

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S DEPARTMENT.

No. 442.—It is hereby notified that by an Order-in-Council bearing date the 29th day of October, 1914, His Majesty the King has been pleased to command that the Order-in-Council bearing date the 20th day of August, 1914, adopting the provisions of the Declaration of London with certain modifications shall be repealed and that the Declaration of London shall be followed throughout the British Empire during the continuance of hostilities with Germany and Austria-Hungary, subject to the following modifications:—

Firstly.—That the lists of absolute and conditional contraband contained in Articles 22 and 24 of the said Declaration and the lists substituted therefor contained in Notification No. 358 published in a *Gazette Extraordinary* on the 16th September, 1914, be substituted by the following:—

Schedule I.*Absolute Contraband.*

- (1.) Arms of all kinds including arms for sporting purposes and their distinctive component parts ;
- (2.) Projectiles charges and cartridges of all kinds and their distinctive component parts ;
- (3.) Powder and explosives specially prepared for use in war ;
- (4.) Sulphuric Acid ;
- (5.) Gun mountings limber boxes limbers military wagons field forges and their distinctive component parts ;
- (6.) Range finders and their distinctive component parts ;
- (7.) Clothing and equipment of a distinctively military character ;
- (8.) Saddle draught and pack animals suitable for use in war ;
- (9.) All kinds of harness of a distinctively military character ;
- (10.) Articles of camp equipment and their distinctive component parts ;
- (11.) Armour plates ;
- (12.) Hæmatite iron ore and hæmatite pig Iron ;
- (13.) Iron pyrites ;
- (14.) Nickel ore and nickel ;
- (15.) Ferrochrome and chrome ore ;
- (16.) Copper unwrought ;
- (17.) Lead, pig, sheet or pipe ;
- (18.) Aluminium ;
- (19.) Ferrosilica ;
- (20.) Barbed wire and implements for fixing and cutting the same ;
- (21.) Warships including boats and their distinctive component parts of such a nature that they can only be used on a vessel of war ;
- (22.) Aeroplanes airships balloons and aircraft of all kinds and their component parts together with accessories and articles recognisable as intended for use in connection with balloons and aircraft ;
- (23.) Motor vehicles of all kinds and their component parts ;
- (24.) Motor tyres rubber ;
- (25.) Mineral oils and motor spirit except lubricating oils ;
- (26.) Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war, for the manufacture of and repair of arms or war material for use on land and sea.

Schedule II.*Conditional Contraband.*

- (1.) Foodstuffs.
- (2.) Forage and feeding stuffs for animals.
- (3.) Clothing fabrics for clothing and boots and shoes suitable for use in war.

- (4.) Gold and silver in coin or bullion paper money.
- (5.) Vehicles of all kinds other than motor vehicles available for use in war and their component parts.
- (6.) Vessels craft and boats of all kinds floating docks parts of docks and their component parts.
- (7.) Railway materials both fixed and rolling stock and materials for telegraphs wireless telegraphs and telephones.
- (8.) Fuel other than mineral oils. Lubricants.
- (9.) Powder and explosives not specially prepared for use in war.
- (10.) Sulphur.
- (11.) Glycerine.
- (12.) Horseshoes and shoeing materials.
- (13.) Harness and saddlery.
- (14.) Hides of all kinds dry and wet pigskins raw or dressed leather undressed or dressed suitable for saddlery harness or military boots.
- (15.) Field glasses telescopes chronometers and all kinds of nautical instruments.

Secondly.—That a neutral vessel with papers indicating a neutral destination which notwithstanding the destination shewn on the papers proceeds to an enemy port shall be liable to capture and condemnation if encountered before the end of the next voyage.

Thirdly.—That the destination referred to in Article 33 of the said Declaration shall in addition to the presumptions laid down in Article 34 be presumed to exist if the goods are consigned to or for an agent of an enemy State.

Fourthly.—That notwithstanding the provisions of Article 35 of the said Declaration conditional contraband shall be liable to capture on board a vessel bound for a neutral port if the goods are consigned to order or if the ship's papers do not show who is the consignee or if they show the consignee is in territory belonging to or occupied by the enemy.

Fifthly.—That in cases covered by the preceding paragraphs it shall lie upon owners of the goods to prove their destination to be innocent. Where it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Secretary of State that the enemy Government is drawing supplies for armed forces from or through a neutral country he may direct that in respect of ships bound for a port in that country Article 35 of the said Declaration shall not apply. Such direction shall be notified in the *London Gazette* and operate until withdrawn. So long as such direction is in force a vessel carrying conditional contraband to a port in that country shall not be immune from capture.

CLAUD SEVERN,
Colonial Secretary.

11th November, 1914.