

THE FRIEND OF CHINA

AND HONGKONG GAZETTE.

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VICTORIA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 17TH, 1846.

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FOR SALE ON MODERATE TERMS.
THE well known, teak built Ship, **FORT WILLIAM** of Bombay, 1214 tons Registered Burthen, with all her stores, of which she has on board a complete supply, and about 200 tons of Iron knowledge.

This fine vessel is well adapted for a receiving ship or for any other purpose requiring great capacity of stowage. Apply to the Captain, **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.** Victoria, 14th August 1846.

FOR LONDON:
THE fine A 1 Ship **DARTMOUTH**, 733 Tons, has superior accommodations for Passengers, and will be despatched from Hongkong about the end of October. For Passage, apply to Captain **STEWART**, on board, or to **TURNER & Co.** Hongkong or Canton. Hongkong, 26th September 1846.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER TO ANY PORT UPWARDS OF THE CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.
THE new, fast sailing Brig **JOHN BAGSHAW**, A. 1, Burthen per Register, 230 Tons. Apply to Captain **DANE**, on board, or to **JAMISON, HOW & Co.** Victoria, 6th October 1846.

FOR AMSTERDAM.
THE Netherlands Bark **NEERLANDS**, expected towards the middle of September. For Freight, apply to **VAN DERBURG ROEMWINKEL & Co.** Canton or Macao.

THE Teak built Schooner **JOVEN CORINA**, 110 Tons, runs regularly with the **POZZY** Lorchs between this Port and Canton, carrying Goods at the usual rate of freight. Goods put on board in the Cargo Lorchs and delivered free of expense in care of a Portuguese.

FRANKLYN & MILNE.
N.B.—The **JOVEN CORINA** has no Chinese on board, is manned with 12 Europeans, and has six or seven guns besides small arms.

TO BE LET OR SOLD.
A substantial House, consisting of two sitting rooms, each 30 feet by 20. And in height 17 feet, separated by folding doors; five good sized bed rooms, with Dressing and bath rooms to each; two separate parlors, a front and a back Verandah, closed with Venetian, each 84 feet long, 12 feet wide; flat roof, convenient for exercise, and affording a fine view of the Harbour and its entrances. The Walls and foundation constructed purposely to admit of the addition of an upper Story, if required. Commodious outbuildings for Servants, Store rooms, and Offices, a large Compound, Garden &c. the whole surrounded by a good fence, situated on the ridge at West Point, and lately occupied by the Honorable P. I. STRAZZINO, Attorney General. Apply to **JAMISON, HOW & Co.** Victoria, 25th September 1846.

TO LET.
A Bungalow in Queen's Road, opposite the Albany Godowns, consisting of Six Rooms well ventilated, with detached Offices and Stables complete. Apply to **TURNER & Co.** Hongkong, March 2nd, 1846.

TO LET.
House in Gough Street. Apply to **JOHN CARR.**

TO LET.
A HOUSE on Queen's Road, containing twelve rooms, with godowns. Apply to **ARCH: MELVILLE.** Victoria, 14th April, 1846.

TO LET.
House situate in Wellington Street, commanding a fine view of the Bay. Early possession can be given. For further particulars apply to **R. OSWALD.** Victoria, 27th February, 1846.

TO BE LET.
A Single and a double storied Godown. Apply to **GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.** Victoria, 5th June 1846.

TO LET.
SPACIOUS Godowns and dwelling house, built of Granite and lately occupied by Messrs TROSBY & Co. The property is situated near the centre of the Town, (Victoria, Hongkong) and has a water frontage. Apply on the Treasury or to **THOMAS RIPLEY & Co.** Hongkong, 31st July 1846. Shanghai.

TO LET ON LEASE.
A HOUSE on Queen's Road, at present in the occupation of Mr C. W. BOWRA. Apply at the Office of the Friend of China.

APARTMENTS.
A Suit of Rooms in a very desirable situation, having a water frontage, on moderate terms. Apply at the Office of this Paper.

TO LET.
THE godowns, and first floor of the premises on Queen's road, adjoining Messrs Smith and Brimelow. Apply to **GEO. STRACHAN.** Victoria, 1st June 1846.

