

# THE FRIEND OF CHINA

## AND HONGKONG GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

VOL. V. No. 02.

VICTORIA, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 5TH, 1846.

PRICE \$ 12 per annum.

Terms of Subscription to the "Friend of China and Hongkong Gazette," per annum \$12. Six months \$7. Three months \$4; all paid in advance. Credit prices, \$14, \$8, 50, and \$5, for the periods of twelve, six, and three months respectively. Single numbers to Subscribers 25 cts. each, to Non-Subscribers 1 Rupee. Parties calling or sending to the office for papers are requested to pay cash. Terms of Advertising.—Ten lines and under \$1; additional 10 cents per line. Requisitions one third of the first insertion. Ships' First insertion \$2; subsequent insertions 45 cent. Advertisements in 45 cent. advertisements to be written on the face of them, the number of times they are required to appear, otherwise they will be published until countermanded. In all instances, those who are not Subscribers, must pay in advance.

For ENGLAND, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, CEYLON AND INTERMEDIATE PORTS. THE Peninsular and Oriental Company's Steam Ship LADY MARY WOOD, will leave this for the above places on Tuesday the 25th of August.

CARGO WILL BE RECEIVED ON BOARD UNTIL NOON, AND SPECIE UNTIL 4 P. M. OF MONDAY THE 24TH.

This Route affords an opportunity of visiting SINGAPORE and PENANG, remaining a short time at CEYLON, and thence proceeding to ENGLAND, by Overland Conveyance through EGYPT in 54 days, to MADRAS in 30 days, and CALCUTTA in 34 days, from the date of leaving CHINA. Steamers belonging to the H. E. K. Company, are also understood to ply, between COLOMBO and BOMBAY, thus affording passengers a much more speedy means of reaching the latter place than is otherwise obtainable.

Arrangements are made in the Steamers throughout for the convenience of Native Merchants of India proceeding as Passengers; certain accommodation is also reserved in the Calcutta Steamers for Passengers from China joining the Suez line at CALCUTTA, to secure which it is requisite that a Notice of at least Two Months be given to the Company's Agent here.

Cargo, Parcels, &c. may be forwarded to ENGLAND by the above Vessel with the same despatch as H. M. Mails, and Specific, Silk, or other Goods to CEYLON, MADRAS, and CALCUTTA, on Terms nearly the same as by sailing vessels, the rate of Insurance having been reduced by several Offices in favour of the Company's Steamers.

Until further notice the Rates of Freight will be— For MEASUREMENTS GOODS. To SOUTHAMPTON, per Ton of 40 Cubic Feet, \$120 Sp.

And for SPECIE. To MADRAS and CALCUTTA, 2 percent. CEYLON, 1 1/2 percent. SINGAPORE and PENANG, 1 percent. No Goods can be received for Overland Transit unless packed in non-susceptible Coverings as Wood, Matting, Tarred Cloth, &c. and the Contents and Value of each Package either marked on the outside, or declared in Writing at the time of Shipment.

Further particulars regarding the Rates of Freight and Passage may be obtained by application at the P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office, 106, King Street.

H. C. OLDING, Agent. Hongkong, 29th July 1846.

THE rates of Passage money on board the Steamship CORSAIR will be from this date as follows: From CANTON to MACAO, \$15. From MACAO to CANTON, \$15. HONGKONG to MACAO, \$8. Vice versa, \$8.

W. H. FRANKLYN, Agent. Victoria, 1st August 1846.

FOR SALE. THE new BRIG MAID OF JULPHIA, 180 Tons Register, she is a very good sailor and carries a large cargo. For particulars apply to GILMAN & Co. Victoria, 3rd July 1846.

FOR SALE. THE Schooner RIG SINGAPORE, now lying in the Harbour, Burden per Register 86 Tons. She is Teak built, has only made the Voyage from Singapore since she was Coppered, and sails remarkably fast. Apply to SMITH & BRIMFLEW, Woosnam's Buildings, Queen's Road. Victoria, 20th July 1846.

TO LET. A House in Pottinger Street opposite the R. C. Church and next to Mr Shortt, apply to BUSH & Co. Victoria, 6th March 1846.

TO LET. A House in Gough Street. Apply to JOHN GARR. Victoria, 2nd July 1846.

THOSE large and convenient Premises fronting the Harbour, lately occupied as Ordnance Stores; either the whole or half of the premises can be rented, and are well worthy the consideration of any one requiring a convenient and extensive Godown and convenient Jetty. Can be viewed by applying on the premises to GIBB, DUNGE & Co. Victoria, 2nd July 1846.

TO LET. A Bungalow in Queen's Road, opposite the Albany Godowns, consisting of Six Rooms well ventilated floor, with a covered Office and Stables complete. Apply to TURNER & Co. Hongkong, March 2nd, 1846.

TO LET. A House on Queen's Road, containing twelve rooms, with godowns. Apply to ARCH: MELVILLE. Victoria, 14th April 1846.

TO LET. THREE Houses situate in Wellington Street, commanding a fine view of the Bay. Early possession can be given. For further particulars apply to R. OSWALD. Victoria, 27th February 1846.

TO BE LET. A Single and a double storied Godown. Apply to GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co. Victoria, 5th June 1846.

TO LET. SPACIOUS Godowns and dwelling house, built of Granite and lately occupied by Messrs. THOMAS RIPLEY & Co. The property is situated near the centre of the Town, (Victoria, Hongkong) and has a water frontage. Apply on the Premises, or to THOMAS RIPLEY & Co. Hongkong, 31st July 1846.

TO LET. THREE convenient Houses, two in Gough Street, the other in Hollywood Road, at a low rent. Apply to ROWLAND REEB, Pottinger Street.

TO LET. TWO commodious Houses situated in Stanley Street, containing 8 Rooms each with yard and out-houses; rent moderate. For further particulars apply to D. LAPRAIK, 1 Wellington Terrace, D'Aguiar Street. Victoria 5th May 1846.

