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VICTORIA, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 11TH, 1846.

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FOR ENGLAND, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, CEYLON AND INTERMEDIATE PORTS.

THE Peninsular and Oriental Company's Steam Ship BRAGANZA, Captain Lewis, with Her Majesty's Mails, will leave this for the above places on Sunday, the 29th of March, at 2 P. M.

Cargo will be received on board until Noon, and Specie until 4 P. M. on Saturday the 28th instant.

This Route affords an opportunity of visiting Singapore and Penang, remaining a short time at Ceylon, and thence proceeding to England by Overland Conveyance through Egypt in 54 days, to Madras in 30 days, and Calcutta in 31 days, from the date of leaving China. Steamers belonging to the H. E. I. Company are also understood to ply between Colombo and Bombay, thus affording Passengers a much more speedy means of reaching the latter place than is otherwise obtainable.

Cargo, Parcels, &c. may be forwarded to England, by the above Vessel with the same despatch as H. M. Mails; and Specie, Silk, or other Goods to Ceylon, Madras, and Calcutta, on Terms nearly the same as by sailing vessels, the rate of Insurance having been reduced by several Offices in favour of the Company's Steamers.

Arrangements are made in the Steamers throughout for the convenience of the Native Merchants of India, proceeding as Passengers; certain accommodation is also reserved in the Calcutta Steamers for Passengers from China joining the Suez line at Galle, to secure which it is requisite that a Notice of at least Two Months be given to the Company's Agent here.

Information regarding the Rates of Freight and Passage can be obtained by application at the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Comp's. Office; and Shippers of Cargo are requested to take notice, that no Goods can be received for Overland Transit unless packed in non-susceptible Coverings, as Wood, Matting, Tanned Cloth, &c. and the Contents and Value of each Package either marked on the outside, or declared in Writing at the time of Shipment.

J. A. OLDING, Agent.
P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office,
Hongkong, 9th March, 1846.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY'S STEAMER "BRAGANZA."

PASSENGERS and Shippers of Cargo by the above vessel are requested to take notice that she will be despatched on the 29th instant.

J. A. OLDING,
P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office,
Hongkong, 9th March, 1846.

FOR SINGAPORE AND BATAVIA.

THE Bally Brig "SIEWA," will be despatched as above on the 4th proximo. For freight or passage, apply to
BURD, LANGE & Co.
Victoria, 24th February, 1846.

TO LET.
A House in Pottinger Street opposite the R. C. Church and next to Mr Suortede, apply to
BUSH & Co.
Victoria, 6th March 1846.

TO LET.
A HOUSE situated on the North Side of Gough Street. Apply to
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

TO LET.
TWO Convenient Houses in Gough Street, with Verandahs, each containing nine Rooms, exclusive of outhouses, enquire of
ROWLAND REES,
Pottinger Street.
Victoria, 6th December, 1845.

TO LET.
A House in Gough Street. Apply to
JOHN CARR.

TO LET.
A Bungalow in Queen's Road, opposite the Albany Godowns, consisting of Six Rooms well ventilated below, with detached Offices and Stables complete. Apply to
TURNER & Co.
Hongkong, March 2nd, 1846.

TO LET.
THREE Houses situate in Wellington Street, commanding a fine view of the Bay. Early possession can be given. For further particulars apply to
R. OSWALD.
Victoria, 27th February, 1846.

FOR SALE.
MARINE Lot No. 64 Situated between the lots of Messrs. MACVICAR & Co and FRANKER JAMESON Esq., measures 200 feet sea frontage, and altogether is a very desirable lot. For further particulars apply to
FLETCHER & Co.—Hongkong.
or DROM, GRAY & Co.—Canton.
Victoria, 1st July, 1845.

TO LET.
A spacious bungalow on Chancery Road. Apply to
HUGHESON & Co.
Victoria, 3rd, January, 1846.

TO LET.
THE HOUSE in Queen's Road lately occupied by Phillips Moore & Co. Apply to
HUGHESON & Co.

TO BE LET.
THAT Commodious House, now occupied by Mr Gabriel; as the "British House" situated in Stanley and Graham Streets.
Possession can be given on the 4th of March, 1846. For further particulars apply to
C. MARKWICK, Auctioneer.
Pottinger Street, Victoria, 13th Feby. 1846.

TO LET.
SEVERAL convenient tenements situated in Wellington and Stanley Streets. The terms which are very moderate, may be known by applying to
BURD, LANGE & Co.
Queen's Road, Jan'y, 30th, 1846.

TO LET.
THE upper part of a commodious and will built dwelling House containing seven rooms with servants rooms, and outhouses with stabling. For further particular apply to,
D. LAPRAIK,
No. 1 Wellington Terrace D'Aguiar Street.
Victoria, 24th October, 1845.

NOTICE.
THE Commercial Business of the undersigned will from this date be continued, under the style of "Senn Van Basel & Co."
M. J. SENN VAN BASEL.
Canton, March 1st, 1846.

NOTICE.
PARTIES receiving letters directed to the late C. LLOYD, Esq. are requested to forward the same to the office of the undersigned at Macao. All charges or postage on the same will be paid on delivery.
M. J. SENN VAN BASEL,
His Netherlands Majesty's Consul.
Executor.

Nethlds. Consulate, Canton,
3rd October, 1845.

NOTICE.
THE undersigned has been appointed Agent at Macao for the India Insurance Company of Calcutta; and is ready to grant Policies, payable in London, Liverpool, Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Penang, Singapore and China.
J. J. REMEDIOS.
Macao, 1st February, 1846.

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY.
MESSRS DENT, BEALE & Co. are authorized to issue Policies on behalf of the Society at Shanghai, payable in Hongkong, Calcutta, Bombay, and London.
DENT, & Co.
Secs. Union Insurance Society.
Victoria, 1st January, 1846.

FOR SALE.
MADEIRA in Pipes, Hogsheads and quarter Casks from the well known House of Stoddart & Co. Port in Cases of 3 dozen each.
Hodgson and Abbots Pale Ale in Hogsheads. Apply to
DENT & Co.

NOTICE.
THE undersigned have received authority from the Directors of the Imperial Fire Insurance Office of London, to issue Policies on the New Buildings at Canton.
MACVICAR & Co.
Victoria, 23rd January, 1846.

FOR SALE.—AT the Godowns of Messrs Blenkin, Rawson & Co., Barton Ale in Hhds, from Worthington and Robinson.
Hongkong, 15th January 1846.

FOR SALE.
AT the Godowns of Messrs Blenkin, Rawson & Co. Allsops Pale Ale in bottle; Barclay's Porter in bottle, Superior Sherry, Madeira, and Port in wood and bottle.
Hongkong, 15th January, 1846.

NOTICE.
THE undersigned have been appointed Agents at Canton for the "Globe Insurance Office" of Calcutta, and are prepared to grant Policies payable in London, Calcutta, Bombay and Canton.
MACLEAN, DEARIE & Co.
Canton, 10th November, 1845.

FOR SALE.
THE undermentioned Wines from the House of Gladstones, King & Co. London.
Port in cases of 3 dozen
Madeira " " 3 " "
Champagne " " 1 " "
Apply to
LINDSAY & Co.
Victoria, 26th January, 1846.

FOR SALE.
WEBSTER, Gordon, Comart & Co's superior Madeira, in Hhds, quarter and half quarter casks, and in cases. FLETCHER & Co.
Hongkong, 1st March, 1845.

NOTICE.
MR F. H. TIEDEMAN is authorized to sign for our firm by procuration.
VANDERBURG ROMSWINCKEL & Co.
Canton and Macao, 31st January, 1846.

NOTICE.
THE business of the undersigned will from this date be conducted in the name of C. S. COMPTON & Co., his partners being as heretofore, EDWARD M. DANIELL, and WILLIAM DICKINSON of the firm of DANIELL, DICKINSON & Co. in London and Liverpool,
C. S. COMPTON.
Canton, 1st January, 1846.

MR. ROGER JACSON is authorized to sign our firm by procuration.
HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.
Victoria, 26th December, 1845.

NOTICE.
MR WILLIAM WARD BROWN is authorised to sign for our Firm by procuration.
HEGAN & Co.
1st January, 1846.

NOTICE.
MR HENRY LIND is authorized to Sign for our Firm by Procuration.
R. OSWALD & Co.
Victoria, Hongkong, 27th February, 1846.

CIRCULAR.
MR. FRANKLYN, General Commission, Land and Shipping Agent, receives goods from outside ships and stores them on the most moderate terms in dry and secure godowns, sells them Public or private sale as required. A variety of goods on view at the show rooms.
Queen's Road February, 17th 1846.

