#### HONGKONG.

### ANNO VICESIMO OCTAVO VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

No. of 1864.

By His Excellency SIR HERCULES GEORGE ROBERT ROBINSON, Knight, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, with the Advice of the Legislative Council of Hongkong.

Title.

An Ordinance for consolidating and amending the Laws relative to Jurors and Juries.

[ August, 1864.]

Preamble.

Whereas the Laws relative to the Summoning of Jurors and the formation of Juries are numerous and complicated, and it is expedient to consolidate and simplify the same and in some respects to amend the said Laws: Be it enacted by His Excellency the Governor of Hongkong with the advice of the Legislative Council thereof as follows:—

Ordinances repealed.

I. The several Ordinances and parts of Ordinances set forth in Schedule (A) to this Ordinance annexed, are hereby repealed to the extent to which the same are by such Schedule expressed to be repealed, except as to the now existing "Jurors' List," which shall continue in force until the first day of March now next ensuing, and except as to anything done or fine incurred before the coming into operation of this Ordinance.

All questions of fact whether of a Civil or Criminal nature upon which Issue except &c., to be decided by a Jury of shall be taken in the course of any Proceeding in the Supreme Court or before the Seven.

Sheriff, Commissioner or other Officer of the same and all Questions of Idiotcy, Lunacy and Unsoundness of mind shall, except in cases otherwise provided for, be tried by a Jury of Seven Men.

Verdict of Majority to be Verdict of Jury to be Verdict of Jury shall be held and deemed to all intents and purposes to be the Verdict of where unanimity is the Jury; Provided always, that if any person be arraigned for any offence visited by the Law with Capital Punishment, then and in such case the Jury must be unanimous in their Verdict of Guilty, but if such Majority should find such person guilty of a less crime than the Capital one, then sentence of law shall follow the verdict of the Majority.

Who qualified to serve as Jurors.

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IV. Every Male Person between the Ages of Twenty-one and Sixty Years, being of sound Mind, and not afflicted with Deafness, Blindness, or other Infirmity, who shall be a good and sufficient Person resident within the Colony shall be qualified and liable to serve as a Juror: Provided, that no Member of the Colonial Councils, nor Person holding any Office or Situation of Emolument under the Government, nor salaried Foreign Functionaries of Foreign Governments not carrying on business, nor any Barrister, Physician, Attorney, or Surgeon actually practising as such within the Colony, nor any Chemist or Druggist carrying on his business therein, nor any Clergyman or Dissenting Minister, nor any Officer employed in the Military or Naval Service of Her Majesty, nor any Person ignorant of the English Language, shall be, or be deemed liable to serve as a Juror.

Names of Residents V. Every Person on demand by the Sheriff or some Person duly authorized by to be given to Sheriff him shall deliver in writing to the Sheriff or authorized Person as aforesaid his purpose of forming Christian or other Names, and the Surname or Names at full length under Penalty of his refusing or neglecting so to do of a Sum not exceeding One hundred Dollars.

Penalty how levied.

VI. Such Fine shall be imposed and levied at the discretion and under Order of the Supreme Court on Complaint made by the Sheriff to the said Court in that behalf.

Disposal of Fines.

VII. All Fines so levied shall be paid into the hands of the Registrar of the Supreme Court and by him accounted for to the Colonial Treasurer.

Sheriff to make out Jury List and transmit qualified to serve as Jurors, setting forth the Christian and Surnames of each at full shall forward the same length, together with his place of abode, and shall sign and transmit a copy of such through the Clerk of List to the Registrar of the Supreme Court, who shall thereupon cause a copy of such Governor and Legis- List to be posted for the Term of One Fortnight on or in some conspicuous Part of lative Council for Approval or Alteration.

Notice in writing to the Registrar requiring that their names may be

respectively either added to or struck off from the said List, upon Cause duly assigned in such Notice; and the Registrar immediately after the Expiration of the Time for posting such List, shall forward the same, and such Notices as may be so served on him, to the Clerk of the Legislative Council, to the end that the Governor with the Advice of the Council (and he and they are hereby empowered so to do) may strike off or add such name or names from among those of the said Inhabitants as to the said Governor and Council may appear fit, and the said List when so approved of or altered, shall be returned to the Registrar by the Clerk of the Council and called the "Jurors' List," and shall be in force until the First Day of March which shall be in the year next ensuing, that in which such return shall have been made.