TO LET. three furnished rooms, with stabling &c., in a convenient and healthy part of the Town, rent moderate; for particulars apply to D. LAPRAIK, Wellington Terrace, D'Aguiar St. Victoria, 5th June 1846.

TO LET. THE spacious and convenient two storied House, Corner of Wellington and D'Aguiar Streets, formerly occupied by the Supreme Court; has good dry godowns and convenient mercantile Offices. Rent \$50 per month. For further particulars apply to F. SPRING, Ravensburg Cottage, Squinton Street.

TO LET. THE godowns, and first floor of the premises on Queen's road, adjoining Messrs Smith and Brimelow. Apply to GEO. STRACHAN. Victoria, 1st June 1846.

TO LET. THE Bungalow on the Hollywood Road, to the west of Union Chapel, contains dining and drawing rooms, three bedrooms, bathroom, and servants' offices &c.; also two houses; in Gage Street, consisting of four rooms and servants' offices. Apply to GEO. STRACHAN. Victoria, 1st June 1846.

TO LET. TWO Houses on the south side of Gough Street. Apply to GEO. STRACHAN.

TO LET. TWO spacious and handsome Rooms well suited for Offices, or as a private residence. One of two godowns can be had if wanted. W. H. FRANKLYN, Commission Agent.

TO LET. A NO may be entered upon after the 5th proximo, a convenient suite of rooms above the premises of SMITH & BRIMFLEW, at present occupied by COL. FARQUHARSON, with Stabling, Cook House &c. &c. Rent moderate. Application to be made to SMITH & BRIMFLEW. Victoria, 26th July 1846.

TO LET. OR TO LET. THAT spacious and commodious two storied House situated at the Corner of Wellington, and Colborne St. These beautiful premises have just now undergone a thorough repair, newly painted, &c. This house would offer a most comfortable residence even to two families, having a separate accommodation, spacious Godown, abundance of excellent water, &c. &c. Apply to D. A. HATAUCHI, At the Room, Cash College.

NOTICE. THE interest and responsibility of Mr GEORGE THOMAS BRAINS and Mr FRANCIS CHARLES DREHMOND, in our Establishment, ceased on the 30th ultimo, and Mr ARTHUR CAMPBELL, Mr CHARLES JOSEPH BRAINS, and Mr EDWARD PARKE are this day admitted Partners in our Firm. DENT & Co. Victoria, Hongkong, 1st July 1846.

NOTICE. THE undersigned have been appointed Agents at Shanghai for the Imperial Fire Office of London. BENKIN RAWSON & Co. Victoria, 23d April 1846.

FOR SALE. THE Godown of Messrs BLENKIN, formerly of Co. superintending, Madeira, and Port wine and bottles; Champagne from the house of Mumm & Co. Rheims. Hongkong, 1st June 1846.

NOTICE. THE undersigned have received authority from the Directors of the Imperial Fire Insurance Office of London, to issue Policies on the New Buildings at Canton. MACVICAR & Co. Victoria, 23rd January 1846.

FOR SALE. WEBSTER, Gordon, Cossart & Co.'s superior Madeira, in Hhd, quarter and half quarter casks, and in cases. FLETCHER & Co. Hongkong, 1st March 1845.

FOR SALE. BLANDY'S Madeira, in half pipes, hhd, and quarter casks. Apply to GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co. Victoria, 10th April 1846.

NOTICE. MR. ROBERT JACOB is this day admitted a Partner in our Firm. HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co. Hongkong, 1st August 1846.

FOR SALE. THE following Wines ex Cannala. Port, Sherry, Sauterne, Hock, Claret, Sparkling Champagne, Hermitage, Pale Cognac Brandy, in do. of do. Scheidam Geneve, in do. of do. ALSO Superior Italian Salad Oil. Apply to HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co. Victoria, 15th July 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Firm of FISCHER, WATTS & Co., of Canton, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 7th March last. The undersigned will continue the Business of the late Firm at Canton, from this date, under the Firm of FISCHER & Co. MAXIMILIAN FISCHER. Canton, 20th June 1846.

FOR SALE. A Pair of the Godowns of the undersigned, in One Box Cases— Cognac, No. Vieux, Hock, St Julien, Chateau Margaux, Champagne. Just landed from the French ship Adhemar. HEGAN & Co.

NOTICE. MR. JOSEPH L. ROBERTS is a partner in our firm. AUGUSTINE, HEARD & Co. Canton, 20th March 1846.

NOTICE. MR. AUGUSTUS RAWLINS HEDSON is authorized to sign our firm by procuration. GILMAN & Co. Hongkong, 29th May 1846.

NOTICE. MR ABRAHAM BOWMAN, has this day been admitted into our Firm, which will in future be conducted under the style of GILMAN, BOWMAN & Co. GILMAN & Co. Shanghai, 1st July, 1846.

NOTICE. THE business of the undersigned will in future be carried on under the firm of WM. PUSTAU & Co. at Hongkong and Canton. Wm. PUSTAU. China, the 1st of January 1846.

SUMMER WINES & BEER. ON SALE by the undersigned—An excellent light Claret for summer use, cheap; Champagne; Hock; Straw Colored and Golden Sherry, of 1st quality; Port; Allsorts and other Ales in wood and bottles. Superior Navy Canvas, Anchors of various sizes, Chain Cables, Knappe Rope, and other ship stores. Also an Improved Colored Window Glass, suitable for ornamental Doors and Windows. W. H. FRANKLYN. Victoria, 9th June 1846.

FOR SALE. A few cases of very superior Pale French Brandy. W. H. FRANKLYN. Victoria, 10th July 1846.

PUBLIC AUCTION. THIS DAY Wednesday at Mr FRANKLYN'S rooms, several hundred pieces damaged Lard Cloth.

