

On Council resuming, the Attorney General reported that the Bill had passed through Committee with a slight amendment and moved that it be read a third time.

The Colonial Secretary seconded.

Question—put and agreed to.

Bill read a third time and passed.

ELECTRICITY SUPPLY AMENDMENT BILL.—The Attorney General addressed the Council and moved the Second reading of the Bill entitled An Ordinance to amend the Electricity Supply Ordinance, 1911.

The Colonial Secretary seconded.

Question—put and agreed to.

Bill read a second time.

On the motion of the Attorney General it was agreed that the following sub-section, numbered (2), be inserted after sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Principal Ordinance, as introduced by section 2 of the Bill, and that sub-sections (2) and (3) be re-numbered (3) and (4) respectively :—

“(2.) The said regulations may be amended, varied, rescinded, revoked, suspended, or added to by the Governor-in-Council.”

On Council resuming, the Attorney General reported that the Bill had passed through Committee with amendments and moved that it be read a third time.

The Colonial Secretary seconded.

Question—put and agreed to.

Bill read a third time and passed.

DENTISTRY BILL.—The Bill entitled An Ordinance to provide for the registration of qualified Dental Surgeons and otherwise to regulate the practice of Dentistry, was not proceeded with.

ADJOURNMENT.—The Council then adjourned until Thursday, the 7th May, 1914.

F. H. MAY,
Governor.

Read and confirmed this 7th day of May, 1914.

M. J. BREEN,
Clerk of Councils.

NO. 177.—His Excellency the Governor has given his assent, in the name and on behalf of His Majesty the King, to the following Ordinances passed by the Legislative Council :—

Ordinance No. 9 of 1914.—An Ordinance to amend the Protection of Women and Girls Ordinance, 1897.

Ordinance No. 10 of 1914.—An Ordinance to amend the Magistrates Ordinance, 1890.

Ordinance No. 11 of 1914.—An Ordinance to amend the Flogging Ordinance, 1903.

Ordinance No. 12 of 1914.—An Ordinance to amend the Airships Ordinance, 1912.

Ordinance No. 13 of 1914.—An Ordinance to provide for the public lighting of the Colony and for the protection of the appliances used in connection therewith.

Ordinance No. 14 of 1914.—An Ordinance to amend the Stamp Ordinance, 1901.

HONGKONG.

No. 9 OF 1914.

An Ordinance to amend the Protection of
Women and Girls Ordinance, 1897.

I assent to this Ordinance.

F. H. MAY,
Governor.

[8th May, 1914.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hongkong, with the
advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as
follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Protection of
Women and Girls Ordinance, 1914, and shall be read and
construed as one with the Protection of Women and Girls
Ordinance, 1897, (hereinafter called the Principal Ordi-
nance), and this Ordinance and the said Ordinance may be
cited together as the Protection of Women and Girls Ordi-
nances, 1897-1914. Short title.

2. Section 4 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby
amended by the substitution of the figures "20" for the
figures "18" in the second line thereof. Amendment
of section 4
of Principal
Ordinance.

3. Section 17 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby
amended as follows:— Amendment
of section 17
of Principal
Ordinance.

(a.) by the deletion of the words "and has no
"visible means of subsistence" in the second and
third lines of sub-section (3) thereof and by the
substitution therefor of the words "or is proved
"to have exercised control, direction or in-
"fluence over the movements of a prostitute
"in such a manner as to shew that he is aid-
"ing, abetting, or compelling her prostitution
"with any other person or generally"; of. 2 & 3
George V
c. 20 s. 7 (1).

(b.) by the addition thereto of the following sub-
section (4):—

"(4.) Every female who is proved to have,
for the purposes of gain, exercised control,
direction or influence over the movements of a
prostitute in such a manner as to shew that she is
aiding, abetting or compelling her prostitution
with any person, or generally, shall be liable
to imprisonment for any term not exceeding 3
months." of. 2 & 3
George V
c. 20 s. 7 (4).

(c.) by the deletion of the word "proceeds" in the
second line of sub-section (1) thereof and by
the substitution therefor of the word "earnings".

4. Section 31 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby
repealed and the following section substituted therefor:— Repeal of
section 31 of
Principal
Ordinance
and substitu-
tion of new
section.

"31.—(1.) Whenever any person is convicted either
summarily or before the Supreme Court of any
offence against the provisions of section 4 or
section 7 it shall be lawful for the Magistrate
or Court to direct that in addition to the punish-
ment hereinbefore prescribed the offender if a
male be flogged. Flogging.

- (2.) Whenever any person is convicted of any offence against the provisions of sections 3, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 17, 18, 19 or 20, if it is proved that the offender has been previously convicted either summarily or before the Supreme Court of an offence against the provisions of the same or any other of the said sections it shall be lawful for the Magistrate or Court to direct that in addition to the punishment hereinbefore prescribed the offender if a male be flogged."

