oats;
Oleaginous nuts, seeds and products, namely:--
            Castor beans; .
            Coconuts;
            Copra;
            Cotton seed;
            Ground nuts, earth nuts, or pea nuts (Arachides);
            Hempseed;
            Linseed;
            Palm nuts and palm kernels;
            Poppy seeds;
            Rape or colza seed;
            Sesame seed;
            Soya beans;
            Sunflower seed:
Packings, engine and boiler (including slagwool);
Provisions and victuals which may be used as food for man, namely:
            Animals, living, for food;
            Bacon, ham and pork;
            Barley, barley meal, and pearled and pot barley;
            Butter:
            Cassava powder and tapioca;
            Cheese;
            Cocoa powder;
            Cocoa, raw, of all kinds and all preparations of cocoa, including
                cocoa husks, cocoa shells and chocolates;
            Eggs in shells;
            Herrings, cured or salted, in barrels or cases, including dry salted
                herrings and herrings in brine;
            Lard and imitation lard;
            Malt;
            Mandioca or tapioca flour;
            Margarine;
           Milk, condensed, sweetened or not;
            Oatmeal and rolled oats;
            Onions;
            Peas, except tinned and bottled peas and peas packed in cardboard
                boxes and similar receptacles;
            Potatoes;
           Rice and rice flour;
           Rye, rye flour and meal;
           Sago and sago meal and flour;
           Soups, compressed and dessicated;
           Sugar, refined and candy;
           Sugar, unrefined;
           Tinned and potted meats and extract of meat;
            Vegetables, fresh, except peas;
Railway material, both fixed and rolling stock;
Rattans:
Seeds, clover and grass;
Shipbuilding materials, namely: —
           Boiler tubes;
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Condenser tubes;

Iron and steel casting and forgings for hulls and machinery of ships; Iron and steel plates and sectional materials for shipbuilding; Marine engines, and parts thereof; Ships' auxiliary machinery;

Sounding machines and gear;

Telegraphs, wireless telegraphs and telephones, material for;

Terneplates;

Tin plates, including tin boxes and tin canisters for food packing.

Wheat, wheat flour and wheat meal;

(D.) That the exportation of the following goods be prohibited to Spain, for a period of one year from the date hereof:—

All oleaginous nuts, seeds, kernels and products;

All vegetable oils.

(E.) That the exportation of all goods from this Colony to Bulgaria be prohibited for a period of one year from the date hereof.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Victoria Hongkong this 17th day of September 1915.

By Command,

CLAUD SEVERN, Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

No. 419.—His Majesty the King has not been advised to exercise his power of disallowance with respect to the following Ordinance:—

Ordinance No. 15 of 1915.—An Ordinance to amend the Dentistry Ordinance, 1914.

A. G. M. Fletcher, Clerk of Councils.

Council Chamber, 17th September, 1915.

APPOINTMENTS, &c.

No. 420.—His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint Mr. W. Logan to be a Member of the Recreation Grounds Committee, as representative of the Victoria Recreation Club, *vice* Mr. A. Rodger.

14th September, 1915.

No. 421.—His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint, under the provisions of section 2 of Ordinance No. 7 of 1875, Mr. Geoffrey Robley Sayer to be a Deputy Registrar of Marriages.

15th September, 1915.