TO LET.
THE spacious and convenient two storied House Corner of Wellington and D'Agular Streets, formerly occupied by the Supreme Court; has good dry godowns and convenient mercantile Offices. Rent \$50 per month. For further particulars apply to **F. SPRING,** Ravensburg Cottage, Staunton Street.

NOTICE.
THE interest and responsibility of Mr GEORGE I. THOMAS BLAIN and Mr. FRANCIS CHARLES DUNNISON, in our Establishment ceased on the 30th ultimo, and Mr ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, Mr CHARLES JOSEPH BLAINE, and Mr EDWARD PERARA are this day admitted Partners in our Firm. **DENT & Co.** Victoria, Hongkong, 1st July 1846.

NOTICE.
THE undersigned have been appointed Agents at Shanghai for the Imperial Fire Office of London.

BLENKIN, RAWSON & Co. Victoria, 22d April 1846.

FOR SALE.
AT the Godowns of Messrs **BLENKIN, RAWSON & Co** superior Sherry, Madeira, and Port, in wood and bottle; Champagne from the house of Mumm & Co Rheims. Hongkong, 1st June 1846.

NOTICE.
THE undersigned have received authority from the Directors of the Imperial Fire Insurance Office of London, to issue Policies on the New Buildings at Canton.

MACVICAR & Co. Victoria, 28th January, 1846.

FOR SALE.
WEBSTER, Gordon, Cussart & Co's superior Madeira, in Bhd's, quarter and half quarter casks, and in cases. **FLETCHER & Co.** Hongkong, 1st March, 1846.

NOTICE.
MR. ROBERT JACOB is this day admitted a Partner in our Firm. **HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.** Hongkong, 1st August 1846.

FOR SALE.
THE following Wines ex *Cannata*.
Port, Sherry, Sauterne, Hock, Claret, Sparkling Champagne, Hermitage, Pale Cognac Brandy, in do. do. Scheidat Geneva, in do. of 1 dozen.
Superior Italian Saled Oil. Apply to **HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.** Victoria, 15th July 1846.

FOR SALE.
ALSOPI'S Beer in cask and bottle. Apply to **GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.** Victoria, 1st September 1846.

FOR SALE.
BLANDY'S Madeira, in half pipes, hds., and quarter casks. Apply to **GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.** Victoria, 10th April 1846.

FOR SALE.
SHEATHING COPPER, 16 to 32 oz. Apply to **GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.** Hongkong, 15th September 1846.

NOTICE.
MR. CHARLES REBER is this day admitted a partner in our Firm. **DIROM, GRAY & Co.** Canton, 1st August 1846.

INDIA AND CHINA MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.
THE undersigned have been appointed Agents for the above named Company, and are prepared to grant Policies payable in London, Calcutta, and Canton. This Office returns a Bonus of 10 per cent. (Ten per Cent) on all Premiums. **GILMAN & Co.** Canton, 1st October 1846.

FOR SALE.
AT the Godowns of the undersigned, in One Doz. Cases—
Cognac, No. 1000, St. Emilion, Chateau Margaux, Champagne.
Just landed from the French ship *Le Desaix*. **HEGAN & Co.** Canton, 20th September 1846.

NOTICE.
MR. ROBERT I. ROBERTS is a partner in our Firm. **AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.** Canton, 20th September 1846.

NOTICE.
ON and after the 1st of September next, a branch of our house will be established at Shanghai, under the same name and style as at Canton. Mr WILLIAM P. PEIRCE is authorised to sign for us by procuration. (Signed) **RUSSELL & Co.** Canton, 24th August 1846.

NOTICE.
THE undersigned have opened a Branch Establishment at Shanghai under the same firm as at Canton. **RATFBONES, WORTHINGTON & Co.** Canton, 1st August 1846.

ORIENTAL INSURANCE SOCIETY.
THE undersigned have been appointed agents for the above named Society and are prepared to grant Policies payable in Liverpool, Bombay, Calcutta and Canton. **RATFBONES, WORTHINGTON & Co.** Canton, 31st August 1846.

BANCA TIN.
FOR SALE, at Hongkong. Apply to **OLYPHANT & Co.** Canton. September 20, 1846.