FOR SALE. A Grey Sydney Horse, lately the property of Mr FRANKLYN. Apply to GEORGE DEWAR.

ADVERTISMENT. MR GEORGE DEWAR has been established on the East Coast of China, or elsewhere, or have left China, since 1839, are requested to send their address, and their accounts will be forwarded to them without delay. JNO. SMITH. Macao, 16th February, 1846.

NOTICE. THE Undersigned have formed a partnership, for the transaction of a general Agency and Commission business, under the respective Firms of RAWLE, DUNS & Co. at Victoria; and DEW, RAWLE & Co. at Shanghai. S. B. RAWLE, N. DUNS. Victoria, Hongkong, 1st October, 1845.

FOR SALE. SUPERIOR Sherry and Madeira in wood; also a few half pipes and quarter casks: Cape and Tenerife Wines, Sherry, Madeira, Port, Claret, Cognac, Cherry Brandy, in 1 & 2 dozen cases. RAWLE, DUNS & Co. Victoria, 28th October, 1845.

FOR SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED. AN assortment of Anchors and Chain Cables, Europe, Manila and Coir Rope, Hemp and Cotton Canvas, and several Spars for lower and topmasts. RAWLE, DUNS & Co. Victoria, 25th October, 1845.

SUMMER WINES. FOR sale by the undersigned, Rheims and French Wines at moderate prices. Grafenberger, Doornel, Hockheimer, Lettinger, Geissenheimer, St Julian. Sherry, Also Port Champagne. And a few baskets of fresh BUTTER WATER direct from Germany in the Dutch ship Centor. RAWLE, DUNS & Co. Victoria, 15th May, 1846.

AMERICAN FLOUR. A few barrels of kiln dried Flour for sale by RAWLE, DUNS & Co.

BENGAL RICE—A few hundred bags of very superior quality, just landed and for Sale by RAWLE, DUNS & Co.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONGKONG. MR. N. DE PARKET, Solicitor of the High Court of Chancery, and one of the Attorneys of Her Majesty's Courts of Queen's Bench, Common Pleas, and Exchequer in Ireland, has been duly admitted to practise as a Solicitor, Attorney, and Factor of the Supreme Court of Hongkong. MR PARKER is likewise a legally constituted Public Notary of the High Court of Prerogative of England. Offices at Messrs BOWMAN & Co.'s, Queen's Road, Hongkong, 29th July 1846.

NOTICE. THE Partnership heretofore subsisting between us was this day dissolved by mutual consent. FARNCOMB & GODDARD. Victoria, 4th July 1846.

NOTICE. THE undersigned has removed his Offices to the premises of Messrs HUMPHREYS & Co. N. FARNCOMB, Notary Public & Solicitor. Victoria, 6th July 1846.

FOR SALE. SODA WATER and AERATED LEMONADE of superior quality at Messrs. HORNBY & BARNES'S Pottinger Street, Victoria Hongkong, and 12 Danish Hong, Canton.

HONGKONG DISPENSARY. SODA WATER, AERATED LEMONADE, &c. Aerial Chalybeate Water, (highly recommended, on account of its medicinal properties). No. 1, AUSTIN ST. CANTON.

ACHOOKE, Comprodor, No. 3 Imperial Hong Hongkong, 13th March, 1846.

SODA WATER and AERATED LEMONADE, may be had at the manufactory of J. A. STONE, Just's Buildings, Queen's Road. Victoria, 7th July 1846.

NOTICE. A LL parties having claims against Her Majesty's A 98th Regiment, under account of the Officers Messrs FARMAN within one month from this date for the purpose of being forwarded for settlement to Captain DUNN, Mess and Canton President. Hongkong, Victoria, 22nd July 1846.

NOTICE. THE undersigned begs to inform parties indebted to him to pay the same as early as possible; claims on those residing in China, not paid, or arrangements made to do so, up to the end of next May, and those in Europe, &c. up to the end of next August, (after giving due notice to the Newspaper at same and particulars), will be set up for sale by Public Auction, and sold to the highest bidder.

Those who have established on the East Coast of China, or elsewhere, or have left China, since 1839, are requested to send their address, and their accounts will be forwarded to them without delay. JNO. SMITH. Macao, 16th February, 1846.

NOTICE
New advertisements will be received, until 4 o'clock on the average previous to publication, viz: Tuesdays and Fridays.

Table with shipping arrivals and departures including ship names, dates, and destinations.

THE FRIEND OF CHINA AND HONGKONG GAZETTE.

VICTORIA, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 28th, 1846.

NOTICE.—The hours of Divine service at the Colonial Chapel on Sundays are as printed in part 5, &c., and 6, &c.

CANTON.
The tea market opened on the 31st of July at 30 taels, short, for fine Congou; and considering the prices that rule in England, the rate is not more than a safe limit, particularly if the leaf is inferior to that of last year, which we hear is the case.

We extremely regret to be informed that a section of the community have shown a disposition to take advantage of the late riots by carrying favor with the Authorities—deprecating the behaviour of the English as lawless &c. &c.

We have been a little startled by paragraphs referring to the trade, and the traders of China, which lately appeared in some foreign papers. This is a subject, however upon which we cannot enter to-day, but we may consider it our duty to return to it before the departure of the August Mail.

His Excellency the Governor returned in the Victoria on Sunday; having visited Foo-chow-fu, Chusan, Ningpo, Shanghai, and we believe Amoy. We are not sorry that Sir John Davis is again at the head of his government, as from the state of affairs existing in Canton, it is advisable that the accredited Representative of Great Britain to China, should not be far from the provincial city, and we believe that his diplomatic powers cannot be deputed to the Lieutenant-Governor of Hongkong, even supposing that they would be in able hands, which is at least questionable.