NOTICE.
THE undersigned beg to notify, that they have formed a partnership for the transaction of a general Commission and Agency business at Canton, under the firm of CARLOWITZ, HARKORT & Co. RICHARD CARLOWITZ. BERUHARD HARKORT.
Canton, 1st January, 1846.

LOTTERY.
OF that unfinished House, and Ground attached, situated in Wellington and Peel Street (opposite the premises of Mons. Dupuig) measuring on the North side 119 feet, on the South side 119 feet, on the East side 76 1/2 feet, and on the West side 76 1/2 feet, containing in the whole 8,980 square feet; and registered in the Land Office as Lot No. 72, at the yearly Crown Rent of £24.8.11. Valued, Spanish Dollars Four thousand, and divided into forty chances, at \$100 each.
Names of Subscribers will be received by the undersigned; and at Macao, by Mr John Smith. Due notice of the drawing will be given to Subscribers so soon as the scheme is filled up.
W. H. FRANKLYN.
Victoria, 23rd February, 1846.

NOTICE.
THE STEAMER CORSAIR, 120 horse-power, runs regularly between Hongkong and Canton, leaving the former place every Monday and Thursday evening at 9 o'clock, and the latter every Wednesday and Saturday morning. Passages, booked Parcels, and packages, received at the Steam office, Queen's Road, until 9 o'clock on the evening of her departure.
RATES OF PASSAGE:—
Cabin \$ 12
Steerage " 6
Freight of Treasure 1/2 P Cent.
All Payable at the office.
W. H. FRANKLYN.
Queen's Road, February 17th, 1846.

HOUSES.
FOR private sale that unfinished house situate in Wellington Street and facing the one occupied by Mon's Dupuig, French Tailor. Apply to
W. H. FRANKLYN,
Land Agent &c.
Queen's Road, February 3rd, 1846.

SMITH & BRIMELOW.
Ship Chandlers, Wholesale and Retail Wine and Spirit Merchants, and Commission Agents &c.
No 1 & 2 WOOLNAMS BUILDINGS.
HAVE for sale all kinds of Stores suitable for Ships; such as Canvas, Blocks, Rope, Twine, Beef, Pork, &c. &c. Also Stores suitable for families, Double Gloucester Cheese, Butter in small Kegs and Jars, York hams, Coffee, Chocolate, Preserved Meats and Soups, Sauces and Pickles assorted, Sardines, Prunes, Bloom Raisins, Pearl Barley, Jams and Jellies, Tea in small packages superior Bristol Tripe, Salmon, Tongues.

ALSO
Beer and Porter in Cask, Barclay and Perkins Stout in bottles, Allego's Beer.
Superior Port and Sherry, Madeira in wood and bottles, Victoria, old Cognac, Whiskey in cask and bottle. Cask Brandy, Cherry Cordia, and a variety of other articles.
Victoria, 26th December 1845.

SODA WATER
AND
CRATED LEMONADE.
TO be obtained at the manufactory of the undersigned.
SMITH & BRIMELOW.
No 1 and 2 Woolnams Buildings, corner of Pottinger Street.

JUST received, a small Invoice of Primo new Bloom Muscatel Raisins in small fancy Cartons; in excellent condition.

SMITH & BRIMELOW.
Woolnams Buildings, 27th February, 1846.

NOTICE.
THE Undersigned have formed a partnership, for the transaction of a general Agency and Commission business, under the respective Firms of RAWLE, DUUS & Co. at Victoria, and DUUS, RAWLE & Co. at Shanghai.
S. B. RAWLE.
N. DUUS.
Victoria, Hongkong, 1st October, 1845.

ROMAN CEMENT.
FOR sale at the Godown's of the undersigned a consignment of Roman Cement.
RAWLE, DUUS & Co.
Victoria, Queen's Road, 9th Feby. 1846.

JUST Received per late arrivals and for sale by the subscribers.
Patent Salamander Safes of various sizes warranted secure in the hottest fire.
ALSO.
Patent Weighing Machines from 700'a 2,300 pounds, which can be made to weigh peculs and cwties.
RAWLE, DUUS & Co.
Victoria, 28th October, 1845.

FOR SALE.
SUPERIOR Sherry and Madeira in wood; also a few half pipes and quarter casks Cape and Tenerife Wines, Sherry, Madeira, Port, Claret, Cognac, Cherry Brandy, in 1 2 & 3 dozen cases.
RAWLE, DUUS & Co.
Victoria, 28th October, 1845.

FOR SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED.
AN assortment of Anchors and Chain Cables, Europe, Manila and Coir Rope, Hemp and Cotton Canvas, and several Spars for lower and topmasts.
RAWLE, DUUS & Co.
Victoria, 28th October, 1845.

FOR SALE.
100 Piculs Camphor; packed ready for shipment.
RAWLE, DUUS & Co.
Victoria, 25th February, 1846.

FOR SALE.
SAUNDERS Pale October brewed ale in Wood, Allsops Beer in Wood, Port and Sherry, Champagne and Claret.
Apply to
ROBERT STRACHAN.
Victoria, 25th July, 1845.

CARD.
THE undersigned has established himself in this place as a Commission and General Agent in connection with Messrs FOLBER BROTHERS & Co. (Speccher, Canton Appenrell) Switzerland carrying on business under this name and on account of this firm.
L. EUYSTER.
Manila, 13th July, 1845.

FOR SALE.
ANCHORS, Chains, Europe and Manila Rope, Navy and bleached Canvas, Navy Duck, Bunting, Paints, Oil, Salt Provisions, Bread, Flour and Marine Stores of all descriptions, Wines, Spirits, Beer and Porter in wood and bottle, Iron and Lead Water pipe, Sheet Lead, Solder, Oeres, Plaster of Paris and Stencelling Patterns, Stoves, Grates with Fenders &c. to match. Nautical Almanacs for 1846, and Manila Cheroots No. 3 and 4.
13 Queen's Road,
Victoria, 1st December, 1845.

FOR SALE.
MEDHURST'S Chinese & English Dictionary \$ 10.00
Ditto ditto in superior binding, " 11.00
Medhurst's Dictionary of the Hokkoon Dialect, " 10.00
Medhurst's Comparative Vocabulary of the Chinese, Korean and Japanese languages, " 2.00
Medhurst's Dictionary in the Favorlang Dialect of the Formosan language, " 2.00
Medhurst's Dialogues in the Mandarin Dialect, " 2.50
Medhurst's Notes on Chinese Grammar, " 1.50
Medhurst's State and Prospects of China, " 2.00
The late Translation of the four Books, " 3.00
Primer's Notitia Linguae Sinicae, " 5.00
Fables of the Emperor Ching-Tih: a Chinese Tale, translated into English by Tain-Shen, late of the Anglo Chinese College, Malacca, " 5.00
A Lexicon of the English, Malay and Chinese Language, " 1.50
Apply at the London Missionary Society's Institution, Hollywood Road, Victoria, 26th January, 1846.

SODA WATER.
ON SALE.—At the Store of Mr. John Smith in Macao from Dr. Hunter's Soda Water Manufactory there.
Macao, 11th January, 1845.

BRITISH HOTEL.
M. GABRIEL has taken a commodious house situated at the Corner of Graham Street, a short distance south of the Queen's Road, which he intends to conduct as a Hotel under the above title. Gentlemen favouring him with their patronage will find their comfort strictly attended to.
All the articles supplied will be of the first quality.
A Tourist's Billiard Table at the Premises.
Victoria, 11th March, 1846.

THE FRIEND OF CHINA AND HONGKONG GAZETTE.

VICTORIA, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 11th, 1846

We have received the Calcutta Star of the 24th of January, from which we have extracted such paragraphs as relate to the movements of the army, or are at all connected with the present aspect of affairs in the Punjab.

The Overland Calcutta Star of the 21st January contains the official despatches narrating the operations of the 18th, 21st and 22nd of December. The greater part of these documents have already appeared in the columns of the China Mail, and are familiar to most of our readers. We give, in a condensed form, the "General Orders of the Right Hon'ble the Governor General."

The Governor-General again cordially congratulates His Excellency, Gen. Sir Hugh Gough, G. C. B., on the great and important victories obtained by the Army under his immediate command.

The Governor General, in the name of the Government and of the people of India, gratefully acknowledges the noble services rendered to the public by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, by all the General and other Officers, and by the Non-Commissioned Officers, and Soldiers of the brave Indian Army.

The Governor-General's thanks are due to all the Infantry Regiments of H. M. and to the 1st European Light Infantry of the E. I. C.'s Service, all of which Regiments distinguished themselves by the most devoted courage in braving the destructive fire of the Enemy's Batteries, and valiantly capturing their Guns.