FOR SALE.
INVOICES of:—Russian Cordage, Paint, Point Oil, Canvas, Blocks, Bunting, Twine, and superior Thimble, Mess Pork and Beef. Wine, Brandy, Gin and Vinegar. **WM. PUSTAU & Co.** Hongkong, September 1846.

NOTICE.
EASTERN INSURANCE COMPANY.
THE undersigned have been appointed Agents for the above named Company, and are prepared to grant Policies payable in Bombay and Canton. **PESTONJEE, FRAMJEE, CAMA & Co.** Canton, 14th September 1846.

NOTICE.
MR. CHARLES MILNE has this day been admitted a Partner in my business, which will henceforth be conducted under the name of **FRANKLYN & MILNE.** W. H. FRANKLYN. Victoria, 1st September 1846.

NOTICE.
CABLES of all sizes up to 1 inch and 7/8th. Anchors, very superior Casarass, Blocks, large Europe Rope, Paint Oil, Black Varnish, by whole sale. **FRANKLYN & MILNE,** Queen's Road.

PALE Burton Ale in Hogsheads @ \$26. Do. do. in bottle 2/6. Pale Cognac Brandy on Cask and bottle. Fine full flavored Port. Very Pale Sherry. Pale do. Brown do. Red wine in Cask. Champagne and Claret, at very low prices. Sparkling and still Moselle, Liqueurs &c. Apply to **FRANKLYN & MILNE,** Queen's Road.

MESSRS. FRANKLYN & MILNE had goods at moderate rates in a decked Lorchs under lock and key under charge of a Portuguese. Scale of charges can be seen at the Office.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS.
MESSRS. FRANKLYN & MILNE
ON THIS DAY, Saturday, at the sale rooms, Queen's Road, at 11 A. M.:—
10 Barrels of Walnuts,
2 Cases Cloths,
1 Case Boots and Shoes, London made,
86 Dozen Potter,
A few bales of Camlets, and sundry other articles AT 12.
That beautifully situated Estate known as Fern Hill commanding an extensive view of the town and bay, surrounded by wood, on the Siwan road east of Messrs JARDINE, MATHESON & Co's premises.

Terms of Sale as per Bills.
NOTICE.
A Copartnership having been formed between the respective firms of C. W. BOWRA & Co. and HUNPHREYS & Co. their Business from this date will be carried on, under the firm of **BOWRA, HUNPHREYS & Co.** at their New Premises, next to Messrs GILMAN & Co. Queen's Road. **C. W. BOWRA & Co. HUNPHREYS & Co.** Victoria, 1st September 1846.

FOR SALE.
AND received per late arrivals by the undersigned several invoices consisting of as follows:—Saddlery, Ladies and Gents Riding Whips, Do. do. White Cotton Hosiery, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Gloves, Harness, Cutlery, Candles, Cooking Utensils, Glassware, Stoves, Alloys, Beer, Best and Choice Brandy, Champagne, French Sherry, Port, Cognac, and Quality Cordials. Like wise a quantity of Foreign Rice and Grain. Apply to **BOWRA, HUNPHREYS & Co.** Victoria, 1st September 1846.

FOR SALE.
A fine Grey Pony, Apply to **MR. G. DEWAR.** Victoria, 2d September 1846.

PORTO NOVO IRON WORKS.
THE INDIA IRON and STEEL COMPANY, I have again begun in their Furnaces, and are now ready to execute orders for Pig Iron and Iron Castings of every description.

The improvements in the Manufacture of their Iron, they are now capable of making. Castings of the softest description and malleability, and of great strength which can be filed, turned and bored with ease. The uniform and excellent strong quality of their Pig together with the superiority of their Castings, give them confidence in the perfect certainty of executing any orders they may receive to the entire satisfaction of those who may employ them.

The arrangements to complete their Forge are nearly finished, and they hope by the beginning of the year to supply Bar Iron of all sizes, uniform in quality and equal to the best European Market. Castings of the following description may be procured:—

Large Castings.—Columns or Pillars, Beams and Pipes, for Buildings, &c. Small Castings.—Plain and Ornamental Blackets, for Walls, Shade, Lamps, Shelves, &c. Do. do.—Railways and Bolsters. Do. do.—Bedsteads with and without Posts. Hinges and Bolts for large Gates and Doors. Castors for Beds, or Tables or Boxes. Pistons and Motors of large and small sizes, and many other Castings of the like description too numerous to mention.