The changes at the Consulates, consequent upon instructions from the foreign office, will be nearly as follows. Amoy, Foo-chow-fu, and Ningpo; Mr. Alcock succeeds Captain Balfour at Shanghai; Mr. Turner returns to England, where doubtless the home government will provide a suitable appointment for a Gentleman whose name will always be associated with the glories of Sir Henry Pottinger's career in China. It is also said that Mr. Macgregor retires from the Canton Consulate.

H. M.'s 98th regiment embarked at Chusan and sailed for India on the 26th July. The regiment is in a high state of discipline, and under the command of that distinguished Soldier, Brigadier Campbell, it will maintain the supremacy of British arms, whenever an appeal to such an alternative is unavoidable.

AFFAIRS OF CHINA.

The vast importance of the great events passing in India has attracted attention from the progress of affairs in China; yet at no time since the termination of hostilities have our relations with the Celestial Empire deserved more serious notice than at present; for gradually is the truth bearing on those who have watched them, that we have gained nothing by our military successes save some two thirds of the sum they cost us, and a pestiferous, pestilential, expensive rock in a valuable position.

There is, indeed, no second opinion amongst those situated there—Hongkong is felt to be a great, if not a fraudulent, delusion; Governor Davis is to him; and we regret to say, Sir Henry Pottinger's reputation to have been very undeservedly attained. We deal in no exaggeration; for the whole subject is now under the consideration of the Cabinet; rumor asserts that instructions have been sent out to retain, by hook or by crook, the island of Chusan which Sir Henry Pottinger, for some inexplicable reason, stipulated to surrender, after the indemnity had been paid, and to make preparations for making for a Parliamentary discussion of our Chinese policy.

is one of the most unequal trade-marine possessions belonging to her most Gracious Majesty. Governor Davis is, we must repeat, a delusion. He has neither dignity nor temper—neither sound views nor correct information—neither the firmness that is indispensable to success in negotiation, nor the sagacity equally necessary to grace firmness. Originally a servant of the East India Company, he is now his old John Company's notions; he seems to regard all independent merchants as interlopers, and almost smugglers; and so crude is his economical knowledge that he is overloading commerce with taxes in a settlement where trade is his only object. Yet no man ever had a fairer chance of success than Governor Davis: he left England with the full confidence of the country as well as of the Government, he arrived in China in ample time to remedy the mistakes committed by his predecessor, and he has been supported, to an unusual extent, in all his measures by the Colonial Office. He has, however, failed; simply because he has not the elements of success in him; and the sooner he is recalled the better for our interests in China.

The opening of the new ports by treaty is another delusion; for three of them at least are shut in fact—that is to say, the heavy charges imposed in them on commerce. True, these imposts are a violation of the treaty; but of what use is a treaty if we have not in China men to enforce its fulfilment? What is wanted, then, are heads—sound thinking, resolute, determined heads—not sheepskins with lumps of wax dangling at their tails.

Canton is still shut to us; French and American intrigues and misrepresentations have neutralized our influence at Peking, and in Chusan we are now more exposed to military and civil expenses exceeding half a million annually. And where, without a complete revision of our policy in China, the expense is to end, no one in Hongkong knows—not even Governor Davis himself.

From Canton we learn that the Pirates who recently took and plundered the Privateer had quarrelled about the division of the plunder, and one of them had gone to the Mandarins and given information that the vessel had sailed round the West Coast. Three junks have in consequence been despatched in pursuit of them, having the informer on board, and some Europeans; the latter being we presume part of the crew of the Privateer, who may be useful in identifying the property carried off.—Hongkong Register, August 4.

A friend has sent us the following copy of a Circular issued by the Consul at Amoy, requesting us at the same time to call the attention of our Consulars in the Straits to the subject, as many of these latter are in consequence being despatched to the Straits, and are probably not aware of the necessity of enrolling themselves in the Consul's Books. Such parties are in most danger of being interfered with by the Chinese there, and may be misled by trusting exclusively to the Governor of Singapore's proclamation some time ago, that on coming here they will receive British protection, and so neglect the additional means of security.

Whereas divers, and various persons, claiming to be subjects of Her Britannic Majesty's are now resident in the city and island of Amoy, who have not enrolled themselves at this Consulate, in conformity with the Ordinance of the Legislative Council of Hongkong No 7 of 1844, intitled "An Ordinance for the better administration of Justice in the Consular Courts, and to establish a Registration of British subjects within the dominions of the Emperor of China."

Now, in conformity with the said Ordinance, and with reference to the public notice issued by Rutherford Alcock, Esquire, Her Majesty's Officiating Consul at Amoy, dated 17th December, 1844. Public notice is hereby given, to all such persons so claiming to be British subjects as aforesaid, that they are peremptorily required forthwith to appear before me, Temple Hillyard Layton, Esquire, Her Majesty's Consul at Amoy, at this Consulate, and in compliance with Clause 10th of the Ordinance aforesaid, and with reference to the notice already mentioned, there severally to enrol themselves in the Register, kept by me, of Her Majesty's subjects resident at Amoy.

And, I, Her Majesty's Consul, hereby give due, and solemn, warning to all such persons who are, or who may claim to be, British subjects that if they, or any them, shall refuse or neglect, so to enrol themselves in accordance with the Ordinance aforesaid, and in compliance with the notice, that they will not be entitled to require to be recognized, or protected, as British subjects in any difficulties whatsoever in which they may be involved within the dominions of the Emperor of China.

Given under my hand and seal of office, at the British Consulate at Amoy, this Thirteenth day of June, One thousand eight hundred and forty-six.

TEMPLE HILLYARD LAYTON, H. B. M.'s Consul, Amoy.

Table with shipping intelligence including ship names, destinations, and dates.

- 2, Audax, Sullivan, East Coast
3, Vindicator, Robinson, Shanghai
3, Alfred, Adair, London.

REPORTS.
Captain, James, Shanghai.
Cheerful, Patrick, Manila and Sydney.
Penella, Hely, Cape of Good Hope.