The Governor General offers his thanks more especially to H. M.'s 3rd Dragoons, who on all these occasions sought opportunities of useful conflict with the enemy, and fought with that superiority over their opponents which skill and discipline impart to brave and determined men.

The European and Native Artillery maintained their accustomed character for steady unyielding courage, when exposed to a heavy and galling fire.

The Governor-General's thanks are justly due to the brave Infantry of the Native Army, whose valor so mainly contributed to these Victories, and he cannot withhold his admiration for the patience and perseverance with which they endured privations insuperable from forced marches.

The Artillery, Cavalry and Infantry, united together by the bonds of mutual esteem, may be confident that when they rely on each others courage, the three arms combined and acting together, will ever be found to be an invincible Army.

The Government of India, as a tribute of their esteem for the meritorious conduct of the Troops engaged in the recent operations, will grant to every Officer and Soldier in the Service of the Government of India, engaged in these Battles, a Medal to be worn with their uniforms, on which the word Ferozshah shall be inscribed, as denoting that they have served in the important Campaign.

The Commander-in-chief will be so good as to furnish the Governor-General with lists of all the officers and soldiers engaged in the operations of this campaign.

The Governor-General is further pleased to order that the following corps be permitted to wear the word "Ferozshah" upon their appointments, standards, and colors, in perpetual commemoration of their gallant services."

- 1st and 3d Brigade Horse Artillery. 2d, 3d, and 4th Co. 4th Battn. 2d and 4th Co. 4th Battn., and 2d Co. 7th Battn. Foot Artillery. Governor-General's Body Guard. 4th, 5th and 8th Regiments, Light Cavalry. 3d, 8th, and 9th Regiments Irregular Cavalry. 1st European Lt. Infantry. 2d, 12th, 14th, 16th, 24th, 26th, 33d, 42d, 44th, 45th, 47th, 48th, 54th, and 73d Regiments of Native Infantry.

From the perusal of our Indian papers we acquire a good deal of information connected with the campaign of Ferozshah. The Sikhs appear to have been well acquainted with the condition of Sir Hugh Gough's army, its position, strength, and artillery. The British General was evidently badly informed as to the strength of the invading force, and ignorant of the country between Ferozepore and the river Sutlege, where the desperate actions were fought. The capture of the Governor General's tent by a Sikh picquet shows, that the Commander in Chief had no idea of his being in the immediate presence of the enemy, who not only had an army of four times the number of men, but also had his encampment fortified with a hundred pieces of artillery of a larger calibre than those attached to the Indian army. The actions of the 21st and 22nd were not the usual pitched battles of disciplined armies. In point of fact, they were the storming of fortifications by an inferior force, and probably the courage displayed by the European and Indian troops has seldom, if ever, been excelled. When we read of 16 out of 22 officers belonging to one regiment being killed or wounded, we form some idea of the withering fire under which the troops advanced to storm the Sikh encampment. When Sir Henry Hardinge placed himself at the head of the left wing of the army, and lead them into action, he was well aware that he exposed himself to censure, as his death, or captivity, would have been attended with the most disastrous results. The hero of Albuera saw that the danger was imminent and again endowed with the eye of a General and the soul of a hero, he boldly took upon himself the responsibility of venturing one more throw for victory. An Indian contemporary truly says, "The man and soldier behaved nobly, but the Governor General forgot himself."

The deficiency in cavalry and artillery at Ferozshahr was deeply felt, and has been much commented upon. It now appears, that a part of our force, who had engaged at Moodkee on the 18th, were ordered back to Ferozepore by the Assistant Adjutant General. This body consisted of artillery and cavalry, and their absence at Ferozshahr caused much of the slaughter among the 3rd Dragoons, who had to fight hand to hand with cavalry far exceeding them in number. Unable to silence the batteries with the small force of artillery on the ground, the infantry were obliged to storm them, and this was done at a fearful sacrifice of life. The Assistant Adjutant General has been placed under arrest, and a court martial been ordered to enquire into the affair. It is said that medical certificates will be produced to show that he was of unsound mind when the order to fall back upon Ferozepore was issued. In addition to the war with the Sikhs the Indian Government have had to defeat conspiracy in their own territory. It is said that at Dinapore attempts were made to corrupt the fidelity of the native soldiery. The conspiracy was discovered and one of the principal agents—the Moonshie of a regiment—executed; the Government however keep all the particulars secret. The most absurd rumours have been circulated among the natives of British India. Sikh Emissaries have even been in Calcutta, and reports of the total defeat of the British army have been current among the native populace. In some instances, the Company's paper was sold at a discount of from 10 to 15 per cent! The promulgation of the official despatches will, however, show the stability of the Government; and the conquest of the Punjab add a principality to British India. It is said that the British army would cross the Sutlege on the 2nd of February, the Sikhs having abandoned their position on the banks of the river, and destroyed their bridge of boats. It is thought that the enemy will occupy some strong position near Lahore, and that there will be another fierce conflict before our army takes possession of the capital. To our military readers the following table will be of some interest.

Head Quarters, Camp, Hurruf 1st January.—An augmentation having been made to the army of the Sutledge, a new disposition of the force is necessary, and with the sanction of the Right Honorable the Governor-General of India, the whole will accordingly be formed into divisions and brigades, and staff officers attached to them as set forth in the following detail: the new appointments created under this arrangement are to have effect from this date.

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DETAIL.

DIVISIONAL STAFF.

- Brigadier G. E. Gowan, c b Commandant. Captain E Christie, Deputy Assist. Adjt. Genl. Brevet Captain W. K. Warner, Commissary of Ordnance.

BRIGADE STAFF.

- Brigadier G. Brooks Brevet Capt M. Mackenzie, Maj of Brigade Brigadier E Hiddulph, c b Brevet Capt E G Austin, Major of Brigade. Brigadier G G Dennis, 1st Lieut E Kaye, Maj of Brigade.

ENGINEER DEPARTMENTS.

- Lieut Col E J Smith c b, chief engineer Major F Abbott Major B Y Reilly Captain W H Graham Captain W E Baker Captain J W Robertson Brevet Capt H Siddons, Adjt Sappers & Miners. 1st Lieut R Spens 1st Lieut R Stranchev 1st Lieut R B Smith 1st J R Becher 1st Lieut H Yule 1st Lieut F Whiting 2d Lieut W D A R Short 2d Lieut O P Herbbert 2d Lieut D G Robinson 2d Lieut A Toyjot 2d Lieut G Sim 2d Lieut A Fraser 2p Lieut CS Paton 2d Lieut H Drummond 2d Lieut J C Harris 2d Lieut G Hutcheson Lieut I E Cracroft 69th N I Interpreter Capt R Napier, Major of Brigade

- Major General Sir J. Thackwell, k c b and k n, Her Majesty's service, Commandant Lieut E. Roche, 3d light dragoons, Aide-de-camp. Captain J. Tritou, 3d light dragoons, Deputy Assist Adjt General. Captain C. F. Havelock, Her Majesty's 9th foot, Deputy Assist Quarter master General.

- Major General Sir H. G. Smith, k c b, Her Majesty's service. Lieut E A Holdich, H M 10th foot, Aide-de-camp. Captain E Lugard, Her Majesty's 31st foot, Deputy Assist Adjt General. Lieutenant A S Galloway, Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General.

- Major General W R Gilbert, Honorable Company's service, Lieut F McD Gilbert, officiating Asst Aide-de-camp. Capt R Houghton, officiating Asst Adjt General. Lieutenant J S Rawson, 63rd native infantry, officiating Deputy Asst Quarter Master General.

- Major General Sir R H Dick, k c s and k c n, Her Majesty's service. Lieutenant H Bates, Aide-de-camp. Captain J R Pond, Deputy Asst Adjt General. Lieutenant J S Paton, 14th regt native infantry, officiating Deputy Asst Quarter Master General.

- Major General Sir J H Lister, k c s Honorable Company's service. Capt F W Burroughs, 17th n i, Aide-de-camp. Brevet Maj P Innes, Deputy Asst Adjt General. Capt J F Egerton, Deputy Asst Qr master Genl.

- Maj Genl Sir J Grey, k c s, Her Majesty's service. Brevet Major W L Taylor, Aide-de-camp. Brevet Major G C Pomeroy, Asst Adjt General. Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General.