Passed the Legislative Council of Hongkong, this 7th day of May, 1914.

M. J. BREEN,
Clerk of Councils.

Assented to by His Excellency the Governor, the 8th day of May, 1914.

CLAUD SEVERN,
Colonial Secretary.

HONGKONG.

No. 10 OF 1914.

An Ordinance to amend the Magistrates Ordinance, 1890.

I assent to this Ordinance.

LS

F. H. MAY,
Governor.

[8th May, 1914.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hongkong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

Short title. 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Magistrates Amendment Ordinance, 1914, and shall be read and construed as one with the Magistrates Ordinance, 1890, (hereinafter called the Principal Ordinance), and the Ordinances amending the same and this Ordinance and the said Ordinances may be cited together as the Magistrates Ordinances, 1890–1914.

Amendment of section 85 of Principal Ordinance. 2. Section 85 of the Principal Ordinance as re-enacted by section 2 of the Magistrates Amendment Ordinance, 1913, is hereby amended by the deletion of paragraph (e) thereof and by the substitution therefor of the following new paragraph (e):—

No. 4 of 1897.

“(e.) Under the provisions of either section 4 or section 7 of the Protection of Women and Girls Ordinance, 1897.”

Passed the Legislative Council of Hongkong, this 7th day of May, 1914.

M. J. BREEN,
Clerk of Councils.

Assented to by His Excellency the Governor, the 8th day of May, 1914.

CLAUD SEVERN,
Colonial Secretary.

HONGKONG.

No. 11 OF 1914.

An Ordinance to amend the Flogging Ordinance,
1903.

I assent to this Ordinance.

F. H. MAY,
Governor.

[8th May, 1914.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hongkong, with the
advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as
follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Flogging Amend- Short title.
ment Ordinance, 1914, and shall be read and construed as
one with the Flogging Ordinance, 1903, (hereinafter called
the Principal Ordinance), and this Ordinance and the said
Ordinance may be cited together as the Flogging Ordi-
nances, 1903-1914.

2. Section 3 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby Amendment
amended as follows:— of section 3
of Principal
Ordinance.

(a.) by the insertion of a new sub-section (6) after
sub-section (5) as follows:—

“(6) of any crime made punishable under
section 4 of Ordinance No. 4 of 1897.”

(b.) by re-numbering sub-sections (6) and (7) as
sub-sections (7) and (8) respectively.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hongkong, this 7th
day of May, 1914.

M. J. BREEN,
Clerk of Councils.

Assented to by His Excellency the Governor the 8th
day of May, 1914.

CLAUD SEVERN,
Colonial Secretary.

HONGKONG.

No. 12 OF 1914.

An Ordinance to amend the Airships Ordinance,
1912.

I assent to this Ordinance.

F. H. MAY,
Governor.

[8th May, 1914.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hongkong, with the
advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as
follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Airships Short title.
(Amendment) Ordinance, 1914, and shall be read and
construed as one with the Airships Ordinance, 1912,
(hereinafter called the Principal Ordinance), and this Ordi-
nance and the said Ordinance may be cited together as the
Airships Ordinances, 1912 and 1914.

Definition. 2. In this Ordinance, "Aircraft" means and includes any airship, aeroplane, hydroplane or balloon whether navigable, dirigible or otherwise.

Power to Governor to prescribe landing places for aircraft coming into Colony from outside Colony. 3.—(1.) The Governor shall have power by order to prescribe such place or places in the Colony within which aircraft coming from any place or ship outside the Colony or the waters of the Colony are to land and any other conditions to be complied with by such aircraft, and if any person contravenes any of the provisions of any such order he shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding 2,000 dollars and to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, unless he proves that he was compelled to commit such contravention by reason of stress of weather or other circumstances over which he had no control.

Power to compel compliance when aircraft disobeys signal. (2.) If without the permission required by section 2 of the Principal Ordinance an aircraft flies or attempts to fly over or above any portion of the Colony or of the waters of the Colony or in the case of an aircraft coming from any place or ship outside the Colony or the waters of the Colony fails to comply with any of the conditions as to landing which may be prescribed by an order made under the last foregoing sub-section, it shall be lawful for any officer, designated for the purpose by regulations made by the Governor, to cause such signal as may be prescribed by those regulations to be given, and, if, after such signal has been given, the aircraft fails to respond to the signal by complying with such regulations as may be made by the Governor prescribing the action to be taken on such a signal being given, it shall be lawful for the officer to fire at or into such aircraft and to use any and every other means necessary to compel compliance, and every and any such officer and every other person acting in his aid and by his direction shall be and is hereby indemnified and discharged from any indictment, penalty, action, or other proceeding for so doing.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hongkong, this 7th day of May, 1914.

M. J. BREEN,
Clerk of Councils.

Assented to by His Excellency the Governor, the 8th day of May, 1914.

CLAUD SEVERN,
Colonial Secretary.