Orders or Letters of enquiry addressed to their Agents:— Messrs BAINBRIDGE & Co. Madras. TULLOCH & Co. Calcutta. REMINGTON & Co. Bombay, or the MANAGING DIRECTOR at Porto Novo, shall be immediately attended to.

NOTICE.
THE Situation of House Surgeon to the Seaman's Hospital, is now Vacant.—Any Medical man wishing to apply for the above, will please forward his Testimonials to the Undersigned, on or before the 20th instant. **PETER YOUNG,** Secretary to the Trustees. Hongkong, 16th October 1846.

HONGKONG DISPENSARY.
SODA WATER, GERATED LEMONADE, Aerated Champagne Water, (highly recommended, on account of its tonic properties). **AGENT & CANTON, ACHOOK, Comptroller, No. 3 Imperial Hong, Hongkong, 13th March, 1846.**

FOR SALE.
SODA WATER and GERATED LEMONADE of superior quality at Messrs. HEATY & BARTON'S Dispensaries, Pottinger Street, Victoria Hongkong, and 12 Danish Hong, Canton.

LEMONADE AND SODA WATER.
MAY be had wholesale and retail, direct from the Manufactory, at the Dispensary of Dr SEABRA, *Praya Grande*, or at the Store of Mr JOHN SMITH. Macao, 1st October 1846.

JUST RECEIVED.
And for Sale by the undersigned:— A Superior navy Blue Cloth, Blue and Black Cashmeres; Figured Silk Waistcoats, Breeches, Cut Velvet do.; Tartans and Tweeds, for shooting Coats and Trowsers; Blue Cloth Caps; Navy Gilt Lace and Buttons; superior English made Shirts with linen fronts, collars and wristbands; Silk Socks and Stockings; white and colored Silk and Cotton Gloves; Old Brown Windsor Soaps; Razors and Razor Strops; Shaving, Tooth, Nail, and Hair Brushes; Shaving Glasses in Gilt Frames from 1 to 18 Inches square; and Dressing Combs. Also

An Invoice of French Confectionery, consisting of—Bonbons a Corne; Bonbons Cosmiques; Candis assortis; Anis Fines; Anis Rosea Parles; and Prelines Fines and Ordinaires. **F. FUNK.** Victoria, 9th October 1846.

F. FUNK has just received and invites attention to an invoice of Articles for Ladies use, comprising:—

Drawn Silk Bonnets, of the latest Parisian style; Plain and richly embroidered French Silk Stockings; White and Colored Silk Gloves; Combs of various descriptions, the Shell and Buffalo and Combs of amorous patterns; Braid and Gilding do.; Dressing and Victoria do.; Single and Double handled do.; and small Tooth Combs; Hair Brushes of different degrees of Hardness; also, a few of the softest description for Infants use. **F. FUNK.** Victoria, 9th October 1846.

SUPERIOR KNIFEKNIVES, manufactured by **JOSEPH RODGERS & SONS,** CUTLERS, 100, N. MARKET STREET, SHEFFIELD.

A Small invoice of the above superior Cutlery is now received, and can be seen by application at the office of **F. FUNK.** Victoria, 5th July 1846.

BOOTS & SHOES.
THE undersigned has just opened another case of Boots and Shoes, and it is ready to the use of them as heretofore. **F. FUNK.** Victoria, 12th August 1846.



HONGKONG.

ANNO DECIMO VICTORIE REGINE, No. 5 of 1846.

By His Excellency, Sir JOHN FRANCIS DAVIS, Baronet, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same. Her Majesty's Plenipotentiary and Chief Superintendent of the Trade of British Subjects in China, with the advice of the Legislative Council of Hongkong.

An Ordinance for the Substitution of Notices and Advertisements under the Ordinance No. 9 of 1846, entitled, 'An Ordinance for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors within the Colony of Hongkong.'