- Brigadier J Scott c b. Capt S Fisher, Major of Brigade. 2d Brigade. Brigadier A Campbell, c b and k n [of Bri] Capt A Spottiswood Maj. 3d Brigade. Bri. C R Cureton, c b. Lieut R Fattinson, Major of Brigade. 4th Brigade. Brigadier D Harriott Lieut W Wyld, 4th L C. Major of Brigade. INFANTRY. 1st Division. 1st Brigade. Brigadier S Bolton, c b. Capt J Garvoek, H M 31st foot, Maj of Brigade. 2d Brigade. Bri. H M Wheeler, c b. Capt P O'Hanlon, Major of brigade. 2d Division. 3d Brigade. Brigadier G C Taylor, c b. Lieut G H M Jones, H M 29th foot, major of brigade. 4th Brigade. Brigadier J McLaren, c b. Capt H T Combe, 1st Euro L I, major of brigade. 5th Brigade. Bri. T Reed, h m's 62d L. Capt J L Taylor, 26th L I, major of brigade. 6th Brigade. Brigadier C D Wilkinson. Capt P Gordon, 14th regt N I, major of brigade. 7th Brigade. Brigadier L R Stacy, c b. Lieut H F Dunford 69th regt N I, major of brigade. 8th Division. 9th Brigade. Brigadier the Honorable T Ashburnham. Capt C J E Bursan, Major of brigade. 10th Brigade. Brigadier A Carney. Capt P Hay, 54th regt N I, major of brigade. 11th Division. 12th Brigade. Brigadier B W W Linn, c b. Capt M E Lohie, major of brigade. 13th Brigade. Brigadier J E Harbord. Capt R Thacker, Major of brigade. 14th Brigade. Brigadier St Peary. Brevet Capt R Troup, Major of brigade.

- Superintending Surgeon C W Mackinnon, M D. Field Surgeon, J Steel, M D. Medical store-keeper, Asst. Surg. J Harrison M D. Post Master Lieut R H Hicks, 1st European light infantry. In charge of the treasury chest, Capt. W G Lenoir, 42d light infantry. Deputy Judge Advocate General, Capt. G. Carr.

We are indebted to a friend for the Star of the 21st, from which we extract some more Military intelligence. It appears that the army for the invasion of the Punjab will be upwards of fifty thousand strong, after they are joined by the force from Scinde.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.—The General Orders, which we republish in our "Supplement" contain as usual of late a large amount of interesting matter. The chief item is the remodelling of "the Army of the Sutlej," in consequence of the large accession of Regiments to its former strength. It will, when the corps specified in the order and now on the march join the armament, consist of: 11 Troops of H. Arty numbering say. 1000 men 8 Companies of Foot Arty: about 600 " 7 Companies Sappers and Miners, 800 " 3 Regiments of European Cavalry, at 450 1,350 " 7 Regiments of Native Light Cav., at 400 2,800 " 5 Regiments of Irregular Cavalry, at 700 3,500 " 9 Regiments European Infantry, at 750 6,750 " 26 Regiments of Local Infantry, at 800 20,800 " 2 Regiments of Local Infantry, at 800 1,600 "

Forming a total of about 39,800 " Besides which the following corps are on their way, or under orders:—The 4th Regiment Bengal Infantry, from Sind; the 7th Ditto ditto from Delhi; 72d ditto ditto from the same station, and the Kumaon Local Battalion; as also Captain Smith's Light Field Battery from Sind, which, when they have joined the force, will make "the Army of the Sutlej" of the following estimated strength. Artillery:— 1,680 men Sappers and Miners:— 800 " Cavalry:— European 1,350 Native 2,800 Irregular 2,500 7,650 " Infantry.— European 6,750 Native 23,200 Irregular 2,400 32,350 " Ordnance.— Heavy 24-pounders 12 Howitzers 10 inch. 6 " 8-inch. 0 Iron 12-pounders 12 Already with the force, siege guns taken from Umballah, where they were sent for practice from Delhi. 8 11 Troops Horse Artillery. 66 5 Light Field Batteries. 30 making the Proposed Army to consist of 42,480 men, with 140 pieces of Ordnance of all sizes.

THE SINDH ARMY.

The Sindh Army is of course not included in this enumeration, and will, to judge by the preparations which are being made in Bombay, be not less than from 8, to 10,000 strong.

The value of the Punjab to Great Britain is difficult to estimate. We have heard the revenue rated at £2,500,000. This was during the reign of Runjeet Singh, but since then it has probably decreased. The shawls of Cashmere, which reach India solely by the Punjab, pay a transit duty of £180,000 yearly. The salt mines are a government monopoly; the profit is estimated £100,000. The other branches of revenue are exorbitant taxes on land and agricultural stock. Sir A. Burnes says "there is perhaps no inland country which possesses greater facilities for commerce than the Punjab, and there are few better supplied with the products of the mineral, animal and vegetable kingdoms. These relieve it from any great dependence on external resources. The wheat and barley of the plains are expended within the country; and such is the number of horses, that gram, bajree, and other grains reared in a dry soil are imported. Rice is exuberantly produced under the mountains; but it is not a diet which suits the palate of the people. The Coco thrives luxuriantly, and Sugar is manufactured for export. Indigo is raised east of Lahore, and exported to the Mahomedan country westward. Esculent vegetables, such as turnips, carrots &c. are produced every where; and most of the vines and fruits trees common to Europe may be seen in the mountains."

Other travellers give a less favorable description of the Punjab. Mr Elphinstone says that "not one third part of the country is under tillage, and that no part of the Punjab will bear a comparison with British India." According to another writer (Mr Trevelyan) "vegetable products are abundant only in the central parts, through which Burnes travelled. The climate in the north, though hot in summer, is as cold in winter as that of France and central Europe, and never sufficiently warm to mature the most valuable products of India."

The United States Ships Columbus and Vincennes are expected hourly. After a short visit the Columbus will proceed to Manila, Commodore Biddle hoisting his pennant on board the Vincennes. The Columbus and Vincennes are magnificent ships of their class.

We hear, that the detachment of H. M. 98th, now in garrison, will embark for Chusan immediately. This is not with the intention of strengthening the force at Chusan, but merely to have the regiment united and ready for embarkation, according to orders expected from India, or from the Horse Guards.

In a late issue, we stated that H. M. S. Hazard had sailed for England. This is not correct; the Hazard had a million of dollars on board, and was under orders for England, but from the defective state of the machinery of H. M. Steamer Vixen, it was thought advisable to send her home and retain the Hazard for a few months. The Hazard is now engaged on the service intended for the Vixen. She has gone to Borneo to ascertain the state of affairs at Malacca. It is said, that the pirate Chief has strengthened his position, and intimated to Sir Thomas Cochrane, that if he again visits him he will get a warm reception. The Hazard joins the naval Commander in Chief at Singapore, and it is possible that in the course of a few months we will have another brush with the people of Malacca.

Whilst we write—at 4 past 12 a. m. of Wednesday—a fire is raging in the native part of the town. Several houses have been completely

destroyed but as the fire continues we must reserve particulars to our next issue. Our Canton readers will understand, that the fire is confined to the China town, and that no European house is the slightest danger.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

- MARCH, 6, John Christian, Thomas, Whampoa. 6, Torrington, Nell, Whampoa. 6, Dart (Am), Baylies, Shanghai. 7, Bengalee, Fisher, Liverpool. 7, Sylph, Macdonald, Calcutta. 7, Pantaloon, Stones, Cumingmoon. 7, Mischief, White, Typa. 7, Sultana, Wadge, Whampoa. 9, Dorothy, Brown, Whampoa. 9, Water Witch, Forgan, Singapore.

SAILED.

- MARCH, 6, Fliberty, Grierson, Cape of Good Hope. 6, Dart (Am), Baylies, Whampoa. 6, Siewa (Bailey), Knudsen, Macao and Singapore. 7, Greyhound, Hutchinson, London. 7, Mizeppa, Macfarlane, East Coast. 7, Midas (Am. st.), Poor, Canton. 9, Good Success, Cowie, Bombay. 9, John Christian, Thomas, Liverpool. 9, Mischief, White, Singapore. 10, Sultana, Wadge, Bombay.

REPORTS.

- Torrington, Nell, East Coast. Anonyma, Calcutta, to-day. Chatham, Ibery, Whampoa. Bengalee, Fisher, Wampoa. Humayoon, Cameron, Whampoa.

BILLS on London, drawn under Messrs. Baring Brothers & Co's. Credits, in sums to suit purchasers, for sale by, J. N. A. GRISWALD. Canton, March 5th 1846.

WANTED.

TWO respectable Youths as apprentices to the Plumbing and Painting business. For particulars apply to Mr. A. CARLIN. No. 3 Stanley Street Victoria, 9th March 1846.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE undersigned will sell by Public Auction, on Thursday, the 12th inst, at 11 o'clock A. M. at Chinam's Hong.

WITHOUT RESERVE.

An assortment of Stationery suitable for printing and other purposes, Quills and Inkstands, white and colored cotton braces, and a quantity of Coward's Marrow Pomatum.

A variety of other articles, daily to be seen at the Sale Room.

Terms Mexican Dollars or Rupees.

McEWEN & Co. - Auctioneers.

