

3.—For all Prisoners.

Salt, ... .. ¼oz. a Man a Day.  
 Soap, ... .. ½lb. a Man a Month.  
 Water as much as needed, or as much as can be used without waste, not exceeding the prescribed allowance.

This dietary may be altered from time to time by the Colonial Surgeon, with the sanction of his said Excellency.  
 Victoria, Hongkong, 11th May, 1857.

LXXXII. For the maintenance of good order and discipline within the Gaol, the Governor shall have the power to punish his Subordinates on the Gaol staff, for any offence or other misconduct, by Fine; or, in conjunction with a Justice of the Peace, by Imprisonment, or by Fine and Imprisonment, as they shall consider necessary—such Fine not to exceed One Month's Pay, and such Imprisonment with labour not to exceed One Month.

Power of Governor to punish his Subordinates by Fine; or, in conjunction with a Justice of the Peace, by Imprisonment; or, by Fine and Imprisonment.

LXXXIII. The Governor shall, in the case of grave offences within the Prison committed by Prisoners, have power to inflict a punishment not to exceed Fifteen strokes of a Rattan.

Power of Governor to inflict corporal punishment on Prisoners.

LXXXIX. The Governor shall, in every case of so punishing a Subordinate or Prisoner, as in the two last Regulations mentioned, record the particulars in his Journal, and report the same within Twenty-four Hours for the information of the Colonial Secretary.

Governor to record such Punishments in his Journal, and report to Colonial Secretary.

Victoria, Hongkong, 25th June, 1857.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

In accordance with Instructions from the Right Honorable The Secretary of State for the Colonies the following Regulations for the Examination of Candidates for the Civil Service of India, which is to take place in July 1859, are published for general information.

By Order,

W. T. MERCER,  
 Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Victoria, Hongkong, 10th March, 1859.

EXAMINATIONS FOR THE CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

REGULATIONS.

- In July 1859, an Examination of candidates will be held in London. Forty candidates will be selected, if so many shall be found qualified. Of these twenty-five will be selected for the Presidency of Bengal, eight for that of Madras, and seven for that of Bombay. The names shall hereafter be given of the days and place of Examination.
- Any natural-born subject of Her Majesty, who shall be desirous of entering the Civil Service of India, will be entitled to be examined at such Examination, provided he shall, on or before the 1st May 1859, have transmitted to the Civil Service Commissioners, at the India Office, London, S.W.—
  - A certificate of his birth, showing that his age on the 1st May 1859 will be above eighteen years and under twenty-three years;
  - A certificate, signed by a physician or surgeon, of his having no disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity, unfitting him for the Civil Service of India;
  - Satisfactory proof of good moral character;
  - A statement of those of the branches of knowledge herein-after enumerated in which he desires to be examined.
- In any case in which a doubt may arise as to the eligibility of a candidate in respect of age, health, or character, such inquiries as may be necessary will be instituted by the Civil Service Commissioners.
- The Examination will take place only in the following branches of knowledge:—

	Marks.
English Language and Literature,—	
Composition,	500
English Literature and History, including that of the Laws and Constitution,	1,000
	1,500
Language, Literature, and History of Greece,	750
"    "    Rome,	750
"    "    France,	375
"    "    Germany,	375
"    "    Italy,	375
Mathematics, Pure and Mixed,	1,250
Natural Science; that is, Chemistry, Electricity and Magnetism, Natural History, Geology, and Mineralogy,	500
* * No candidate will be allowed to be examined in more than three of the branches of knowledge included under this head, and the total (500 marks) may be obtained by adequate proficiency in any three.	
Moral Sciences; that is, Logic, Mental and Moral Philosophy,	500
Sanskrit Language and Literature,	500
Arabic Language and Literature,	500
	7,375

- The merit of the persons examined will be estimated by marks, and the numbers set opposite to each branch in the preceding regulations shall be the greatest number of marks that can be obtained in respect of it.
- No candidate will be allowed any marks in respect of any subject of Examination unless he shall be considered to possess a competent knowledge of that subject.
- The Examination will be conducted by means of printed questions and written answers and by *visu voce* Examination, as may be necessary.
- The marks obtained by each candidate, in respect of each of the subjects in which he shall have been examined, will be added up, and the names of the forty candidates who shall have obtained a greater aggregate number of marks than any of the remaining candidates shall be set forth in order of merit, and such candidates shall be deemed to be selected candidates for the Civil Service of India. They shall be permitted to choose, according to the order in which they stand, as long as a choice remains, the Presidency to which they shall be appointed.