WHEREAS certain delay and difficulty may arise in the insertion of Notices and Advertisements in the Colonial News papers, as directed by the aforesaid Ordinance No. 9 of 1846: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the date of the coming into operation of this Ordinance, it shall be lawful for the Supreme Court, when any such delay or difficulty shall have arisen, to make any Order that may be deemed necessary for the substitution of some other Notification in lieu of any Notices or Advertisements required by the said Ordinance No. 9 of 1846.

J. F. DAVIS, Governor, &c.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hongkong, this 8th day of October, 1846.

ADOLPHUS E. SHELLEY, Clerk of the Council.

HONGKONG.

ANNO DECIMO VICTORIE REGINE, No. 6 of 1846.

By His Excellency, Sir JOHN FRANCIS DAVIS, Baronet, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same. Her Majesty's Plenipotentiary and Chief Superintendent of the Trade of British Subjects in China, with the advice of the Legislative Council of Hongkong.

An Ordinance for the regulation of Criminal Proceedings in the Supreme Court of Hongkong, during the Absence of Her Majesty's Attorney-General.

WHEREAS it is necessary and expedient to make provision for the due and proper institution and carrying on of Criminal Proceedings in the Supreme Court of Hongkong, during the absence of Her Majesty's Attorney-General: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the date of the coming into operation of this Ordinance, it shall be lawful for His Excellency the Governor of Hongkong, at any time in and during the absence of Her Majesty's Attorney-General, to nominate and appoint a fit and proper Person to appear and prosecute in the Supreme Court of Hongkong, either as Attorney-General or in his own Name for and on the behalf of Her said Majesty; and any Judgment or Information signed by the party so nominated and appointed shall be of the same force and validity as if the same had been signed by Her Majesty's Attorney-General pursuant to an Ordinance made and passed in the Ninth Year of Her Majesty's Reign, intitled 'An Ordinance to regulate Criminal Proceedings.'

J. F. DAVIS, Governor, &c.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hongkong, this 8th day of October, 1846.

ADOLPHUS E. SHELLEY, Clerk of the Council.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

In consequence of the absence, on medical certificate, of the Honorable the Attorney-General, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased, as a temporary measure, to appoint Mr. N. D'Esteve Furker to perform the duties of Criminal Crown Prosecutor.

By Order, W. CAINE, Officiating Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Office, Victoria, Hongkong, 15th October, 1846.

The following Order was issued by Major-General D'Aguiar, on the departure of the Malacca Sappers and Gun Lascars, who sailed for India to the General Wood, on the 7th instant.

GENERAL ORDER.

By the Honorable Major-General D'Aguiar C. B., Commanding the Forces in China.

Victoria, Hongkong, 2nd October, 1846.

The Major-General Commanding being already expressed his acknowledgments of the services in Chief of Captain Baker's Company of Madras Artillery, it only remains for him to add his entire approbation of the regular and orderly conduct of the Madras Sappers and Miners, under the immediate command of Lieutenant Elihuah, and of the Company of Gun Lascars, who were attached to the Royal Artillery.

The Madras Sappers have rendered important services in carrying on the Military Works of this Colony, and the efficient and sober-like manner in which they have invariably performed their duties, especially merit the Major-General's commendation.

The Major-General will not fail to make known the sentiments contained in this Order to His Lordship the Commander-in-Chief at Madras.

By Order, W. CAINE, Officiating Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Office, Victoria, Hongkong, 15th October, 1846.

NOTICE. New advertisements, will be received, until 4 O'Clock, on the evenings previous to publication.

Table with columns: Latest Dates, English, July 24, Sunday, Aug. 1, United States, June 20, Bahia, Aug. 5, Bombay, Aug. 19, Singapore, Sept. 12, Dredford, Aug. 29, Manila, Sept. 5, Madras, Aug. 28, Shanghai, Sept. 27, C. of Hope, June 10, Amoy, Sept. 19.

THE FRIEND OF CHINA AND HONGKONG GAZETTE.

VICTORIA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 17th, 1846.

NOTICE.—The hours of Divine Service at the Colonial Chapel on Sunday are as present; 1st at 8 and 1st at A. M. and 2nd at 4 P. M.

VINCENT STANTON, Colonial Chaplain.

Our latest intelligence from Macao reports the continuance of tranquility, and we doubt not, that the recent display of energy and determination on the part of the Governor will secure the settlement from further commotion and disturbance should the Governor persevere in carrying out his assumed right to tax the Chinese population.