Chinam's Hong and Queen's Road

Victoria, 9th March, 1846.

TO BE LET OR SOLD.

A small verandah Cottage west of the jail wall (and situated next door to the residence of A. L. Inglis) containing two rooms with a small garden attached. Rent \$6 per month, or to be sold for \$175.

ALSO.

To let (next door to A. L. Inglis) a Cottage with two verandahs, containing 3 Rooms with a garden attached and stabling for one Horse. Rent \$10 per month.

Victoria, 10 March 1846.

JUST IMPORTED

A small invoice of superior black Hats; for sale by, F. FUNCK, Opposite the Commissariat, March 11th 1846.

JUST LANDED, ex "Humayoon," and for sale at the stores of the undersigned, a small invoice of prime Cheshire Cheese,

ALSO.

A quantity of Dunbar & Son's bottled Pal Ale in packages of 4 dozen each; and a small assortment of Gentlemen's superior black hats.

SMITH & BRIMELOW.

Victoria, 10th March 1846.

PUBLIC SALE.

UNDER A DISTRESS FOR RENT.

MR. MARKWICK, is instructed to sell by Public Auction, at 12 o'clock noon, this day, on the premises of Samuel Long Vessey, a quantity of Household furniture, Boat complete, Timber, and a variety of other articles, as per hand Bills. - Unless the execution be previously satisfied.

Victoria, 11th March 1846.

FOR SALE.

A Splendid rich toned square Piano forte; just landed. W. H. FRANKLYN.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

MR. FRANKLYN begs to give notice, that the sale of Land and Houses advertised to take place on 10th inst. is postponed until a future period. Due notice of the day will be given in a subsequent paper. Queen's Road, 11th March, 1846.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

W. H. FRANKLYN will sell by Public Auction this day at 11 o'clock precisely at his rooms Queen's Road.

Three chests damaged Malwa Opium for benefit of the concerned. ALSO. A lot of wines, consisting of Port, Sherry, Hock, and Champagne; also Cherry Brandy, Gin, and a few boxes candles and Tobacco; a quantity of colored Long cloths, and white Drills and any other articles which may offer previous to sale.

Terms of Sale, cash on delivery in Mexican Dollars, or Rupees 229 per \$100 Mexican, & Spanish at par. All lots to be cleared the day after the sale.

Victoria, 10th March, 1846.

COMPOSITORS WANTED. - Apply at this Office. Office "Friend of China."

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

LADIES Maid, or Servant to attend upon a Lady and two Children residing at Canton Apply at the Office of the "Friend of China."

RAFFLE.

TO be Raffle for at Mackay & Co's. Queen's Road, Hongkong, as soon as the shares are filled up, the following New Elegant and highly finished works, in 100 shares at \$10 each, in the following lots, each subscriber being sure of gaining a prize.

Subscriptions from Canton, Macao, or elsewhere, to be accompanied with an order on Parties resident in Hongkong.

Table with columns: No, NAME OF WORK, £ s. d. Includes items like Blackwoods Magazine, Arabian Antiquities, Stothards Monumental Effigies, etc.

WANTED.

BAKER. One who understands his business in all its branches, and of steady habits. Apply to J. MILLER. No. 1 & 2 Oswald's Buildings, 11th Feby. 1846.

HOLMES & BIGHAM have for sale, Gold and Silver skeleton and plain lever Watches, Pistols in cases, Wiltshire Cheese and Camberland Hams, Butter in kegs and jars, Beef, Pork, and Tongues in small and large barrels, English Paint Oil, best White Lead in 28lbs kegs, Sheet Lead, Beer, Porter, Brandy, Rum, Gin and Whiskey in bottles and cask, Champagne, Claret, Port, Sherry, Cordials &c., Blankets, Regatta Shirts, Chesterfield wrappers &c. &c. H. & B. have also a small family medicine chest ready fitted up, and a few tape lines on sale. Victoria, 20th February, 1846.

FOR SALE. - By the undersigned. Champagne, Hock, Beer, and Stout, all of the first quality. EDWARD NEWMAN. Victoria 7th October, 1845.

STATEMENT OF THE LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE ORIENTAL BANK.

Table with columns: Deposit and other Liabilities, Reserved Fund, Net Stock, Cash and Government Securities, Bills Outstanding, Cash credits and Loans on Security, Dead Stock, Balances due by other Banks.

LONDON, 1st December 1845.

(Signed) EDWARD LANGLEY Acting Accountant. (Signed) G. W. ANDERSON Chairman of the Board of Directors.

Published for the information of Proprietors in China. By Order of the Bombay and China Board of Directors.

JAMES SINCLAIR, JAMES MACEWEN. Joint Managers.

Victoria, 2nd March, 1846.

DISPENSARY,

4 French Hong, CANTON.

FOR SALE THE FOLLOWING SELECT MEDICINES &c.

- Butlers Tasteless Seidlitz Powders. Concentrated Decoction of Sarsaparilla, of double strength, to obviate fermentation. Capsules Gelatineuses. Castor Oil Capsules. Concentrated Disinfecting Solution of Chloride of Lime. Stomachic Bitters. Spirit of Camphor. Castor Oil, Superior Cold drawn. Liston's Healing Solution. Rose Water. Granville's Lotion. Prepared Chalk. Perfumed Chalk Balls. Lip Salve. Aromatic Syrup of Rhubarb. Tooth Powder. Hydriodate of Potash. Carbonate of Soda in Bottles. Gregory's Powder. Chalybeate Salts. Quinine in Bottle and in Pills. Turkey Rhubarb. Balsamic Paste. Suspensory Baudages. Hernia trusses. Ear Syringes. Urethra do. Bone and Glass. Lavement Machines. Patent Lint. Specific Solution of Hydriodate of Potash and Sarsaparilla etc. for Rheumatism and Chronic Cutaneous affections. Spirits of Wine. Sponges, Liquorice, Rowland's Toothache drops. Hoffman's Anodyne. Fleshbrukes. Medicinc Chests. SODA WATER etc. etc. etc.

E. CULLEN, M. R. C. S. L. L. A. I. 4 French Hong, Canton.

PORTO NOVO IRON WORKS.

THE INDIA IRON AND STEEL COMPANY, have again blown in their Furnaces, and are now ready to execute orders for Pig Iron and Iron Castings of every description.

From improvements in the Manufacture of their Iron, they are now capable of making Castings of the softest description and malleability, and of great strength which can be filed, turned and bored with ease.

The uniform and excellent strong quality of their Pig together with the superiority of their Castings, give them confidence in the perfect certainty of executing any orders they may receive to the entire satisfaction of those who may employ them.

The arrangements to complete their Forge are nearly finished, and they hope by the beginning of the year to supply Bar Iron of all sizes, uniform in quality and equal to the best European Marks.

Castings of the following description may be procured: - Large Castings: - Columns or Pillars, Beams and Pipes, for Buildings, &c. Small Castings: - Plain and Ornamental Brackets for Wall Shade, Lamps, Shelves, &c. Do. Do. - Railways and Balusters. Do. Do. - Bedsteads with and without Posts. Hinges and Bolts for large Gates and Doors. Castors for Beds, or for Tables or Boxes. Pestles and Mortars of large and small sizes, and many other Castings of the like description too numerous to mention.

Order or Letters of enquiry addressed to their Agents: - Messrs. BAINBRIDGE & Co., Madras. TULLOCH & Co., Calcutta. REMINGTON & Co., Bombay, or to the Managing Director at Porto Novo, shall be immediately attended to.

L. E. CHRISTOPHER begs to inform the Ladies of Hongkong that he has just received by the "Braganza" a splendid assortment of ladies French Silk and Gauze dresses, Barege cachemire, Glacé broché, Barege satin, Labrador, Veloudise fleurie, and other robes; Ladies plaid Silk shawls and Scarfs, Cravates gousfrées, and Mille raies, of the latest style, which he offers with confidence as being the newest and most distinguished lot of goods that has yet been received in Hongkong. Also gentlemen's Black Silk and Satin Cravats and Waistcoatings of superior quality.

NOTICE. WE the undersigned have formed a Partnership for the transaction of a General Agency, Auction and Commission business at Victoria Hong Kong, under the Firm of DRINKER & HEYL. S. DRINKER. Wm. S. HEYL. Victoria, March 2nd 1846.

GOLD PENS. JUST Received, and for sale, a few superior Gold Pens, in Silver Cases. ALSO. An Invoice of Stationery, consisting of Plain and Ruled Letter Paper, Plain and Ruled Foolscap, Account Current, Account Sales, Office, Envelope, and Blotting Paper, Quills Lead Pencils, Parallel Rulers, Office Inkstands, &c. &c. W. S. HEYL. Victoria, 16th February, 1846.