IX. Every Jury List in force within the Colony shall contain the Surnames of all men who shall be qualified and liable to serve on Juries together with the Christian or other names by which such Persons are usually known, whether such names shall have been delivered in writing in accordance with the provisions in the Section last aforesaid or have been inserted therein by the Sheriff or by the Governor and Legislative Council.

Jury List.

X. If the Sheriff or other Minister or Officer shall wilfully insert or omit in the Penalty on Sheriff List of Jurors the name of any man which ought not to be so inserted or omitted for neglect of Duty. according to the List of Jurors so to be made out as aforesaid, or shall fail to sign and transmit a correct Copy of such List to the Registrar as hereinbefore directed, or shall otherwise fail well and truly to do and perform all and every the Acts, Matters and Things, hereby required to be by him performed, such Sheriff or other Minister or Officer, shall be fined at the discretion of the Court.

XI. On or before the first day of February in each Year, the Sheriff shall make Jury List to be in out and transmit a fresh July List, in Manner and Form as hereinbefore directed; and use for One Year. such fresh Jury List, when so transmitted, and approved of or altered as aforesaid, shall be brought into use the First Day of March then next following, and shall continue to be used for one Year.

XII. When the Jury List shall be completed and returned to the Registrar, he Manner of forming shall cause the Names therein to be written on separate Cards and placed in a Ballot Box to be kept for that purpose, and whenever it shall be requisite to summon a Jury, the Sheriff shall attended at the Registrar's Office and in the presence of him or his Deputy draw from the said Box Eighteen and at Criminal Sessions Thirty of the said names to form a Panel and the Cards so drawn shall thereupon be locked up in a separate Box therein to remain until the entire of the Names in the Ballot Box shall be exhausted by subsequent Panels, when all the names of the Jurors shall be returned to the Ballot Box, if required, for the purposes of the current year, and in such Case the Names shall again be redrawn in manner aforesaid.

XIII. The Sheriff shall, before the Sitting of any Court whereat a Jury shall be necessary, issue summonses according to the Form in the Schedule (B,) hereunto Juries. annexed requiring the Attendance thereat of the Persons so drawn from the Ballot Box, and every such Summons shall be personally served upon, or left at the usual Place of Abode of, the Person so summoned Two clear Days before the Day appointed for the Sitting of the Court.

For Summoning

XIV. The Sheriff shall also, at the same time, cause to be delivered to the Registrar, Deputy Registrar or Clerk of the Court, a Panel containing the names, places of Abode, and Additions, of the Persons so summoned.

Panel.

XV. If any Juror having been duly served with such Summons, shall fail to Penalty for Non-attend, or being present shall not appear when called, or after appearance shall withdraw himself without the Permission of the Court, the Court shall, unless some reasonable excuse be proved on Oath or Affidavit or otherwise to the Satisfaction of the Court, set upon the Person so making Default such Fine, not exceeding the Sum of One Hundred Dollars, as to the said Court shall seem meet.

XVI. At the Sitting of the Court the Names of all the Jurors summoned shall be Jury to be balloted written on separate pieces of Card of equal Size and put into a Box, and the Registrar, for Deputy Registrar or Clerk of the said Court shall, in open Court draw therefrom until Seven Jurors appear, who, after all just causes of challenge allowed shall remain as fair and indifferent, and the same shall be done whenever it shall be necessary to form a new Jury.

XVII. When and so often as the List of Jurors shall have been transmitted by cill to mark off the the Registrar in manner aforesaid to the Governor and Legislative Council, he and Names of not less than the Registrar in manner aforesaid to the Governor and Legislative Council, he and 24 Persons in the they shall mark off, and designate with the Term, "Special Juror," not less than General Jury List, Twenty-four of the Names contained in the List, and the Names of such Special Jurors who shall be liable to shall be formed into a severete List; and if either the Plaintiff or the Defendent in any serve as Special Jurors. shall be formed into a separate List; and if either the Plaintiff or the Defendant in any Suit or Action, or the Prosecutor or Defendant in any Indictment or Information other than for Treason or Felony, shall be desirous of having such Suit or Action, Indictment or Information, tried by a Special Jury, (such Special Jury to consist of Seven Men so marked or designated as aforesaid,) it shall be lawful for the Court, upon motion for that purpose, to appoint a Special Jury for the Trial of any Issue joined in any of the said Cases and triable by a Jury, which shall be balloted for from the said Special Jury List by the Sheriff in the presence of the Registrar or his Deputy as hereinbefore provided for in the Case of a Common Jury, and summoned in the like manner. Provided that the Party applying for such Special Jury, and who shall have obtained a Rule or Order of the Court for that purpose, shall, on entering the Cause for Trial, deposit with the Registrar or other Officer of the Court, a Sum sufficient to cover the expenses of the Special Jury; otherwise the Rule or Order of Court to be of no effect. And it is hereby further provided, that Special Jurors shall be exempt from serving on any Common Jury and that the Verdict of every Special Jury shall be subject to the said Provisions respecting Majorities, as if it were a Common Jury.