HONGKONG.

No. 13 OF 1914.

An Ordinance to provide for the public lighting of the Colony and for the protection of the appliances used in connection therewith.

I assent to this Ordinance.

(LS) F. H. MAY,
Governor.

[8th May, 1914.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hongkong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

Short title. 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Public Lighting Ordinance, 1914.

2. It shall be lawful for the Director of Public Works to cause a sufficient number of posts, standards and brackets for the lighting of the public or private streets, roads, ways and thoroughfares in the Colony to be provided, and to be set up, fixed or erected in all suitable situations for such lighting, and either in any of the said streets, roads, ways and thoroughfares or in any place adjacent thereto or upon or against the wall of any house or building or the side of any wall or fence, or elsewhere, as he may think proper; and it shall also be lawful for him to cause to be provided and put and affixed upon the said posts, standards and brackets such a number of lamps and of such sizes and sorts respectively as may be found requisite for the lighting of the said streets, roads, ways and thoroughfares respectively.

Director of Public Works to have power to erect lamp posts and affix lamps thereon.

3. The laws relating to the removing, taking, carrying away or stealing of fixtures and chattels respectively shall be interpreted to apply to the removing, taking, carrying away or stealing of any of the posts, standards, brackets or lamps provided under this Ordinance; and the property of and in all or any of such posts, standards, brackets or lamps shall be deemed to be vested in the Director of Public Works for all the purposes of any proceedings civil or criminal in relation thereto.

Property in lamp posts and lamps to be vested in Director of Public Works.

4. Any person who wilfully injures, displaces or damages any of the posts, standards or brackets provided under this Ordinance or who wilfully extinguishes, obscures or interferes in any way with the light of any lamp provided under this Ordinance shall on conviction thereof before a Magistrate be liable to a fine not exceeding 50 dollars in addition to the full amount of the damage and all incidental costs and expenses.

Penalty for damaging or interfering with lamp post or lamp or light of lamp provided under this Ordinance.

5. It shall be lawful for any person witnessing the commission of an offence against section 3 to seize the said offender and to deliver him to any constable or to a Magistrate; and no warrant shall be in any case necessary to justify the apprehension of any such offender.

Apprehension, without warrant, of offender against section 3.

6. When any danger or injury has been occasioned to any of the posts, standards, brackets or lamps provided under this Ordinance by any person otherwise than wilfully and such person has not made satisfaction for the same, it shall be the duty of a Magistrate, on complaint thereof made, to order and compel the said person to make full satisfaction for the amount of such damage or injury, together with all incidental costs and expenses.

Compensation to be paid for damage other than wilful.

7. All proceedings before a Magistrate under this Ordinance, except as provided by section 4, shall be had, and the payment of all pecuniary penalties, costs and damages shall be enforced according to the law governing the summary jurisdiction of Magistrates.

Procedure.

8. Nothing in this Ordinance contained shall be deemed to affect any liability imposed by section 186 of the Public Health and Buildings Ordinance, 1903, upon the owners of the land fronting, adjoining, or abutting on any street on land held under lease from the Crown on which buildings front, adjoin or abut.

Saving of section 186 of Ordinance No. 1 of 1903.

9. The Victoria (Lighting) Ordinance, 1856, is hereby repealed.

Repeal of Ordinance No. 3 of 1856.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hongkong, this 7th day of May, 1914.

M. J. BREEN,
Clerk of Councils.

Assented to by His Excellency the Governor, the 8th day of May, 1914.

CLAUD SEVERN,
Colonial Secretary.

HONGKONG.

No. 14 OF 1914.

An Ordinance to amend the Stamp Ordinance,
1901.

I assent to this Ordinance.

LS

F. H. MAY,
Governor.

[8th May, 1914.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hongkong, with the
advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as
follows :—

Short title. 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stamp Ordinance,
1914, and shall be read and construed as one with the
Stamp Ordinance, 1901, (hereinafter called the Principal
Ordinance) and this Ordinance and the said Ordinance
may be cited together as the Stamp Ordinances, 1901 and
1914.

Provisions as
to duty upon
receipts.
of. 54 & 55
Vict. c. 39
s. 101 (2). 2. The duty upon a receipt may be denoted by an
adhesive stamp, which shall be cancelled by the person by
whom the receipt is given before he delivers it out of his
hands.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hongkong, this 7th
day of May, 1914.M. J. BREEN,
*Clerk of Councils.*Assented to by His Excellency the Governor, the 8th
day of May, 1914.CLAUD SEVERN,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 178.—His Majesty the King has not been advised to exercise his power of dis-
allowance with respect to the following Ordinance :—

Ordinance No. 5 of 1914.—An Ordinance to provide for the regulation of the
burning of Human Remains and to enable
Crematoria to be established.

M. J. BREEN,
*Clerk of Councils.*COUNCIL CHAMBER,
5th May, 1914.