Table with shipping arrivals and departures including ship names, destinations, and dates.

Table with shipping arrivals and departures including ship names, destinations, and dates.

Table with shipping arrivals and departures including ship names, destinations, and dates.

Commissariat Office, Hongkong, 3rd August 1846. NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will dispose of Bills on The Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury and on The Governor General of India in Council at 80 days sight, on the terms most favourable to Government that may be proposed.

NOTICE. MR. CHARLES RYAN is this day admitted a partner in our Firm. DIROM, GRAY & Co. Canton, 1st August 1846.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY. A European as House Steward to the Honorable Order of the Crown. He must be well acquainted with the local markets, and accustomed to keep accounts. No person need apply unless he can produce unexceptionable references as to his character.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY. A European as Butler to the Honorable Order of the Crown. He must be a person well acquainted with the management of a Wine and accustomed to the superintendance of Servants. No person need apply unless he can produce unexceptionable references as to his character.

JUST LANDED FROM "VALOR." STOUT, Whiting and Stouting Botts, also a few pairs of dress Shoes of superior London make. ROBT. RUTHERFORD, Victoria, 4th August 1846.

THE undersigned has removed his Chambers to the House in the Queen's Road, adjoining the stores of Messrs SMITH & BRIMLOW.

W. H. GODDARD, Solicitor & Notary.

Victoria, 3rd August 1846.

JUST IMPORTED AND FOR SALE. A few cases superior Sillery Champagne. Apply to, Mr C. MARKWICK, Pottinger Street.

BY ORDER OF ROBT. DUNDAS CAY, ESQ., Registrar of the Supreme Court of Hongkong. G. MARKWICK

WILL BE BY PUBLIC AUCTION on THURSDAY THE 7th AUGUST 1846, at 11 o'clock A.M. in the Premises, London Inn, Chinam's House

Also, at the House situated in the Lower West Bazaar, the whole of the Property of HERBY LEE, deceased, consisting of: The Stock in Trade; Furniture; Glassware &c., at the London Inn.

And in the Boarding House, Lower Bazaar: 2 Pulling Boms (one new); 1 Horse, Carriage, and Harness; Household Furniture; Crockery-ware, Wearing apparel &c.

Also: A Schooner, with anchors, chains, masts, rigging &c. (lying off the House); and a variety of other articles.

TERMS OF SALE. Cash, before delivery; all articles to be cleared before 5 o'clock, &c. at the following day; or resold at the risk and expense of first Purchasers.

The Schooner will be at the Risk of the Purchaser as soon as knocked down.

BRITISH HOTEL, Queen's Road, Victoria.

MICHAEL GABRIEL has the honour to announce to his friends and the public, that he has taken those spacious and commodious premises known as Keying House, where he intends to carry on the business of a Hotel keeper, and he begs to assure those parties who may be pleased to patronize his new establishment, that nothing shall be wanting on his part to insure to them the greatest comfort and attention.

Billiards can be engaged in airy and spacious rooms with a water fountain, at the following rates, viz: Day Games 1 Rupee, Night do. 1 do.

BRITISH HOTEL, Keying House, Victoria.

MICHAEL GABRIEL incumbrs upon him to return thanks to his numerous Friends, for the support, which they have accorded to him, since he entered upon his present enlarged establishment.

Mr G. desires to intimate to Gentlemen and families visiting this place, and also to parties who may not be inclined to keep house, that he can accommodate them with Board and Lodging in the lower part of his premises, fronting the Sea, at the lower part of 35 dollars per month, and in the upper part with spacious and airy apartments and board at the rate of 60 dollars per month.

The Wines, Spirits, and Ales, are of the first description; and in fact, those who may please to honor him with their presence at his Hotel, may rest assured that every thing will be done to ensure their comfort.

Victoria, 8th July 1846.

VICTORIA HOTEL, SHANGHAI.

D F RICHARDS, begs to inform the Foreign Community resident in China, that his new house being now nearly completed, will be opened (under the above title) for the accommodation of the Public on or about the 15th day of June next ensuing, when he trusts by strict attention to the comfort of his guests, and moderate charges, to render it worthy of their patronage.

P. F. R. having made arrangements for a constant supply of the very best Wines, Foreign and British Spirits, Ale, Porter, Beer, Soda Water, Lemonade &c. &c., and having spared no expense in the building and furnishing of his house, feels confident the accommodation and attentions met at the Victoria Hotel, cannot be surpassed by those of any other house of public resort in China.

N. B. - Shipping supplied with Fresh Provisions of every description, and of the very best quality on the most moderate terms.

Shanghai, 16th April 1846.

THE Undersigned respectfully begs leave to inform Captains of Vessels and the Public in general, that he is prepared to supply Ship and Cabin Stores of all descriptions, and Miscellaneous Articles of the best quality, and on the most reasonable Terms.

A PASSAGE BOAT leaves Whampoa for Canton twice daily, and PRIVATE BOATS may be engaged at any hour with good and trustworthy Crews. Goods transported by sea, and General Shipping Business executed with promptitude and dispatch. THOMAS HUNT, Store Ship Jardine, Whampoa Reach, 10th June 1846.

CHARLES BUCKTON,

DEGS leave to intimate that he has this day opened a house in the Queen's road, at the foot of Gerald's Hill, in connection with his establishment at Whampoa, for the purpose of supplying ships &c. with stores of every description: viz. Canvas, Twine, Cordage, Blocks, Bunting, Duck, Paints, Paint Oil, Turpentine, Tarr, Pitch, Varnish, Ship and Cabin bread, Flour, Provisions, Spices, Candles, Manila Charcoal, Tobacco, Oilman's Stores, Guns, Shot, Spars, Oars, Handspikes &c. &c. Brandy, Rum, Whisky, Geneva, Port, Sherry, Champagne, Claret &c. &c. India and London bottled Pale Ale, Barclay's Porter and various other stores. Superior Stores purchased or exchanged. Hongkong, 1st May 1846.