Power to the Court their Names from the

XVIII. Nothing herein contained shall prevent the Court from exempting in its on Cause shewn to discretion any Person or Persons from serving as a Juror on any Trial, or from exempt Jurors from serving or to remove removing their Names from the List of Jurors, on Cause being shewn for so doing.

No Challenge except for Cause.

XIX. No person who shall be put upon his Trial either for Treason, Felony, or Misdemeanour, shall be allowed to challenge any of the Jurors except for Cause.

Talesman.

XX. Whenever there shall be a Deficiency of Jurors, it shall be lawful for the Court, at the Prayer of either of the Parties in the Cause, with or without the consent of the opposite Party, to put upon the Jury so many good and lawful Men of the Bystanders, as shall be sufficient to make up the full Number thereof.

As to new Jury for new Cases.

XXI. The Names of the Persons sworn as Jurors in manner aforesaid, shall be marked on the List; and those Names so drawn shall be kept apart by themselves until such Jury shall have given in their Verdict and the same shall be recorded or until such Jury shall, by Order of the Court, be discharged; and then the Names shall be returned to the Box, there to be kept with the other Names remaining at that time undrawn; and so often and so long as any Case remains to be tried: Provided always, that if any Case shall be brought on to be tried in the Court before the Jury in any other Case shall have brought in their Verdict, it shall be lawful for the Court to order another Jury to be drawn from the Residue of the said Cards for the Trial of the Case which shall be so brought on to be tried: Provided also, that where no objection shall be made on behalf of the Plaintiff or Prosecutor, or on behalf of the Defendant or Prisoner it shall be lawful for the Court to try any Case with the same Jury that shall have previously tried, or been drawn to try any other Case without their Names being returned to the Box and redrawn or to order the Name of any Person on such Jury, whom both Parties may consent to withdraw or who may be justly challenged or excused by the Court to be set aside and another Name to be drawn from the Box, and to try the Case with the Residue of such original Jury, and with such Person or Persons whose Name or Names shall be so drawn and who shall appear and be approved as indifferent, and so as often and as long as any Case remains to be tried.

any Prisoner, kept.

XXII. After the Jury in any Case shall have been sworn, or charged with any sworn or charged with Prisoner, they shall be kept in some convenient Place in Court apart by themselves until the Chief Justice or other presiding Judge has summed up the Evidence and has left the Case with the Jury, and if any such Jury shall desire to withdraw for the purpose of considering their Verdict, then they shall be kept by an Officer of the Court in some convenient Place apart by themselves until they are agreed upon their Verdict, or be discharged therefrom by the Court; and the Officer shall be sworn that he will suffer none to have access to them, or speak to them, and that he will not speak to them himself except to ask whether they are agreed upon their Verdict, or to communicate between them and the Court.

XXIII. Whenever it may be necessary for the Court to adjourn the further How Jury to be to adjourn the Court. Sitting of the Court during the trial of any Case, it shall be competent to the Court to direct the Jury to be removed to some convenient Place in the neighbourhood of the Court during the said Adjournment, under the charge of a Proper Officer of the Court.

XXIV. If during the trial of any Action, Indictment, or Information, any one or provision in Case any two of the said Jurors shall be disabled by Death, Illness, or bodily Infirmity from of Death or Disability serving on the Jury, it shall be lawful for the Court in its Discretion to order the trial of such Action, Indictment or Information, to be proceeded with in like manner as if the full number of Jurors had continued to serve on the Jury, and any Verdict returned by the remaining Jurors, or by a majority, shall be of equal validity and have the same force and effect as if it had been returned by a Jury consisting of the full number of seven Jurors: Provided always that in Capital Cases the remaining Jurors must be unanimous in their Verdict in order to warrant sentence of Capital Punishment being passed on the Prisoner; but if he be found Guilty of a Crime less than the Capital one on which he is arraigned, then Sentence shall follow the finding of such majority; Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Court, instead of proceeding with the trial with the remaining Jurors, to cause a new Jury to be impanelled, sworn and charged with any Prisoner; and the Action, Indictment or Information shall be tried as if such First Jury had not been impanelled.