We are not in a position to determine exactly the extent of the authority which can be assumed by the Portuguese in their Government of Macao; the question however must resolve itself in the events of the recent insurrection. The vigorous measures of His Excellency to maintain order and an independent position as Governor of the settlement, cannot but meet with the admiration of the whole foreign community.

We trust the inconveniences resulting in our present want of daily communication will not be of long continuance.

The ten men who were brought here, as prisoners by the U. S. S. Vincennes, under the charge of M. J. J. Whelan, on board the Brougham (Whaler) have been summarily condemned, after a lengthened inquiry into the case, to suffer two months imprisonment, the evidence being deficient to substantiate the serious nature of the charge against them.

On Thursday evening a daring attempt was made to enter the premises of Mr. L. Just, Chronometer Maker, Queen's Row. The thieves (two Chinamen) having failed in their attempt to effect an entrance by the removal of a panel of the door, resorted to the expediency of setting fire to it, and so far succeeded in effecting an entrance that, when Mr. Just received the alarm one of the Burglars was observed in the act of forcing his body into the room.

We are happy to say that an alarm was so immediately raised that the robbers were not only disappointed in their expected booty, but after a short chase were apprehended, and are now awaiting their trial in the Supreme Court. The culprits appear to have been most determined horsebreakers, all the implements belonging to their class, being found on their persons, besides being armed each with the dagger so common amongst such desperadoes.

We cannot but congratulate our readers upon the fact of such burglarious attempts being now of rare occurrence, but during the approaching season the police cannot be too vigilant or the inhabitants too much on their guard. It is a fact perhaps worthy of notice that Mr. Just's watch—dog was poisoned two days previous to the attempted robbery.

Any of our readers who will bring the following extract from the Spectator of the 27th June, before the observation of Sir John Davis will probably confer an obligation upon him.

COLONIAL GOVERNORS.

If the Colonial Office consulted its interests, it would invent a prize for any Governor who should return from his colony functus officio and not followed by the ridicule or the execration of the settlers. So generally, however, is the latter case, that it has come to be regarded as the natural termination of such a career. Captain Fitzroy appears to be lighted on his way to be by a general hearse—buried out like the conductor of a disorderly house, amid the laughter of the rabble; and even the honest and vigorous though somewhat theoretical Sir George Gipps does not come off quite scatheless. We have much pleasure, then, in recording one exception to this rule—that of Mr. John Hall, brother to the Member for Gateshead, who has just returned from Swan River, where he has resided as Governor nearly seven years. The following extract from the Quarterly Review (Western Australian journal) of the 14th of February last, shows the sort of respect which passed between Mr. Hall and the colonists.

DEPARTURE OF JOHN HALL, ESQ.

FROM GOVERNMENT HOUSE, SWAN RIVER. On Wednesday last, being the day on which it was understood that Mr. Hall would finally leave Government House, preparatory to his Excellency the Colonial Clerk taking possession of a large number of the inhabitants of Perth, accompanied a large number of the inhabitants of Perth, and marked their respect for him on his departure. On this occasion, the following address was given by a very numerous and respectable body of the inhabitants of Perth, and was read by the Hon. Mr. Hall, in the name of the people, whose sentiments were as follows:—

Resolved, That we do hereby express our sincere and hearty congratulations on the departure of Mr. Hall, and our sincere wishes for his health and happiness.

Resolved, That we do hereby express our sincere and hearty congratulations on the departure of Mr. Hall, and our sincere wishes for his health and happiness.

In testifying from the trust confided to you by our grateful Sovereign, you enjoy the proud satisfaction of having acted conscientiously discharged your duty, and we would cheerfully and gratefully acknowledge the services which you have rendered to our country.

Although well aware that your motives of action have been pure, and that your conduct has been uniformly upright, we are nevertheless gratified to find that you have not been without a certain measure of success in your efforts to improve the condition of our country.

It is with a feeling of regret that we are obliged to bid adieu to you, and to see you depart from our shores, and to see you depart from our shores, and to see you depart from our shores.

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quence of the decision against me by the votes of the Representatives of that country (Ireland) the time was come when something respecting the Catholics ought, in my opinion, to be done.