NOTICE. MR. NINAN CRAWFORD is authorised to sign for me by procurator at Hongkong from this date.

CHARLES BUCKTON: 2d April 1846.

DAILY EXPECTED FOR WILLIAM MITCHELL, FROM LONDON.

STOCKHOLM TAR and FITCH. Patent Europe Cordage from Huddart & Co. Rose Nails. Also, Hoopnails, Marline, and Hambro' Line. Deep Sea and Hand Lead Lines. Fishing Lines, Worming, Spinnarn & Black Lead and Paint Brushes. Sets of Best table Cutlery, Letter Clips, Stationery &c.

CHARLES BUCKTON, Queen's Road, and Whampoa Reach. Victoria, 2d July 1846.

FOR SALE. Ex "Cannota" FRESH Seltzer Water and Geneva. CHARLES BUCKTON: Victoria, 2d July 1846.

FOR SALE, Breakfast, Dessert, and Tea service, and other China ware; and Glassware of all kind. CHAS. BUCKTON, Victoria, 15th July 1846.

AN Invoice of Boots and Shoes from Edward Stunt No. 57 Strand. Just received and for sale by, F. FUNCK, Victoria, 13th July 1846.

NOTICE. EX "LADY MARY WOOD." A small invoice of Indian Gauze Undershirts and Drawers, manufactured expressly for this climate, by the old established house of J. & R. Motley of Nottingham. For sale by, F. FUNCK, Victoria, 19th June 1846.

JUST RECEIVED per Bangalore a consignment of superior Irish Linens, from the house of S. K. Mulla and Hinds of Belfast.

AND A small assortment of Ladies Figured Silk dresses of various colors, and elegant patterns. F. FUNCK, Victoria, 19th June 1846.

SUPERIOR PENKNIVES, manufactured by JOSEPH RODGERS & SONS, CUTLERS TO HER MAJESTY AND THE ROYAL FAMILY. No. 6 Norfolk Street, Sheffield.

A small invoice of the above superior Cutlery just received, and can be strongly recommended for the use of Offices. F. FUNCK, Victoria, 8th July 1846.

JUST RECEIVED FROM the well known house of C. J. HAMBRO & Son, Copenhagen. Green, Peas in Tins, Carrots, do. do. Cabbage, do. do. Roast Beef, do. do. Asparagus, do. do. Salmon, do. do. Roast veal, do. do. Eel in wine, do. do. & Lobsters, do. do.

F. FUNCK, July 14th, 1846.

A small invoice of jewellery consisting of— Ladies Brooches in Cameo and enamelled paintings. Ladies Rings. Gentlemen's Signet rings & Breast Pins, just fitted and for sale by, F. FUNCK, Victoria, 21st July 1846.

STATIONERY. FOR Sale a small and select Invoice of the above, consisting of Letter and Note paper, drawing Pencils, Inks of sorts, Quills, steel Pens, Indian Rubber, Blotting Books and paper, Waters, Sant-Wax, and every other article of Stationery required for the use of the office or the Study. Apply at, McMURRAY & Co's, Victoria, 7th July, 1846.

DARK BRANDY. MACMURRAY & Co. have just received a few dozens of the above named article, and being of very fine quality, they beg to recommend it strongly to their customers, friends and the public generally. Victoria, 7th July 1846.

JUST RECEIVED ex Donohoe, and for sale by the undersigned. Pale and Dark Brandy in Bhd's of first rate quality. Also, the Pale East India Ale, in Bottle 4 doz. Casks, an Invoice of Composition Candles, Tart Fruits, Pickles, Serivines &c.; Sheet Lead and white paint. HOLMES & BIGHAM, Victoria, 9th July 1846.

E. CHRISTOPHER, respectfully offers to the Public, at his Store, Queen's Road, an almost endless variety of Linnen Drapery, Haberdashery, and General Stores, and at Prices that he is assured will give general satisfaction. Victoria, 8th July 1846.

NOTICE. SMITH & BRIMLOW, beg respectfully to intimate to the Merchants of Victoria, that they have taken those dry and commodious Godowns in Keying House, where they shall be most happy to receive Goods on Storage upon moderate terms. Victoria, 6th May 1846.

SODA WATER, and BRATED LEMONADE. TO be obtained at the Manufactory of the undersigned. SMITH & BRIMLOW, No 1 and 2 Woosnam's Buildings, corner of Pottinger Street.

JUST RECEIVED and for Sale at the Stores of the undersigned a choice lot of Wines consisting of: Chateau Margaux. Marbrunhorner Hook of 1834. Noyersborg. Johannisberger. Lacrima Christi. Malaga sect.

The above Wines can be highly recommended. SMITH & BRIMLOW, Woosnam's Buildings, Queen's Road. NOTICE. WE The undersigned have formed a Partnership for the transaction of a General Agency, Auction and Commission business at Victoria Hongkong, under the Firm of DRINKER & HEYL. S. DRINKER. W. S. HEYL. Victoria, March 2nd 1846.

JUST RECEIVED, and for Sale an Invoice of Preserved Fruits, Jams &c.; consisting of Quinces, Apricots, Currants, Peaches &c. &c. Also, a quantity of Pump Leather and Window Glass. Apply to, DRINKER & HEYL, Victoria, 30th June 1846.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE - 2 of Farman's Patente Force Pumps, suitable for raising water to any part of a House, and equally useful in cases of Fire; also a quantity of Lead Pipes and Flanges for connecting the same. Apply to, DRINKER & HEYL, Victoria, 29th May 1846.