NOTICE. Wm. S. HEYL, offers for sale, at his Stores, superior Port, Sherry, Madeira, and Claret Wines, Peppermint, and Cherry Cordials, Beer and Porter in wood and bottles, Wine Esters, Choice Butter in Kegs, Neats Tongues, Tobacco, Cigars, Oil No. 1 and 4 Manila Cheroots, Paint Oil, and Turpentine in cans, Bright Varnish, Ravens Duck, &c. &c. Victoria, 16th February, 1846.

BOOTS! BOOTS! BOOTS!!!

THE Subscriber has just received and offers for Sale, a large assortment of highly finished Dress and Waterproof Boots, Half Boots, Shoes and Gaiter Boots. Wm. S. HEYL. Victoria, 16th February, 1846.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

ON THURSDAY, the 19th March, 1846, JNO. SMITH will sell by Public Auction, in the Premises facing the Philharmonic Society, a new and complete Printing Establishment, (in one or separate lots,) consisting of Stanhope and German Presses; founts of Bourgeois; Long-Primer, and Pica; Greek, Hebrew & Chineses Types, Title-Letters; Frames, Cases, Imposing Stone, Composing-Sticks, Chases, Galleys; Printing Ink; MillBoards, &c. A complete set of Long Primer Matrix; and an other forming a collection of above four thousand Chinese Letters, suitable to cast Types for any Work in the Chinese Language; a quantity of Type-Metal, and a lot of Superior Printing Paper. At the same time will be put up for sale all the Household Furniture, Glass and Crockery-Ware, French, German, and English Books, a patent Barometer, Dyguerrottype (complete) gilt and bronzed Frames for ditto; two Milch Cows, three ditto Goats, and other effects, the whole belonging to J. M. CALLERY, Esq. Chinese Secretary to the French Legation, leaving China. Full particulars of the sale will be published in Handbills.

NOTICE. THE undersigned begs to inform parties indebted to him, to pay the same as early as possible; claims on those residing in China, not paid, or arrangements made to do so, up to the end of next May, and those in Europe, &c., up to the end of next August, (after giving due notice in the Newspapers of Names and particulars); will be put up for sale by Public Auction, and sold off to the highest bidders.

Those who have established on the East Coast of China, or elsewhere, or have left China, since 1839, are requested to send their address, and their accounts will be forwarded to them without delay. JNO. SMITH. Macao, 18th February, 1846.

FOR SALE. A Dark colored Chesnut Pony; will suit either a Lady or Gentleman, and goes well in Harness. For terms apply to C. MARKWICK. Pottinger Street Victoria, 3d March 1846.

FOR SALE. A few Deal Panel Doors. 6 feet 6 1/2 inches, High. 2 " 10 " Wide. Apply to C. MARKWICK, Auctioneer. Pottinger Street. Victoria, 3d March 1846.

JUST IMPORTED, AND For Sale by C. MARKWICK, Auctioneer. A few Hoggheads of Abbotta's Pale Ale. Victoria, February 4th, 1846.

FOR SALE. BY the undersigned a few Bars of superior English Paint Oil. C. MARKWICK, Auctioneer. Pottinger Street, Victoria, 10th November, 1845.

FOR SALE. A few Hoggheads Superior Dark Colored Brandy. Also, Dark and Pale Colored Cognac in bottles, of first quality. MCKEWEN & Co. Queen's Road Victoria, 20th July, 1846.

McEWEN & Co.
GENERAL Commission and Shipping Agents
 Wine Beer and Spirit Merchants.
 And Auctioneers Queen's Road & Chinams Hong.
 Supply Ships, Families and foreign residents at
 the consular ports, with all descriptions of Stores,
 Salt provisions, Wine, Beer and Spirits upon moderate terms.
 Also dry and convenient storage for goods.
 Victoria, 1st January, 1846.

LINGUISTS REPORTS and NAVY BILLS for sale
 at this Office.
 Office Friend of China, 29th Dec., 1844.

FOR SALE.—At the office of this paper.
 Compradores cheque books.
 Ships Articles, with an abstract of the merchant
 seaman's act endorsed on the back.
 Charterparties, after forms by Chitty.
 Powers of Attorney, after forms by Chitty.
 Bills of Lading.
 Chinese Tariff of imports, and exports, for
 counting houses.

SHIPPING ARTICLES, according to the re-
 cent act (Victoria 7 & 8) for sale at this
 office.
 Office "Friend of China."
 Victoria, 10th October, 1845.

BILLS OF LADING FOR THE OVERLAND
ROUTE.

FOR sale at this office, four forms of bills of lad-
ing for goods or specie shipped by the P. & O.
Company's Steam packets. 1st for goods deliver-
able at London; 2nd for goods deliverable at
Southampton; 3rd for goods deliverable at Suez;
4th for goods deliverable at intermediate ports.
 They are printed after the Company's forms on
 Bank post.
 Office "Friend of China."
 25th October, 1845.

From the Calcutta Star, January 24.

The Sikh Chieftain, Sirdar Lehna Sing
 Majheeta, was this morning arrested at his resi-
 dence at Belgatchee, by the orders of Government.
 The reason of this measure is understood to be,
 that the Governor-General holds Lehna Sing re-
 sponsible for the acts of Sirdar Runjore Sing, his
 brother, agent, and the manager of his Estates.
 And it is well known that this Chief, Runjore Sing,
 is the leader of the Sikh force, which has been
 for some time past threatening the post of Loodiana,
 and which lately plundered the vilages in the
 neighbourhood of that place, and burned down two
 bungalows and some other buildings in the Military
 lines of the station.

The Delhi Gazette of the 17th Instant, says.—
 "The Gazette Extraordinary giving publicity to
 the Government Notification of the 25th Decem-
 ber, was published in Calcutta, some time after the
 Delhi Gazette containing the same had reached the
 Metropolis, a fact which our contemporaries are,
 not at all anxious to put forward. We should have
 thought they would have taken a pleasure in ac-
 knowledging their obligations to us for such early
 information. They were all of them ready to thank
 Sir H. Maddock for the considerate promptitude
 with which he furnished a short account of the bat-
 tles, but not one has acknowledged that the Extra
 of the Delhi Gazette of the 28th ultimo furnished
 them with even earlier intelligence, and quite as
 authentic."

Let us see, as regards the Calcutta Star, the jus-
 tice of our cotemporary's complaint. And first
 with reference to the Governor-General's Notifica-
 tion of Dec. 25th. On the 6th Inst. we received
 from a private source an account of the Battles at
 Ferozshahr on the 21st and 22d Dec., which we
 published in an Extra with a partial report of the
 killed and wounded, but giving no fewer than 64
 names. As that Extra was going to Press we re-
 ceived the Delhi Gazette of the 31st, with the Notifi-
 cation of the 25th, and we stopped the Press to in-
 clude it, at the risk of being anticipated with the
 more interesting news. So much for our not being
 anxious to put it forward.

Secondly, it is said that none of the papers ac-
 knowledged that the Delhi Gazette Extra of the
 28th Dec. furnished earlier intelligence of the bat-
 tles than the official communication made to the
 Press. We turn to our Extra of the 31st instant
 and find it commenced thus "We had just read
 the Delhi Gazette Extra, which will be found below,
 when we received the following official document."
 On the 5th Inst. we published as an Extra, the
 Delhi Gazette Extra of the Dec. 30. "Further
 News from Camp." Under the above circum-
 stances we apprehend our cotemporary will admit
 that, to us at least, he has been unjust. It is per-
 fectly true that we did not indite a paragraph for
 the express purpose of mentioning that the Delhi
 Extra of the 28th had anticipated the Government
 announcement, but in acknowledging the letter we
 stated the fact. We do not think we have been
 slow in doing justice to the Delhi Gazette's exertions
 on this or former occasions, and we have simply
 to ask that he will do us a little more justice for
 the future. We now subjoin a goodly extract from
 his columns, and other departments of our paper
 borrow largely from his issue of the 17th Inst.

