# LUNATIC ASYLUM RETURN.

## QUESTION I .- (STATISTICAL.)

## GENERAL STATISTICAL TABLE.

	Number Daily		Number of Attendants.  Resident. Non-Resident.			Discharged.		Number	Average stay (days) of those				
Treated.	admitted during 1917.	nverage number during 1917.	Employed in attendance on the	Employed as servants	Employed in attendance on the patients.	Employed as servants or only partially as attendants.	Cured.	Relieved.	Not improved.	of patients who died in 1917.	Died in 1917.	Discharged.	Remaining at end of 1917.
Males	144	10-4	9	4			10	95	30	9	62.8	23.6	212-7
Females	70	7:2	4		•		2	47	20	1	11.0	18.2	242-2
TOTAL	214	17:6	13	• 4			12	142	50	10	57:7	20.1	223:2

## OBITUARY TABLE.

Number of deceased on register.	Age of deceased,	Sex of deceased,	Bodily con- dition when admitted.	Form of mental disorder.	Date of admission.	Cause of death.	State whether a Coroner's inquest was held, and what was the verdict.	State whether a post mortem examination was held.
2	47	Male.	Thin.	Dementia.	14-1-1905	Dementia.	No.	No.
s	42	•	Good.	Mania.	14-4-1916	Mania.	. ,,	.,
87	34	.,	Thin.	Mania.	17-5-1917	Mania.	.,	,,
99	. 55		Good	Dementia,	4-6-1917	Dementia.	**	
109	40	,,	Thin.	Oplum     Poison.	19-6-1917	Opium / Poison,		. 11
105	30	.,	Good.	Mania.	12-9-1917	Dysentery.	,,	**
167	54	••	Good.	Melancholia.	13-9-1917	Anetic	.,	
181	16	Female.	Bnd.	Mania.	18-10-1917	Mania.	,,	,,
198	92	Male.	Thin.	Dementia	18-11-1917	Senility.	,	,,
200	67		Good,	Alcoholism.	22-11-1917	Alcoholism.	.,	

## SPACE AND ACCOMMODATION TABLE.

Description of rooms,	The Number of such	The gross	The gross superficial area of all	The average amount of cubic space	A verage temperature.	The amount of	
	rooms.	of all such rooms.		available for each patient.	Winter. Summer.	window space.	
Dormitories	None.	•••••	*****		)		
Day rooms and corridors used as day rooms	Six.	44,459	3,456	1,852-46	Not recorded.	641	
Single rooms	Twenty-four.	26,613	2,183	1,108-87	}	287	

## Questions.

What is the source of the water supply; the quality of the water; and the amount of water available for each patient every day?

What is the number of—(I.) lavatories?

(II.) baths?

(III.) latrines?

What is the system of sewerage?

Answers.

Rain water from the public reservoirs; good; practically unlimited.

Four.

Four.

None.

Water-closets of the wash-out type provided with waste-preventing cisterns are used.

## QUESTION II .- (MANAGEMENT.)

## RESTRAINT.

Restraint.	Seclusion under lock and key.	Restraint by attendants.	Mechanical restraint.
The number of times resorted to			Five.
The greatest duration of, in	•••••		Five.
any single instance	•••••		5 hours.

Questions.

In reference to the above table, state :-

I. By whose authority patients are restrained.

II. What kinds of mechanical restraint are in use.

III. Whether any, and, if any, how many, cases of eruelty by attendants to patients have been brought to the notice of the proper authority, and what was the result in each case.

IV. What was the number of cases of injury to patients-(I.) By themselves?

(II.) By other Patients?

(III.) By Attendants?

Answers.

Medical Officer.

Strait Jacket.

Nil.

None.

Two.

None.

#### OCCUPATION.

Questions.

Answers.

State the extent of-

(I.) The airing court ..... (II.) and other grounds ...... ACRES. P. R.

0 Belonging to the Asylum.

Are the patients, as a rule, given daily exercise,

their health permitting?