A correspondent of the Morning Chronicle says that in the Mirror the words 'or as said' 'The words makes better sense. These words Sir Robert Peel repeats.

'To prove that he uttered them, Mr. Disraeli addresses Passages to the same effect from the London morning papers of the 6th March 1829, and from the Edinburgh Review for April 1829, and also the following passage from a speech made by Sir Edward Knatchbull on the 8th of March—

'If Sir, at that period the policy of conceding the Catholic question was clear to the right honorable gentleman, I say, in justice to himself, in justice to his friends, in justice to his country, in justice to Mr. Canning, who was the able, the powerful, and the consistent advocate of the question, he ought to have conceded it.

'If the right honorable gentleman had, as he now says, declared in 1825 that the question ought to be conceded, I ask why did he not think so in 1827, when Mr. Canning was in office, and give it his support when the supposed difference between him and Mr. Canning upon that question had obtained for him most powerful and unqualified support from those two who only differed from Mr. Canning on that point, which I profess to have been the case with me? If the right honorable gentleman's opinions had at that time undergone a change, that was the time for concession, for the measure would have come with a better grace, with better effect from Mr. Canning; and if we are to rely upon the gratitude of Roman Catholics as a ground of security, I say that their gratitude would be increased by receiving from the hands of Mr. Canning that which they would consider as a boon conferred by him, but which they cannot look upon in the same light when coming from a Government which has for years invariably opposed them, and which now admits that it concedes for necessity.'

Here is an imposing accumulation of circumstantial evidence; let us see how it will stand the test of scrutiny. First, it is to be observed that it all occurred a very long time ago—seventeen, nineteen, and twenty-one years ago. The Times justly remarks that the words imputed are in themselves very vague; to say that 'something ought to be done' was not admitting a political position, but a favourable opinion. Another conjunctive relation of the supposed passage, which we have heard in private conversation, is, that Sir Robert's account in 1829 of what occurred in 1825 was verbatim, accurate to the extent of the difference pointed out; and that when the official report from the editor of Hansard came before him, he struck out the inaccurate words, not the less willingly because they had already provoked censure.

A correspondent of the Times, who signs his letter 'C. V. L.' and describes himself as one of Canning's admirers, brings a good deal of striking evidence to invalidate the position from the Mirror of Parliament. He declares, of his own knowledge, that Sir Robert Peel and Mr. Canning remained on terms of good fellowship. He testifies that Sir Robert uniformly declared his opposition to the Roman Catholic claims; and he testifies that Sir Robert was misconstrued by the reporters—not at all an impossible thing. Indeed, the passage bears internal evidence of inaccuracy. As it stands above, Sir Robert Peel is made to utter nonsense. He took a decided position in resisting the Roman Catholic claims, and his resignation on that score was intelligible; but according to the passage quoted above, he declared his having come round to a conviction of the necessity, as the reason why his position was altered, and he offered to his colleagues the alternative of doing some thing or suffering him to resign. If you read 'and' instead of 'or,' it prevents the particular lie from being such palpable nonsense, but leaves the whole of the second part of the passage inconsistent with the beginning: the earlier portion making his position unmeasurable because he was singular in opposing the measure; the latter making him concede in the necessity.

Now it is very possible, that without any change of opinion on the subject, Sir Robert Peel, with his habitual deference to formal Parliamentary decisions, may have bowed to political necessity; and his desire to leave office accords with that conjecture. But if so, he would have retired, not to facilitate the measure, but to avoid having any share in what he disliked. There would be no political inconsistency in that. On the contrary, it would very well accord also with his opposition to Canning on the special point, though he agreed with him in general. It is very possible that the ablest reporter may have mistaken what Sir Robert said; he himself may even have said something with his tongue which he did not with his mind mean to say—a common enough 'absence of mind'; but that he can deliberately have uttered the sheer nonsense imputed to him, is quite incredible.

So much as to the special evidence: as to the general assertion that Sir Robert Peel 'hunted Canning to the death,' it is but cheap rhetoric, not worth a grain of consideration. Had Sir Robert Peel were both rising statesman and statesman, he would have been a very different man from what he is now; he would have been a very different man from what he is now; he would have been a very different man from what he is now.

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