DRINKER & HEYL, offer for sale, at their Stores, superior Port, Sherry, Madeira, and Chateau Wines, Peppermint, and Cherry Cordials, Beer and Porter in Wood and bottles. Wine Bitters, Choice Butter in Kegs, Neats Tongues, Tobacco, Cigars, Old No. 3 and 4 Manila Cigarettes, Pain Oil, and Turpentine in cans, Bright Varnish, Ravens Duck, &c. &c. Victoria, 16th February, 1846.

JUST received, and on view at the Sale Rooms of the Undersigned, the following choice collection of Engravings by F. G. Moon, London. The Sacrament, Cottage Pley, The Coronation, Paul Fry, The Queen, Widowed Queen of Charles 1st, Prince Albert, Duke of Wellington, Dolly Varden, Disputed Sale, Twelfth Night, Pilgrims arriving at the Corais Isle, Holy city, Ancient Carthage, Maid of Saragossa, Grand Canal at Venice, Mercury and Argus, Early Moon, Seven's Plague, Babylon Bower, Ypica, White House, Cities of the plain, List man, Cottage Musicians, Shakespeare before Sir Lord Byron, Europa, Thos. Lacy, Sir-Walter Scott, Columbus, Richard and Richmond, Parish Beadle, Battle of Bowsworth, Baptism of the covenanters Bernes & Highland Mary, Smugglers Quarrelling, and a variety of other Engravings &c. &c. Also Lewis's Wilson's and Stansfield's Sketches in portfolio and Books; and Mashe's Architecture of the middle Ages. DRINKER & HEYL, Queen's Road.

NOTICE. DRINKER & HEYL have for sale a few sets of Roger's superior Table Cutlery and Penknives. Victoria, 30th June 1846.

FOR SALE. BY the undersigned a few Cases of superior English Paint Oil. C. MARKWICK, Pottinger Street, Victoria, 19th November, 1845.

DMERY, FRASER & Co, inform the Community of Hongkong, that they have a Horse SHORN and FARDED lately arrived, and though their establishment is rather distant from the centre of the town, Gentlemen may rely on having their Horses faithfully and expeditiously shod. Opposite the Catholic Burying Ground, JUNE 23rd 1846.

SHOPPING ARTICLES, according to the receipt of the undersigned, for sale at this office. Office "Friend of China". Victoria, 10th October, 1845.

REMARKS AND SPECULATIONS. Notwithstanding the pregnant character of the Corn Bill, as it respects the future state of parties and government in this country, even the liveliest politicians cannot speculate upon its consequences during its recent stoppage by the Irish Coroner Bill; but the removal of this obstruction to Sir Robert Peel's great measure has re-awakened the animating spirit of conjecture, and again all sorts of rumors and excited predictions have been put actively which it manifested six weeks ago. Sober observers, however, may be excused for doubting whether the time has yet come, whether the materials are yet sufficient, for forming a sound judgment on the probable results of the Corn Bill on the government of this country. But at any rate time is fast approaching; the facts which must influence the future are growing apace; and all men's thoughts are occupied with the subject. We have therefore thought it worth while to collect a number of the opinions and conclusions which have been published in the press on the subject, and to present them in the order of time and in concise impressions, that the Corn Bill having been read a second time in the House of Lords, will be altered in consequence of some amendment of the nature of a general duty. It is possible, may, on one condition, not be passed. It is possible, that Lord Stanley may be prevailed upon to signify his dissent. It is possible, that Lord Stanley may be prevailed upon to signify his dissent. It is possible, that Lord Stanley may be prevailed upon to signify his dissent.

but comprising so many of Peel's friends as would enable the two Ex-Ministers to give their confidence and general approval... The persons present and suitable colleagues of Lord John Russell, Earl of Derby, Lord Lincoln, and Mr. St. John Stansfeld, this house, Lord Lincoln, and Mr. St. John Stansfeld, this house, Lord Lincoln, and Mr. St. John Stansfeld, this house...

Recurring for a moment to our own speculation on the 21st of March, we cannot help doubting whether matters are ripe for a Ministry of fusion either complete or partial... Fusion is produced by fire, and the fire of necessity, which alone can bind the fragments of party into a government representing the intelligence and enforcing or advancing dispositions of the great public, has not yet been felt...

THE POETRY OF PROTECTION

When a national creed, or popular principle of any kind, falls into the hands of the artists, its deep and subversion are at hand... The worship of the beautiful supercedes the worship of the moral. The rude ark fashioned in the wilderness, travelling back alone from Philistian captivity, was enwreathed with an electric cloud of ether more powerful than ever filled up the glories either of first or second temple...

given at the close of an act in a blank verse (re-echoing). They make a splendid chorus. There is not a line of it, much to be said for their party, but it is at least as good as the cause in which it is engaged. Mr. Cayley could not make, we borrowed. The wretched his feelings by murmuring the sweet rhymes of 'Woodman, spare that tree'; and such relief did he experience that he inhaled the whole song upon the House. Perhaps the 'effect' might have been increased in potency by the singing of 'The Marquis of Guines' with variations:—

'Fellow, and on this charge, Cry, God for the Queen, England, and Lord George.' None of the speakers ventured upon entirely original poetry, though there are some very pretty 'parcel poets' among them. But the latter the party has been at work in the columns of the Standard, and so fascinating is the strain, that we cannot help echoing it even while we protest against its sentiments.

LORD FALKLAND: A GUBERNATORIAL TRIUMPH

Last week's Gazette contained an account of a scene in the No. 3 Scotch House of Assembly. In the course of a discussion raised by impetuous thrown out on the part of the Governor and his advisers against Mr. G. R. Young, on account of the projected railway from Halifax to Quebec—imputations extended to embrace his brother the Speaker—very strong and we will add very reprehensible language was used by Mr. Howe. For this, a majority of the House of Assembly concurred in a vote of censure against Mr. Howe.

