

APPOINTMENTS, &c.

No. 22.—His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint CHARLES WILLIAM MALBEYSE BECKWITH, Commander, R.N., to act as Harbour Master, Marine Magistrate, Emigration and Customs Officer, Registrar of Shipping, Superintendent of the Gunpowder Depôt and Collector of Light Dues, during the absence on leave of BASIL REGINALD HAMILTON TAYLOR, Commander, R.N., or until further notice, with effect from this date.

1st February, 1911.

No. 23.—His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint EDWARD JONES to act as Assistant Harbour Master and ARTHUR EDWARD DAVEY to act as First Boarding Officer, with effect from this date, until further notice.

1st February, 1911.

No. 24.—His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint, under Section 5 of the Liquor Licences Amendment Ordinance, 1909, (Ordinance No. 46 of 1909), the Honourable Mr. ARTHUR WINBOLT BREWIN to act as Chairman of the Licensing Board, until further notice, *vice* Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, K.C.M.G., resigned.

1st February, 1911.

No. 25.—His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint the Honourable Mr. ARTHUR WINBOLT BREWIN to be Chairman of the Board of Examiners, *vice* Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, K.C.M.G., resigned, and JOHN ROSKRUGE WOOD to be a Member of the Board.

1st February, 1911.

NOTICES.

No. 26.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

AT THE COURT AT ST. JAMES'S,

THE 2ND DAY OF AUGUST, 1910.

PRESENT,

THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.

LORD PRESIDENT.

LORD DENMAN.

LORD CHAMBERLAIN.

LORD ASHBY St. LEDGERS.

WHEREAS by treaty, grant, usage, sufferance, or other lawful means, His Majesty the King has jurisdiction within the dominions of the Emperor of China and of the Emperor of Corea:—

NOW, THEREFORE, His Majesty, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in this behalf by the Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890, or otherwise in His Majesty vested, is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

1. This Order may be cited as "The China and Corea (Amendment) Order in Council, 1910", and shall be read as one with the China and Corea Order in Council, 1904, hereinafter referred to as the "Principal Order", and the Principal Order, the China and Corea (Amendment) Order in Council, 1907, the China and Corea (Amendment) Order in Council, 1909, and this Order may be cited together as "The China and Corea Orders in Council, 1904 to 1910".

- 2.—(1) Where a British subject is sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than six months, the Court may, as part of the sentence order that he be deported.
- (2) Article 83, sub-articles 4 to 11, of the Principal Order and article 6 of the China and Corea (Amendment) Order in Council, 1907, shall apply to deportations under this article.
3. Where a person not belonging to Hongkong is sentenced to imprisonment and deportation under article 2, and is sent for imprisonment to Hongkong, the Governor of Hongkong shall, if lawfully empowered thereto, deport such person to the place to which he was ordered by the Court to be deported; and if not so empowered, the Governor shall cause such person to be sent back to Shanghai.
- 4.—(1) Where a warrant is issued by the Minister to the person for the time being in command of a police force in any foreign concession or settlement in China, as provided in article 3, sub-article 3, of the China and Corea (Amendment) Order in Council, 1909, the jurisdiction authorized by the said warrant shall be exercised in conformity with, and shall be subject to, such rules as the Judge of the Supreme Court, with the approval of the Secretary of State, may make, and pending the issue of such rules, such of the China and Corea Rules of Court, 1905, as the Judge may direct.
- (2) A monthly return of all summary punishments inflicted by the person holding such warrant shall be sent to the Judge of the Supreme Court.
- 5.—(1) A warrant issued by the Minister under article 3, sub-article 3, of the China and Corea (Amendment) Order in Council, 1909, to the person for the time being in command of a police force in any foreign concession or settlement in China may empower such person while in command of the force to inflict summary punishment upon members of the force by detention for a period not exceeding fifteen days in such place as may be provided as a detention barrack by the authority by whom the force is paid.
- (2) Any warrant or King's Regulation issued under article 3 of the China and Corea (Amendment) Order in Council, 1909, in force at the date of this Order, authorizing a sentence of imprisonment shall be deemed to authorize a sentence either of imprisonment or of detention.
- (3) For the purposes of this article, "detention" and "detention barrack" shall have the same meaning as in the Army Act.

And the Right Honourable Sir EDWARD GREY, Bart., one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions herein.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

NOTIFICATION.

The undersigned, His Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires, in virtue of the powers conferred upon him in that behalf, hereby appoints the First day of January, 1911, to be the day on which "The China and Corea (Amendment) Order-in-Council 1910" shall take effect.

Given under my hand and seal this Twenty-eighth day of October, 1910.

W. G. MAX MULLER.

H. B. M. Legation,
PEKING.