XXV. Whenever the Jury in any Case has withdrawn, and been kept apart for In Case Jury cannot the purpose of considering their Verdict, and shall not have returned the same before all the other Cases for trial at the same Sittings or Sessions shall have been disposed of, and when it shall sufficiently appear to the Court that the said Jury cannot agree upon a Verdict, and that there is not such a majority as aforesaid agreeing, the Court shall discharge such Jury, and shall cause a new Jury to be impanelled and sworn and charged with any Prisoner, and the Action, Indictment or Information shall be tried as if such First Jury had not been impanelled.

XXVI. The Verdict of the Jury or majority as hereinbefore mentioned shall in all cases be given by the Foreman, in open Court, and in the presence of all the Jury, and if a Criminal Proceeding in the presence of the Prisoner and shall thereupon be recorded by the Registrar of the Court, and the Registrar shall before taking the Verdict, ask if they are all or by what majority agreed thereon and whether they find for the Plaintiff or for the Defendant, and in the Case of a Prisoner, whether they find such Prisoner "Guilty" or "Not Guilty;" and the Jury shall either pronounce a general Verdict for the Plaintiff or Defendant, or of "Guilty" or "Not Guilty," or else shall return a Special Verdict finding the Facts of the Case: Provided always, that the Jury may acquit any Prisoner of a Part of the Charge against him and find him Guilty of the remainder.

Verdict.

XXVII. On all Inquests to be held by the Coroner, no greater number than coroner's Jury to Three Jurors shall be necessary.

XXVIII. When any Person shall have been duly summoned to attend as a Juror Any person duly by the Coroner and shall fail or neglect to attend at the time and place specified in summoned as a Juror such Summons, it shall be lawful for the Coroner to cause such Person to be openly to a Penalty not excalled in his Court three times, to appear and serve as a Juror and upon the non-ceeding Fifty Dollars. appearance of such Person, and proof that such Summons has been served upon him, or left at his usual place of abode to impace and Figure 11. By or left at his usual place of abode, to impose such Fine upon the Person so making default not exceeding Fifty Dollars as to the Coroner shall seem fit; and the Coroner Coroner to make out shall make out and sign a Certificate, containing the Name and Surname, the residence &c., of the defaulter and trade or calling of every Person so making default, together with the amount of to be transmitted to a the Fine which shall have been imposed and the cause of such Fine, and shall transmit such Certificate to one of the Police Magistrates who shall cause a copy of such How copy of Certificate to be served upon the Person so fined, by having it left at his usual place of ficate to be served and Penalty levied. residence, or by sending the same through the Post Office, addressed as aforesaid, and thereupon such Magistrate shall cause such Fine to be levied according to the Provisions of Ordinance No. 10 of 1844, in the same manner as if the said Fine had been imposed by himself.

#### SCHEDULE A.

#### ORDINANCES TO BE REPEALED.

Date of Ordinance.	Title of Ordinance.	Extent of Repeal.
No. 5 of 1847.	An Ordinance for regulating Juries at Coroner's Inquests	The whole Ordinance.
No. 4 of 1851.	An Ordinance to repeal the Ordinances No. 7 of 1845, entitled "An Ordinance for the Regulation of Jurors and Juries," and No. 4 of 1849, passed for the amendment thereof, and to consolidate and amend the Enactments relating to Jurors and Juries.	The whole Ordinance.
No. 3 of 1855.	An Ordinance to remove Doubts as to the Legality of the Jury List to be in force from the first day of March 1855, and for enabling the Sheriff to render Names with greater accuracy in future Lists.	The whole Ordinance.
No. 7 of 1857.		9 as relates to Section 5 of Ordinance No. 4 of 1851, and to Sections 6 and 7 of the same Or-
No. 3 of 1858.	An Ordinance for the Supreme Court.	dinance. Section 7.
No. 2 of 1860.	An Ordinance to amend the Law relating to Jurors and Witnesses	Sections 5 & 6.
No. 4 of 1862.	An Ordinance to amend Ordinance No. 4 of 1851, and to increase the Jury Panel to Thirty.	The whole Ordinance_

# SCHEDULE B TO WHICH THIS ORDINANCE REFERS.

### SUMMONS TO JURORS.

Mr. A.B.