Some time ago a company was formed in London having for its object the construction of a railway from Halifax to Quebec. On the provincial committee of this company were the names of some able and respectable men, and as subsequent events have showed—some names that had a wide discrimination been exercised, would never have appeared there. A correspondence was opened by the managing committee with a great many resident Colonists, and with the Government authorities in British North America.

As we understand at the time from the information we received—and as we infer from the subsequent proceedings—his object was to extend the local interest taken in the enterprise; to obtain satisfactory evidence that it would receive public support in the colonies; and to induce the Governments and Legislatures of the provinces throughout which the line was to pass to support it.

The interest in the scheme felt or affected by Lord Falkland and his councillors cooled visibly as soon as they saw the influence exerted by Mr. G. R. Young. The party, at a political party, sought to throw cold water upon the undertaking—to thwart the measures taken to elicit an expression of local public feeling in its support. Lastly, imputations derogatory to the character of the Messrs. Young were publicly advanced by members of the Government, and by Lord Falkland in his despatches on account of their supposed reluctance to the London Committee.

Justice and relevancy of the charges, and waived their claim to a vote of exoneration. It was in the course of a scrambling discussion arising out of these proceedings that Mr. Howe rashly and improperly used expressions to the effect that if the Governor continued to wage peaceful war by such unworthy and unwarrantable personalities, colonists might be obliged to resort to the redress with a stick of dynamite and condemn such expressions; even when passed between parties in a private station. Even between private individuals we will not allow that conduct like Governor Lord Falkland's towards the Messrs. Young and towards Mr. Howe on a former occasion, can palliate for a moment; if meant as a provocation to a duel, it is vulgar and undignified.

The case of Howe being settled and put out of court, the cases of the public against Falkland and his councillors, and Young's against the same parties, remain to be decided. These are really important questions. The Governor's conduct in the case of the police authority of Halifax is merely a case of the police authority of Halifax is merely a case of the police authority of Halifax is merely a case of the police authority of Halifax...

Lord Falkland's conduct on this and former occasions showed, his policy (if it deserves the name) is established solely by personal piques and predilections; and that he is by no means scrupulous as to the means by which he gratifies his vindictiveness, or the incidental damage that may accrue to the public from his indulgence of spleen. He is an unsafe man to place at the head of a colony. He recklessly incurs the risk of compromising its prosperity to gratify unamiable and paltry passions; and what is perhaps more dangerous, he expiates those over which his policy and the not responsible manner in which he prosecutes them. It is enough to shake the loyalty of any colony to have such a man placed over it.

THE OREGON QUESTION ITS TICKLISH POSITION

The Oregon question, in its present position, both in this country and England, has reached that point which creates universal anxiety for its fate, as well as general solicitude for its influence, at this time, on all business operations in this country. The negotiation, which was abruptly terminated last summer by the refusal to accept, on reasonable terms, a reasonable compromise which had been offered him by this government, might have been renewed, with more favorable auspices, since that time, but for the unfortunate course of action which has taken place in Congress, since the opening of the present session.

port the Executive, to know his wishes, to enjoy his confidence, and to have the honor and praise of his administration, to heart Mr. Polk, on the Oregon negotiation, up to the opening of the present session of Congress, exhibited a course of action which has received the sanction of the country and of all parties. At the opening of the session, he recommended a series of measures calculated to bring about a peaceful termination of the controversy; if moderate counsels would have availed the British government, and we have every reason to find our belief in the opinion, that would have been a peaceful and happy manner, but for the unfortunate course, pursued by his own friends both in Congress and out of Congress.

During the last two or three months, members in both houses of Congress were the first to bring up the subject of the Oregon negotiation, and to make it a general matter of debate. Now, this was all wrong. Mr. Polk asked for the 'notice' to terminate the 'joint occupancy.' His friends in Congress should have taken the position, and argued upon the terms on which it was to pass—and the notice for this purpose should have been passed almost unanimously, and in some degree without debate, by both Houses of Congress. This would have given moral force and strength to the Executive in his subsequent action; it would have presented to England the President and Congress of the United States in an undivided front, and commanded respect and influence in the eyes of the world.

The first error in this business was committed by the very organ of the President—the Union. That journal was selected to supply the place of the Union. By that selection it occupied a mysterious but important position towards the President and his cabinet—which may be called semi-official. Its sentiments, opinions, and statements acquired from that position a weight and authority which otherwise would not have been given to it.

Following up this idea, as soon as Congress met, we find the leading members of the Executive pursuing the same course—and greedily snatching the whole question from the hands of the President, and precipitating it upon the public mind in its extreme characteristics. Look on the conduct of the Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations. How indiscreet and improper that conduct has been! Instead of showing that dignified forbearance towards the Executive Government, regarding a subject of this importance, he is one of the first to hurry this matter into a debate, which rightfully should be confined to the private Executive Department, and the secret session of the Senate. This follows in the same wake the course of action pursued by the Union, and the position of the Oregon question is now more than ever in danger and difficulty.

Whatever be the result of the debate now going on in the Senate, on this subject—the evils protracted by the improper course of the President's friends, both in and out of Congress, are scarcely to be remedied, unless some favorable turn take place, of which we can tell nothing at this time. The position assumed by those who wish to make popularity out of the question—which first animated the Union, and now agitates certain members of Congress—may cause much embarrassment to the Executive government, so as to break up the negotiation altogether, and ultimately lead to war.

Whether these attempts, on the part of printers and silent makers, will have the effect which they desire, remains to be ascertained. On the other hand, if such an attempt should succeed, and the President's friends should be haranguing the country into the jaws of war while every one is expecting peace, the best course to be pursued, in order to get out of the dilemma in which these ambitious parties have placed the country, is to pass the notice, at once, by almost an unanimous vote, to pass a law within the terms of the treaty, such as will protect American citizens going to Oregon, and give an undivided assurance to the President, that he will be unanimously supported in bringing his administration to a close in the terms of the present aspect of the question.—Weekly Herald.