We have therefore thought fit to issue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby warning all Our loving subjects, that all such enterprises We have therefore thought fit to issue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby warning all Our loving subjects, that all such enterprises practices hereinbefore mentioned, are and will be carried on and committed in violation of the laws of Japan, and in contravention of provisions of the said Treaty, if and when the same shall be ratified, and that We will not in any manner whatsoever interfere to prevent forfeiture of any ships, or vessels, or goods, which may be employed in such enterprises or practices, or the infliction of pecuniary penaltines upon any persons engaged therein; and We do hereby further make known to all Our loving subjects, that instructions have been of the commanders of Our ships of war in the ports of Japan, and in the waters near the same, to assist and support by all lawful means, said Majesty the Tycoon of Japan and his Government, in preventing any violation, evasion, or contravention, by British subjects, of the of Japan, or of the provisions of the said Treaty, or of the Articles for the regulation of Trade appended thereto, if and when the same of the ratified, and to prevent and hinder, by all lawful means, any attempt whatsoever by British subjects to violate or evade, in any manner whatsoever, the laws of Japan, within any of the dominions of His said Majesty the Tycoon of Japan, or to contravene, in any manner whatsoever, any of the provisions of the said Treaty, or of the said Articles, if and when the same shall be ratified.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this second day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and him prince and in the twenty-second year of Our reign.

nine, and in the twenty-second year of Our reign.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

No. 13.

## GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

His Excellency SIR JOHN BOWRING, Knight, LL.D., Her Majesty's Plenipotentiary and Chief Superintendent of British Trade in China, &c., &c., has directed to be published for general information, the following Procla mations, with their Translations, issued by the Allied Commanders in Canton, and by His Excellency the Govern Kwangtung, in reference to the kidnapping of Coolies, and to the Conditions on which Subjects of China ar allowed voluntarily to emigrate to Foreign Countries.

By Order, '

G. W. CAINE.

Superintendency of Trade, Victoria, Hongkong, 15th April, 1859.

大英欽命 兵保國明城匪人拐有情係耕嚴役家人來內徒骨往匪廟當作林 駐命 徒始面中 統 賣猪 甲 國 領 理 质 烟 赝 仸 否 工 原東代理 - 影等底各營計 國收價 頂 稠以 能 密萌 轨 年 限度 工從 軍經地途 地 陸 以無臨日 逝 JII. 重難行維而價留時期安 理離 駐 如難 礼 誉 勉 先往 有 以 人實在所得 支若干 情質 善事 各稽 水 往 師際 初 **人騙在良** 確情街民 國 遊 查 在 路師 Ŧi.· 提 定衛由大部門等地震 摇 之人 口 船 遠去該 務 國 得 中 督 隻 提督軍 得無 近 爲安家之費 醒 因 外 等 軍 拿發送 人前 聞 各 船 幾不 匪 图 甲 務 徒 赴 往種 從論 各植 斯 達 亦 果 中是城 國 H 國有姑名巡希官所寬專兵圖 係 漁否內 傭 利 情 外兩 工 等使願寬相均人

By STRAUBENZEE, Major General Commanding H. B. M's. Troops in China; D'ABOVILLE, Commandant Superiour of the French Forces at Canton; M'CLEVERTY, Senior British Naval Officer at Canton,—for the purpose of strictly interdicting kidnapping, that order may be preserved and the peaceable inhabitants protected.

There being in various parts of the world a want of agricultural labour, while China on the other hand finds it difficult to support a superabundant population, Foreigners have for some time past hired Labourers in the latter Country; and the terms under which they are thus engaged to serve abroad, the rate of remuneration and period of service, &c., are drawn up and recorded in formal contracts, while advances are occasionally made to the families who remain behind. The free consent of both parties must be obtained to these contracts,

advances are occasionally made to the families who remain behind. The free consent of both parties must be obtained to these contracts, and in no case may any person be taken away against his will.

It now appears, however, that a number of Chinese have lately been going about the City and Suburbs of Canton, deceiving the people, by pretending to offer them Foreign employment on highly advantageous terms, and having enticed those who listen to them to some secluded place, or on board of some boat or vessel, they then deprive them of their liberty, and carry them away. Sacrificing all other feelings to their own cupility, these lawless men have in this way caused families to be torn asunder, and have at the same time defeated the wishes of those Foreigners who seek to obtain labour on just and equitable terms.

Under these circumstances, the Allied Commanders think it right to proclaim to the people of Canton that they not only hold the iniquitous proceedings in deepest abhorrence, but are also determined to do all in their power to suppress them. They would, therefore, warn the people to observe in future the strictest caution whenever applied to by Chinese, in the name of Foreigners, to engage themselves for Foreign service. No Chinese should think of entering into an engagement of this nature, if it be one of his own countrymen who makes the offer, until he has first satisfied himself of the character of the said Agent, and whether he is guaranteed by people of respectable position. If willing, after taking these precautions, to accept employment, the Emigrant should then see that he makes a contract with the Foreigner himself, in which all the conditions as to rate of pay, period of service, &c., should be formally entered and clearly understood. Be careful, therefore, to adopt this course, instead of heedlessly listening to the stories of these designing men, and allowing yourselves to be led away by their misrepresentations, probably even without taking proper precaution against a danger which may result i

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