Title.

You are hereby summoned to appear as a Juror at the Supreme Court to be holden at itn his Colony on the day of next at the hour of o'clock in the forenoon and there to attend from day to day until you shall be discharged from the Court.

(Signed) C.D., Sheriff.

N.B.—The Penalty for Disobedience hereto is any sum not exceeding One Hundred Dollars.

#### HONGKONG.

## ANNO VICESIMO OCTAVO VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

No. of 1864.

By His Excellency Sir Hercules George Robert Robinson, Knight, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, with the Advice of the Legislative Council of Hongkong.

An Ordinance to apply a Sum not exceeding Six hundred and thirteen thousand Dollars to the Public Service of the year 1865.

[ August, 1864.]

Whereas the Expenditure required for the Service of this Colony for the year 1865 has been estimated at the sum of Six hundred and twelve thousand Three hundred and twenty-two Dollars and Eighty Cents: Be it enacted and ordained by His Excellency the Governor of Hongkong, with the Advice of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

Estimates, 1865.

I. A Sum not exceeding Six hundred and thirteen thousand Dollars shall be and the same is hereby charged upon the Revenue of this Colony for the service of the year 1865, and the said Sum so charged shall be expended as hereinafter specified; that is to say:

CIVIL ESTABLISHMENTS:-	s $c$ .
The Governor,	$^{\varphi}_{240.00}$
Colonial Secretary,	6,360.00
Colonial Treasurer,	4,776.00
Auditor General,	8,252.00
Clerk of Councils,	72.00
Surveyor General,	16,102.80
Postmaster General,	18,168.00
Registrar General,	1,680.00
Harbour Master and Emigration Officer,	9,040.00
JUDICIAL ESTABLISHMENT,	$6,\!560.00$
ECCLESIASTICAL ESTABLISHMENT,	702.00
EDUCATIONAL ESTABLISHMENT,	9,608.00
MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT,	14,360.00
POLICE MAGISTRATES,	4,282.00
POLICE,	
GAOLS,	44,826.00
CHARITABLE ALLOWANCES,	480.00
TRANSPORT,	1,500.00
WORKS AND BUILDINGS,	
ROADS, STREETS, AND BRIDGES, MISCELL NEOUS SERVICES,	52,500.00
LAND AND HOUSES PURCHASED,	4,286.00
MILITARY CONTRIBUTION,	92,000.00
mimirate Contradution,	<i>52</i> ,000.00
Total S	(612 322 80

No. 132.

### GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified that from and after the 22nd Instant, the Fees chargeable under Section XI of Ordinance No. 5 of 1845 will be strictly levied at this Office, and that no Certificates, Licenses, Shipping permits, or other documents to which the Official Signature of His Excellency the Governor or of the Colonial Secretary is required, will be issued without payment of the authorized Fees, excepting such Licenses or other documents as have been already subjected to the payment of Fees or other charges into the Colonial Treasury.

The Fee on the Governor's Signature under the above Ordinance is \$5, and on that of the

Colonial Secretary \$2.

By Order,

W. T. MERCER, Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Hongkong, 16th August, 1864.

No. 133.

### GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

Notice is hereby given that after 1st January next all Owners of Houses or Huts situated on Crown Land, not Leased, in the Colony of Hongkong will be required to hold Squatter's Licenses.

These Squatter's Licenses will be made out on application at the Surveyor General's Office during the months of November and December next, the Licensee will be required to pay One Year's Rent in advance to the Registrar General at his Office in Victoria, on receipt of which the Licenses will be handed over.

The Licenses received will hold good for the year 1865 only.

All occupiers of cultivated Crown Land will be required to hold Squatter's Licenses which can be obtained in the same way.

The Police will have strict orders after the month of January next to remove all Houses or Huts the owners of which cannot produce a proper License when called upon.

By Order,

W. T. MERCER, Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Hongkong, 20th August, 1864.

No. 131.

#### GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

Tenders will be received at the Surveyor General's Office on or before Monday, the 29th Instant, for the erection of a Portion of the Gaol at Stone Cutters' Island. Plans and Specification may be seen on application between the hours of 11 A.M. and 3 P.M.

By Order,

W. T. MERCER, Colonial Sceretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Hongkong, 13th August, 1864.