"We have nothing of any very great importance
 to communicate to-day, from the scene of interest,
 except a confirmation, from a very well informed
 source, of what we stated in our Extra of the 15th
 ultimo, (and which was then given on such com-
 petent authority that we had no hesitation in making
 it public,) to the effect that the annexation of the
 Punjab had been, even then to all appearance, finally
 determined on. The appointments for a dis-
 tinct Agency at Lahore are even said to be on the
 eve of publication, but this must be a premature an-
 nouncement, as to time at least, as Sir Henry Har-
 dinge would, we apprehend, not think of making
 such appointments public until the result of our
 operations across the Sutlej shall have placed the
 country actually at his disposal, leaving the sub-
 jugation of the minor dependencies to be carried out
 as a consequence of the victories we may look for-
 ward to, under the very walls of Lahore, for there
 we apprehend the last great struggle will be decided.
 If we are not misled by present appearances, we

should say that no opposition will be offered to our
 crossing the Sutlej, that little or none will impede
 our progress between its right banks and the capi-
 tal, but that the Sikhs will there be found deter-
 mined to stake their all on the issue of a great battle,
 which will consist on their part in the obstinate de-
 fence of such positions as they will have selected,
 and on ours in the carrying of such positions, either
 by the more tedious but more certain operations of
 a siege, or the less tardy but more bloody process
 of a series of storms in which great loss, but ulti-
 mate success, are to be anticipated. We have
 stated above that no opposition is to be looked for to
 our crossing, but as experience "makes fools wise,"
 we would strongly recommend the exact place at
 which the bridge of boats is to be thrown over to be
 kept secret to the latest possible moment, as there is
 some probability, were it prematurely divulged, of
 what would become "the tete de point" on the Pun-
 jah side being undermined in the same manner as
 was the front of the enemy's lines on the occasion
 of the late battles, and being fired when our troops
 are crossing by which great confusion and much
 loss would be entailed. We throw out this hint with
 diffidence, but it may not be unacceptable. It is fur-
 ther understood that in the arrangements which
 will follow our "entree" into the enemy's territories,
 the whole of the Political duties, connected with the
 districts this side the Sutlej, will be entrusted to
 Major Mackeson, while Major Broadfoot's succe-
 ssor will have an entirely new field on the other side.
 —It is generally believed, and the belief is confirm-
 ed by the tenor of our late Lahore letters, that dis-
 affection is spreading in the Sikh encampment, and
 that many soldiers have deserted, but these must,
 we apprehend, be merely Hindoostani Nujees
 and Cavalry. The Sikhs proper will be found of
 enduring material.

The usual rumour prevailed at Loodheeanah on
 the morning of the 11th, that the Sikhs would cer-
 tainly cross that day and attack the place, espe-
 cially as it was believed that the Army at Phaloor
 had been re-inforced, though one of our informants
 thinks they spread out their tents in order to in-
 duce a belief of the kind. They had been consid-
 erably frightened by the reconnaissance mention-
 ed by our Native Correspondent made down to the
 river banks, on the occasion of which the Officers
 with the party kept moving the Pateela horse-
 men about, in order to make the Sikhs believe they
 were a much larger body of men than they actually
 were. The party of Officers who left Loodheeanah
 on the 11th, were on their departure, warned of
 the danger they ran, but we have reason to believe
 they reached Bussean in safety, hearing as they
 went occasional firing, which they at first thought
 might proceed from some hostile parties, but it
 turned out to be salutes exchanged at small forts
 amongst the chiefs of the neighbourhood.

The intelligence received this morning is to the
 effect, that the arrangements for crossing the Sutlej
 are so far complete that orders will shortly be is-
 sued for dividing the army into three unequal di-
 visions, the first and largest at Ferozshahr, the
 second at Hurreeke, and the third at Loodheeanah,
 at which several points the passage is to be effected.
 The Divisions now between Ferozshahr and Hur-
 reeke, were each to advance on the 12th or 13th
 some three or four miles with the view of chang-
 ing ground, a measure of precaution against such
 diseases as might arise from the filthiness of a long
 standing camp. We have heard but mention the
 matter as a rumour, which is very probably cor-
 rect, that a Sikh had been caught at Ferozshahr
 in the act of attempting to fire our Magazine. We
 are also informed that orders have been issued for
 the raising of a 14th corps of Irregulars at Saharan-
 poor, of which Captain Fisher, of the 3d Dragoons,
 is to have the command, with Lieutenant Pattin-
 son, of H. M.'s 16th Lancers, as his second. The
 last item communicated to us will be one of con-
 siderable disappointment, viz., that the official des-
 patches of the late actions have been sent to Cal-
 cutta for publication. We really think, consider-
 ing the great anxiety naturally felt in all quarters
 of India, and there are now none where the Delhi
 Gazette is not read, that it would have appeared
 much more considerable to have published the
 documents whence they would, undoubtedly, have
 had the most rapid and extensive circulation. We
 shall, however, suspend our further opinion until
 we see why this course has been adopted. It is
 possible that a printed copy may issue from the
 Commander-in-chief's Office in which case the des-
 patches may be expected to-morrow or Monday
 and if so, they shall have our earliest attention.
 In the mean time, we are able to publish an authori-
 tative and most interesting return, by which it will
 be seen that the loss is, as already mentioned by us,
 a former number, not near so great as was at first
 represented, at least in regard to the European
 subordinate ranks. The return is a most impor-
 tant one at the present moment, and curious in
 many respects, and we have to acknowledge the
 communication with our best thanks.—

A Return of the Non-Commissioned Officers
Rank and File, of the European Troops,
who have been Killed, Wounded and
will require to be sent home.

REGIMENT.	Wounded.	To be sent home.	Total.
Artillery . . .	103	13	116
3d Dragoons . . .	117*	6	123
9th Foot . . .	245	34	279
23rd Foot . . .	116	30	146
31st Foot . . .	221	80	301
50th Foot . . .	183	40	223
52d Foot . . .	161	40	201
59th Foot . . .	73	15	88
1st Europeans . . .	151	16	167
Total,	1,371	270	1,641

It appears that arrangements are being made to
 fill up the Commissariat appointments with the
 Army of the Sutlej, one has already been made
 known to us, that of Captain W. C. Hollings, of
 the 4th Regiment Native Infantry, nominated to
 the Artillery Division.

The Loss in arms and horse appointments in 3d
 Dragoons has been so great, that the survivors have

* This is a remarkable error. The numbers of Killed
 and Wounded being nearly equal, and the wounds being
 most all slight.
 † No. of Europeans, Rec 117, wounded 88. This is quite
 the contrary, as in the Artillery portion, Names are included.

had to be furnished with swords and saddles from
 the Native Cavalry Corps with the Army."

Military Intelligence.—The preparations for put-
 ting the Fort of Loodheeanah into an efficient state of
 defence, are progressing rapidly under the super-
 intendance of Colonel Godby and of Lieutenant
 Lake, of the Engineers, who has succeeded Capt.
 Mills in the Political charge of that part of the
 country, and we understand, there is very little
 doubt, that it will be able to stand any force which
 the Sikhs might bring against it.

A party of Officers quitted Loodheeanah on the
 10th, to proceed to Ferozshahr, taking the
 road by Bussean, called the lower road, and ex-
 pected to reach their destination without much
 trouble, as the country was settling quietly down.

At Umballah, one of the barracks of H. M. 31st
 Foot, was burnt down on the morning of the 13th;
 the fire is said to have originated in one of the
 women's berths, in consequence of a lamp being left
 near some bamboo frames work, which took fire
 and communicated to the roof before it could be
 extinguished. The woman was put into custody,
 and a court of inquiry has been ordered to investi-
 gate and report upon the matter. The advantage
 of building these barracks "en echelon," was ma-
 nifest on this occasion, as the fire would otherwise
 probably have extended to the remaining barracks.
 Orders have been received at Umballah to complete
 the range of stabling for the Dragoons.

Major Burney's Detachment of the 29th Light
 Infantry with stores, will be at Bussean on the 19th.
 The 1st Cavalry, 30th Native Infantry, 2d and 3d
 Troops of the 2d Brigade, and 2d Troop 1st Bri-
 gade, are at that post. The 1st Cavalry reached
 Bussean on the morning of the 10th, and the 30th
 had retrograded from Moodkee on the 9th.

The left Wing of the 6th Bengal Infantry reach-
 ed Kurnaul with the ammunition on the 14th. They
 got on remarkably well, considering they had charge
 of a convoy consisting of seven lakhs of percussion
 caps, and six lakhs of musquetry ammunition from
 Cawnpore, in addition to what they took on from
 Delhi, altogether 560 Camel loads and 225 Hack-
 erry loads, some of the latter of 6, most with 4,
 and some few with three bullocks.

The whole of the 6th Regiment were to move
 from Kurnaul, direct to Ferozshahr by the centre
 route, yesterday morning, with 11 lakhs of treas-
 ure, and the small arm and Light Artillery am-
 munition which went from this under charge of
 one wing of the Regiment as above detailed.

It is now understood, that the siege train, instead
 of proceeding to Umballah, will proceed from Kur-
 naul, direct towards Ferozshahr. At Bussean its
 ultimate destination will be communicated.

The Light Field Battery, commanded by Capt.
 Alfred Huish, may be expected in Delhi from
 Meerut on Monday morning, to relieve the De-
 tachment now here.