- 1. (Sanskrit, Vernacular Languages of India (each),  
\* \* \* Each candidate may name one or two languages. If he names one only, he must name either Sanskrit or a vernacular language current in the Presidency which he has selected. 500  
350
- 2. The History and Geography of India, 500
- 3. The General Principles of Jurisprudence and the Elements of Hindu and Mohammedan Law, 1,000
- 4. Political Economy, 500

In this, as in the preceding Examination, the merit of the candidates examined will be estimated by marks, and the numbers set opposite to each subject denote the greatest number of marks that can be obtained in respect of it. The Examination will be conducted by means of printed questions and written answers, and by *vidé voce* Examination, as may be deemed necessary.

10. No candidate will be permitted to proceed to India until he shall have passed the Further Examination, or after he shall have attained the age of twenty-five years.

11. The selected candidates who at the Further Examination shall be found to have a competent knowledge of the subjects specified in Regulation 9, shall be adjudged to have passed, and to be entitled to be appointed to the Civil Service of India.

12. The seniority in the Civil Service of India of the selected candidates shall be determined according to the order in which they stand on the list resulting from the Further Examination.

13. No person will, even after passing the Further Examination, be allowed to proceed to India unless he shall comply with the regulations in force at the time for the Civil Service of India, and shall be of sound bodily health and good moral character.—The Civil Service Commissioners will require such further evidence on these points as they may deem necessary before granting their Certificate of Qualification.

14. Applications from persons desirous to be admitted as candidates are to be addressed to the Secretary to the Civil Service Commissioners, Dean's Yard, London, S.W.

NOTE.—The Secretary of State for India in Council has authorized the Civil Service Commissioners to state that, with the view of meeting the expenses to be incurred by selected candidates during the interval which must elapse before they can proceed to India, it is his Lordships' intention to allow the sum of £100 to each selected Candidate who shall have passed the Further Examination in July 1860 to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, and shall have complied with such rules as may be laid down for the guidance of selected candidates.

No. 23.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

Tenders will be received at this Office up to Noon of Monday, the 21st instant, for the Privilege of preparing or selling Prepared Opium within this Colony, for One Year, from the 1st April next, under conditions set forth in Ordinance No 2 of 1858.

By Order,

W. T. MERCER,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Victoria, Hongkong, 2d March, 1859.

已一千八百五十九年三月廿八日  
第十條辦理特諭  
按照一千八百五十九年三月廿八日  
以一月三十日  
烟署願點二三月三月洋為  
署標投充截止七十日起日  
以英投其者每如日有十日  
至四月其者每如日有十日  
起以英投其者每如日有十日  
一月三十日  
烟署願點二三月三月洋為  
署標投充截止七十日起日  
以英投其者每如日有十日  
至四月其者每如日有十日  
起以英投其者每如日有十日

No. 6.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

His Excellency SIR JOHN BOWRING, Knight, LL.D., Her Majesty's Plenipotentiary and Chief Superintendent of Trade in China, &c., &c., is pleased to direct that the annexed Returns of the British Trade at CANTON, during the Year 1858, be published for general information.

By Order,

G. W. CAINE.

Superintendency of Trade, Victoria, Hongkong, 7th March, 1859.

No. I.—Return of the Number and Tonnage of Merchant Vessels, Entered and Cleared at the Customs of the PORT OF CANTON, from 23d February, to 31st December, 1858.

FLAG.	ENTRIES.		CLEARANCES.		NOT CLEARED.	
	No. OF VESSELS.	TONNAGE.	No. OF VESSELS.	TONNAGE.	No. OF VESSELS.	TONNAGE.
British,	74	45,818	57	39,363	17	6,455
French,	1	472	...	...	1	472
Hanseatic,	49	19,140	43	19,000	1	140
American,	19	13,300	18	12,910	1	390
Danish,	5	1,490	5	1,490	...	...
Peruvian,	3	1,260	3	1,260	...	...
Prussian,	3	840	3	840	...	...
Dutch,	1	360	1	360	...	...
	155	82,660	135	75,223	20	7,457

RUTHERFORD ALCOCK,  
H. B. M.'s Consul for Canton.

British Consulate, Canton, 5th March, 1859.