

No. S. 233.—Statement of Sanitary Measures adopted against Hongkong.

| Place or Port.      | Nature of Measures.   | Date.              | Reference to Government Notification. |
|---------------------|---|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Philippine Islands. | All passengers from Hongkong to produce special certificate.  | 7th March, 1918.   | No. S. 49.                            |
| Chefoo.             | Quarantine imposed on all arrivals from Hongkong.   | 4th March, 1918.   | No. S. 56.                            |
| Saigon.             | All vessels arriving from Hongkong will be inspected. Persons suspected of infection will be isolated and in such event the vessel will be disinfected. If any cases of cerebro-spinal meningitis are discovered the vessel and all passengers to Indo-China will be put in quarantine for six days and disinfected. No restrictions as regards loading and disembarking cargo.   | 17th March, 1918.  | No. S. 63.                            |
| Canton.             | Masters of vessels from Hongkong to pay strict attention to Clause 26 of the Harbour Regulations.   | 13th March, 1918.  | No. S. 68.                            |
| Newchwang.          | All vessels arriving from Hongkong will be treated as Suspected Vessels.  | 27th May, 1919.    | No. S. 86.                            |
| Ningpo.             | Quarantine imposed on all arrivals from Hongkong.   | 11th April, 1918.  | No. S. 88.                            |
| Singapore.          | Hongkong declared an infected port on account of cerebro-spinal fever.  | 2nd April, 1918.   | No. S. 94.                            |
| Bengal.             | Hongkong declared an infected port on account of plague.  | 18th June, 1918.   | No. S. 140.                           |
| Rangoon.            | Do.   | 18th July, 1918.   | No. S. 175.                           |
| Singapore.          | Do.   | 19th July, 1918.   | No. S. 181.                           |
| Bengal.             | Regulations for the prevention of the introduction of plague by sea enforced in the ports of Orissa against vessels arriving from Hongkong.   | 24th June, 1918.   | No. S. 192.                           |
| Netherlands-India.  | Hongkong declared an infected port. Importation of the following articles from Hongkong or transshipped at this port is temporarily prohibited:—(1) wearing apparel, old and worn clothes, household effects for daily use, and used bedding, unless these goods are transported as personal luggage or in consequence of removal; (2) rags. (Refuse of new goods coming direct from the weaving-mills, from workshops where apparel is made or from bleaching-establishments, artificial wool, and cuttings of newspaper, are not considered as rags.)<br><br>Quarantine up to 21 days according to the state of health on board the ships but subject to exemption on production of certificates legalised by the Netherlands Consul-General at Hongkong. | 1st January, 1919. | No. S. 1.                             |
| Shanghai.           | Hongkong declared an infected port on account of plague.  | 6th May, 1919.     | No. S. 122.                           |
| Bangkok.            | Hongkong declared an infected port on account of plague. All ships leaving Hongkong after 16th May, 1919, to call at Koh Phra to be examined.   | 16th May, 1919.    | No. S. 133.                           |
| Tientsin.           | Hongkong declared an infected port on account of plague. All vessels arriving therefrom are to abide, and be governed, by the Sanitary Regulations for the ports of Tientsin and Chinwangtao.   | 24th May, 1919.    | No. S. 150.                           |
| Tsingtau.           | All ships arriving from Hongkong must fumigate before entering Tsingtau.  | 7th July, 1919.    | No. S. 183.                           |