The Right Wing and Head Quarters of the 7th
 Bengal Infantry, left Delhi on Thursday morning
 in charge of a further large supply of ammunition
 for the use of the "Army of Sutlej," and will push
 on with all practicable despatch.

The 9th Light Cavalry marched into Delhi yes-
 terday morning, and encamped outside the Lahore
 gate. They left again this morning.

Six mortars, a supply of which we are surprised
 to hear did not go along with the siege train, leave
 Delhi in a day or two, and will most likely go un-
 der escort of the 9th Infantry expected on the 19th.

The Agra Medical Depot, with the establish-
 ment, Storekeeper and all have been ordered to
 proceed to Head Quarters by dak. Heavy pack-
 ages of Medical stores have been going daily
 through Delhi, by dak, for some time past.

It is now said that the 56th Regiment will be
 the first Regiment to leave Agra.

A portion of the Agra Police Battalion have
 been put on duty in several parts of the station
 formerly allotted to the line.

The following is a correct list of the Officers of
 the Gwalior Contingent, who have directed to join
 the Army of the Sutlej:—Major Graves, 16th Gren-
 adiers; Major Young 2d Grenadiers; Captain
 Blake, 59th N. I.; Capt. W. Erskine, 73d N. I.;
 Capt. Macpherson, 53d N. I.; Lieutenant Hook,
 73d N. I.; Lieut. Carter, 54th N. I.; Lieutenant
 A. Cunningham, Engineers; Lieut. Cureton, 36th
 Light Infantry; Drs Crozier, More, Loch and
 Binton.

The 71st Regiment Bengal Infantry reached
 Benares, on the 8th, and were to start again for
 their destination on the 12th.

The 23d Regiment left Benares, en route for
 Lucknow, on the morning of the 10th. They would
 most likely, be at Sultanpore, Oudh, on the 17th
 or 19th, and at the Capital about the 30th instant.

Captain Henry Hollings, 63rd Native Infantry,
 has been selected to succeed Captain Kaye, 2nd
 Grenadiers, permitted to join his Regiment as As-
 sistant Adjutant General of the Dinapore Division.

Colonel Graham, Principal Commissary of Ord-
 nance, is probably on his way to the Upper Pro-
 vinces, having been directed to quit the Metropolis
 with all possible despatch.

The Right Wing of Her Majesty's 86th were
 embarked at Kotree for Sukkur, on the morning
 of the 8th, the left Wing to march up the left bank
 of the Indus from Hyderabad to Sukkur.

Her Majesty's 14th Light Dragoons expected
 to reach Mhow on the 21st instant.—Delhi Ga-
 zette, Jan. 17.

Shall we out with it? Is that which was not to
 be heard in Askoon nor told in Gath to be un-
 disguisedly mentioned; The concealment of facts
 so long persevered in by the authorities is produc-
 ing not good but evil, and influential natives of the
 country are busy propagating doubts of the truth
 of what is known. They do not, or they will not,
 believe that the Sikhs have been beaten, and when
 the notifications and orders are referred to, they
 ask in return, whether confessedly, in relation to
 important matters, we have not been mystified by our
 Government? True; we have; but whilst not a
 doubt can remain in any sound or impartial mind
 of the fact that a victory most glorious to our arms
 was won at Moodkee and Ferozshahr, the conceal-
 ment of any thing, gives occasion for such misin-
 terpretation that the sooner every thing is known

the better. The true amount of Force that we
 took into action was Sixteen thousand; the true
 amount of the splendid army which that force beat
 was Sixty Thousand! Now here, about one to four
 we drove them from the field. The Proclamation
 which announced the splendid achievement modestly
 forebore allusion to the disparity in numbers
 but gave accurately the force of the enemy. What
 possible evil could have resulted from giving be-
 tween that time and this, an enumeration of the
 Regiments engaged in a struggle of more impor-
 tance to our Eastern Empire than any other that
 has ever occurred? Again, though our light Field
 pieces were mere toys compared with the heavy
 artillery of the Sikhs, we lost none excepting those
 be so accounted which they smashed;—but they
 took none. On the other hand we took according
 to the Proclamation upwards of 90 pieces of Can-
 non,—the true number in our possession being 9,—
 —and the enemy confess to have lost one hundred
 and five. What again; can there be in relation to
 these facts, that the Government may not fearlessly
 explain? Of our force, 3,000 dropped in the three
 engagements, but the killed and wounded of the
 enemy, as they honestly admit, amounted to the
 immense number of ten thousand! Once more, why
 may not truth be exhibited in all its circumstances
 and proportions when we can stand such a com-
 parison as this? True, terribly true, there was a
 most awful sacrifice of human life; but waving the
 question as to the justifiableness of war, never was
 there a war engaged in by the British which could
 be better justified than this;—the very spot where
 the bones of the slain lie, tells of the honorable
 struggle of the injured on the one part and of the
 punishment which befel the aggressors on the other.
 But great as the disproportion is, our loss was too
 severe;—and it is to conceal the cause, that the
 displeasure of the authorities is threatened, should
 any one be too communicative with respect to the
 details of the engagement. Yet there was nothing
 that could for a moment bring into question the
 heroic bravery of the Governor-General and the
 Commander-in-Chief, nor, with the exception of
 the failure in our first attacks at Ferozshahr, where
 under the circumstances success was at the time
 impossible, was there any thing which could cast
 reflection on the conduct of the Troops,—even the
 discredit of temporary discomfiture, soon vanished
 in the glory of the brilliant achievement by which
 they made themselves masters of the field. What
 then remains, that in the judgment of the authori-
 ties should be suppressed? The fact that complete
 accounts have not been published,—that letters from
 the scene of action exhibit a suspicious hiatus,—
 and that the authorities are known to have dis-
 couraged too great explicitness, must do harm.—
 With this conviction and in justice to the Troops
 we mention that a great part of our loss, and all
 the danger with which the stability of our rule in
 India was threatened, arose from ignorance in the
 Intelligence Department. We did not know the
 nature of the soil and so guns were lost—we did not
 know the position of the enemy in the dark, and
 so our Troops fired into each other,—and worst of
 all, we did not know that the enemy were entrenched!
 Here is the secret of the men having been
 staggered. The defences of the Sikhs were in
 part masked by throwing their men forward, till
 our Troops closed up when they retired, and under
 such cover as gave us no chance of making an
 impression unprepared as we were for the ambu-
 cade, they opened up a fire which it is wonderful
 did not annihilate that part of the Force exposed
 to it. This will we hope, vindicate the conduct of
 our Soldiery, and when authenticated by a full dis-
 closure from Government—will show how need-
 lessly mistrust has been engendered at a critical
 period by present concealment. Now we are most
 certainly safe. Our means of intelligence has been
 rendered complete,—the largest Force that ever
 took the Field in India is now on our Frontier,—
 Agents from our recruiting officers are negotiating
 to draw off some of the hostile chiefs—and the en-
 emy, alarmed at our preparation, have broken up
 their new entrenchment, retired to the more im-
 portant posts in their own country, with no better
 hope than to procrastinate their fall from Indepen-
 dence. Our letters mention that there is no inton-
 tion of an advance for nearly a month,—not then,
 the consummation—Agra Uthbar, January 17.

Movement of Troops.—Under our Military head
 will be seen an intimation of divers movements of
 troop, from which it will appear that the defective
 strength of the Bombay Army is to be supplied
 from Madras; that one of the regiments of the be-
 nighted land to the South-east moves from Bellary
 to Dharwar, two from other stations groping their
 way to Poonah. To this state of disorganization
 has the conquest of Scinde reduced us the moment
 an emergency is experienced in the north. Since
 our last no fewer than three steamers have left the
 Presidency for Scinde, with men or munitions of
 war, and a strong force is mustering in the north
 to protect the upper frontier of Young Egypt, or
 be in readiness to co-operate with the Grand Army
 under the Governor-General so soon as in shall
 have pushed its way fairly into the Punjab. We
 know no leader, under the circumstances, fitter
 to create alarm amongst his enemies than the Gov-
 ernor of Scinde. Sir Charles Napier is the very
 last man we should consult as to measures of peace
 or war, or the policy to be pursued in case of an
 invasion; but he certainly is one of the best that
 could be appointed where conflict has become indis-
 pensable, and where operations were to be entered
 on immediately; and against a terror stricken enemy
 we know no one we would prefer to him who has
 earned for himself the designation of the "brother
 of the evil one," from the marvellous disproportion
 betwixt the damage he has occasioned his oppo-
 nents, and the means he has employed in bring-
 ing it about in such a case as the present. Sir C.
 Napier with ten thousand men at his back, in the
 neighbourhood of the scenes of his past exploits, is
 worth most officers with three times the number.—
 Bombay Times, Jan. 18.

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