Yes

Are they confined to airing courts, or allowed to walk in other grounds, and sent beyond the Asylum?

Are any means taken to amuse the patients or to induce them to amuse themselves? Detail them.

How many religious services were held in 1917?

What was the average attendance?

In what building, and how many could it contain?

Confined to Airing Courts.

They are supplied with books and games.

None.

#### Giving the daily average number of patients who were employed in 1916.

	Specifying the character of the employment.					
Distinguishing the sexes.	Agriculture and gardening.	Trade.	Household work, drawing water, &c.			
Male		None. None.	None. None.			

I. What quantity of water is available for each patient every day?

What is the source of the water supply?

What is the quality of the water?

- II. Detail the arrangements as to baths and lavatories,
- III. What is the system of sewerage; and what the condition of the privies?

Practically unlimited constant supply from public

Rain water from the public reservoirs.

Good.

A Bathroom and lavatory is attached to each landing, one for European females, one for European males. one for Asiatic females and one for Asiatic males.

Water-closets of the wash-out type provided with waste-preventing cisterns are used.

#### QUESTION III.

Give the number of visits of inspection paid to the hospital during the year	1917.	8
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Specifying the character	And stating the official position of the visitors.						
of the visit in respect to notice.	By the Governor or Colonial Secretary.	By a Government Inspector or Justice of the Peace.	By a Committee of the Governing Body.				
By Appointment,	None. None.	None. Twenty-four.					

I. In reference to the above table, state whether or not the register books were produced on every occasion; and, if not, on how many occasions they were not so produced.

Register books produced on each occasion.

II. And if on any occasion when they were examined, they were found not to be properly made up to date of examination.

Found made up to date.

III. State also how many reports of the following kinds have come under the notice of the Governor:—

- (a) Reports of a financial and statistical kind especially such as show the system on which money and store accounts are kept and audited.
- (b) Reports by persons charged with the immediate management of the hospital.
- (c) Reports by a Government Inspector, independent of the Governing Anthority of the Hospital.

None.

Annual Report of Medical Officer.

None.

(Append copies of his reports, if any.)

QUESTION III.—(DIET.)

Append the Dietary Table.

### EUROPEAN.

### Full Diet.

Breakfast .- 7,30. a.m.

## Dinner 1 p.m.

Supper 5 p.m.

f Bread,			
or Wise			
Butter, Fr	esh (Au	stralia	1) 1/2 "
SEggs,	Fowls'	(or	Fish,
Cleaned			
J Milk, C			
( Co.'s), .			
Sugar, Cu			
Tea, (Cey	lon),	•••••	<b>‡</b> "

Bread,	on Chop, alternately,8 oz White (Ruttonjee's or Wiseman's)4 ,
Potatoes	s,
	Rurley Poorl
Sonp,	Beef or Mutton alternately,4, Vegetables, Fresh,
17.	Vegetables, Fresh,
Vegetal	oles, Fresh,

Br	end, Wi Wisema	nite (	Ruttor	ijee
Butte	er, Fresh	(Aus	tralian	1 }
Co	ilk. Cow o.'s),	rs' (1	)airy 21	Far I. o
Suga	r, Cube, (Ceylon		1	12
rea,	(Ceyton	),		"

#### Low Diet.

Bread, White (Ruttonjee's	
or Wiseman's),4	oz.
Butter, Fresh (Australian),	,,
Milk, Cows' (Dairy Farm,	
Co.'e),	
Sugar, Cube,1	??
Tea, (Ceylon),	12

Beef-ten (Beef 1	1b), j pint
Bread, (White	Ruttoniee's or
Wiseman's)	4 oz.

