GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.—No. 359.

The following Hydrographic Notices are published for general information. By Command,

> FREDERICK STEWART, Acting Colonial Secretary

Colonial Secretary's Office, Hongkong, 11th September, 1886.

AVIS AU COMMERCE.

Le commandant Niel, du paquebot le Haiphong, a l'honneur de porter à la connaissance du commerce et de la marine que, dans son dernier voyage au Tonkin, il a constaté que le vafeur coulé au large du cap Ba-ké n'a plus aujourd'hui que le mât de misaine qui émerge de 4 à 5 mètres environ du niveau de la mer, le grand mât ayant dû être emporté il y a peu de jours.

Dans l'intérêt de la navigation, il a cru devoir déterminer d'une manière exacte la position de cette épave qui se trouve sur la route suivie par les navires allant ou venant de l'Est, et qui devient, par le fait de la disposition de sa mâture, unt danger réel pour la navigation.

Les relèvements suivants ont été pris à 50 mètres au plus de l'épave :

Morne Tai-ku, N. 39° E. vrais; Sommet Ba-ké, N. 32° O. idem; Morne Courni, N. 16° O. idem; Sommet S., N. 24° E. idem.

"Audacious" at Fusan, 6th August, 1886.

HYDROGRAPHICAL MEMO., No. 11.

The Government of Japan has given notice of the following:-

YOKKAICHI LIGHT.

From the 1st August 1886 a Light would be exhibited from a Light-House erected inside the Break-water at Yokkaichi, in Owari Bay. The Light will be Fixed White, 42 feet above the sea, and visible in clear weather 10 miles, between the bearings (true) of N. 32° 15′ E. and S. 3° 12′ W. as observed from the Light-House. The Light-House is a square wooden tower, painted white, 30 feet high. Approximate position:—Lat. 34° 57′ 48″ N. Long. 136° 39′ 48″ E. Charts affected hereby Nos. 2347, 996, 952, and China Sea Directory, Vol. iv. p. 291.

MOORING BUOY IN YEDO GULF.

A cylindrical red mooring Buoy has been placed in Yedo Gulf for the use of the Quarantine Vessel. It lies in 15

Kuwan on Saki Light-House,.....S. 36° 33′ E. 5° 37′ W.

R. VESEY HAMILTON Vice-Admiral, Commander-in-Chief.

To the Commodore and the respective Captains, Commanders, and Officers Commanding Her Majesty's Ships and Vessels employed on the China Station.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.—No. 360.

The following Notices under the Contagious Diseases Ordinance, 1867, are published for general information.

By Command,

FREDERICK STEWART, Acting Colonial Secretary,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Hongkong, 11th September, 1886.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES ORDINANCE, 1867.

It is hereby notified that the parts of the house hereinafter mentioned. that is to say, the First and Second Floors of No. 24, Second Street, of which Mr. TANG LUK is the Registered Landlord, were, on the 10th day of September, 1886, pursuant to Section 23 of the above Ordinance, declared by me under my Hand and Seal of Office to be Unlicensed Brothels.

J. H. STEWART LOCKHART, Acting Registrar General.

Registrar General's Office, Hongkong, 10th September, 1886.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES ORDINANCE, 1867.

It is hereby notified that the part of the house hereinafter mentioned, that is to say, the First Floor of No. 22, Second Street, of which Mr. Tang Luk is the Registered Landlord, was, on the 10th day of September, 1886, pursuant to Section 23 of the above Ordinance, declared by me under my Hand and Seal of Office to be an Unlicensed Brothel.



J. H. STEWART LOCKHART, Acting Registrar General.

Registrar General's Office, Hongkong, 10th September, 1886.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES ORDINANCE, 1867.

Floor of No. 32, Second Street, of which Mr. Tang Luk is the Registered Landlord, was, on the 10th day of September, 1886, pursuant to Section 23 of the above Ordinance, declared by me under my Hand and Seal of Office to be an Unlicensed Brothel.



J. H. STEWART LOCKHART, Acting Registrar General.

Registrar General's Office, Hongkong, 10th September, 1886.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.—No. 143.

The following Notice from the Director of the Observatory is re-published for general information.

By Command.

FREDERICK STEWART,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Hongkong, 24th April, 1886

NOTICE.

Meteorological Signals will be hoisted on the mast in front of the Police Barracks at Tsimshátsui:—

A red drum indicates the existence of a typhoon in the China Sea to the East of the Colony.

A red cone pointing upwards indicates, that a typhoon exists in a latitude more Northern than the Colony, or, that it is progressing towards North.

A red cone pointing downwards indicates, that a typhoon exists in a latitude more Southern than the Colony, or, that it is progressing towards South.

A red ball indicates the existence of a typhoon somewhere to the West of the Colony.

- 2. The shipping community is supposed to be guided not solely by these signals, but to consult The China Coast Meteorological Register issued daily from here.
- 3. The Meteorological signals do not imply that a typhoon is approaching the Colony. Local Storm-warnings are given by firing the gun placed at the foot of the mast. It will be fired one round, whenever a strong gale of wind is expected here. It will be fired two rounds, whenever the wind is expected to blow with storm or typhoon force, and it will be fired again, if possible, when the wind is likely to shift round suddenly,—such shifting being frequently accompanied by great disasters to the shipping.
- brack. In cases where special information is urgently required, enquiries at the Observatory should, if possible, be made between 1 p. and 4 p., as I am particularly engaged at other times.

W. Doberck, Government Astronomer.

Hongkong Observatory, 25th May. 1885.