Bread, White (Ruttoujec's	
or Wiseman's),4	oz.
Butter, Fresh (Australian),	,,
Milk, Cows' (Dairy Farm Co.'s),	
Sugar, Cube,1	**
Tea (Caylon) 1	"

## QUESTION III, (DIET.)-Continued.

## INDIAN.

## Full Diet.

Full	Diet.						
Breakfast.—7.30. a.m.		S	upper 4 p	v.m.			
Dhall,	Curry Stuff, Flour, (India Ghee,	e, n),			et.		
Low	Diet.						
Congee, (2 oz. Rice to 1 pint),	Congee, (2 o	z. Rice to	1 pint),	1 pin	oz. ut. oz.		
CHIN	ESE.			2			
D. II							
	Diet.						
Breakfast.—7.30 a.m.			oper4 p				
Fish, Fresh (or 1 Salt Egg, alternately),       2 oz.       Egg, Salt,       1         Pork, Fresh (with 1 Salt Egg, or 3 Water Chestnuts alternately),       2 ,       Fish, Fresh (or 2 oz. Pork with 4 oz. Acidulated Vegetables alternately),       2 oz.         Rice,       12 ,       Oil, Ground Nut,       1 ,         Tea, (Chinese),       4 ,       Vegetables, Fresh,       4 ,         Vegetables, Fresh,       4 ,       Vegetables, Fresh,       4 ,							
. Low	Diet.						
Congee, (2 oz. Rice to 1 pint),       1 pint.       Congee, (2 oz. Rice to 1 pint),       1 pint.         Fish, Fresh (or 1 Salt Egg, alternately),       2 oz.       Rice,       4 oz         Rice,       4 ,       Sago,       2 ,         Tea, (Chinese),       1 ,       Sugar, White Crystallized,       1 ,							
QUESTION IV	INSPECTION	N.)					
Divide the patients in the Asylum into the following	Classes:—						
(		Males.	Females.				
w.							
(I.) Maniacal and Dangerous		19	7				
(II.) Quiet Chronic		30	17				
(III.) Melancholy and Suicidal		. 5	ō				
(IV.) Idiotic, Paralytic, Epileptic		3	7				
Not Certified		<b>87</b>	34				
	150				_		

## Give the number of visits of inspection paid to the Asylum in 1916.

		And Stating the Official Position of the Visitors.							
Distinguishing those visits in which all patients were seen and every part of the building visited from visits of partial inspection.		overnor or Secretary.	Visiting Justices.   By a Committee of ce		By an Inspector specially charged to as- certain the continued lunacy or otherwise of the patients.				
	. By Appoint- ment,	Of Surprise.	By Appoint- ment.	Of Surprise.	By Appoint- ment.	Of Surprise.	By Appoint- ment,	Of Surprise.	
. Complete Inspections	None.	None.	None.	24 None.	None,	None.	None.	None.	

#### QUESTION IV,-Continued.

State how many reports of the following kinds have come under the notice of the Governor:-

(I.) Financial and statistical (showing, amongst other things, on what system the money and store accounts are kept and audited).

None

(II.) Reports by the person or persons charged with the immediate management of the Asylum.

One annual report by the Medical Officer.

(III.) Reports by an Official Inspector, independent of the Governing Body of the Asylum.

None.

Fill up the following table of cases of each kind of disease treated in the hospital in the year. with the number of deaths from each such disease:—

Diseases Treated.	Number of Cases.	Number of Deaths.
Alcoholism,	21	1
Epilepsy,	5	
Imbecility,	3	
General Paralysis of the Insane,	<b>3</b> ,	
Mania,	43	4
Melaucholia,	11	1
Demeutia,	28	3
Under Observation,	100	1
		,

And fill up the next table of the cases of the following diseases occurring amongst patients and also amongst officers.

		Occurring amongst patients.			Occurring a	mongst office	ers.	
Name of disease.	Number	In case of patients attacked while in hospital state how long	of	Residen	t officers.	Non-resident officers.		
	of cases.	the person had been in hospital before his attack, and for what disease he was admitted.		Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	
Malaria,		1		1	1	1	).	
Plague,								
Cyphus,					1			
malf-pox,				Nil.   Nil.	Nil.   Nil.			
Scarlatina,		} <i>Nil.</i>						
Enteric (or Typhoid) Fever								
Erysipelas,			·					
yæmia,		j	·	J	j	J	زا	